# KINGWISOFT TECHNOLOGY GROUP COMPANY LIMITED 金慧科技集團股份有限公司

(formerly known as ZZ Technology Group Company Limited 前稱中植科技集團股份有限公司) (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability 於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號: 08295



### CHARACTERISTICS OF GEM OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED (THE "STOCK EXCHANGE")

GEM has been positioned as a market designed to accommodate small and mid-sized companies to which a higher investment risk may be attached than other companies listed on the Stock Exchange. Prospective investors should be aware of the potential risks of investing in such companies and should make the decision to invest only after due and careful consideration.

Given that the companies listed on GEM are generally small and mid-sized companies, there is a risk that securities traded on GEM may be more susceptible to high market volatility than securities traded on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange and no assurance is given that there will be a liquid market in the securities traded on GEM.

Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and the Stock Exchange take no responsibility for the contents of this report, make no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaim any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this report.

This report, for which the directors (the "Directors") of Kingwisoft Technology Group Company Limited 金慧科技集團股份有限公司 (the "Company") collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange (the "GEM Listing Rules") for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this report misleading.

### 香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」) GEM的特色

GEM的定位,乃為中小型公司提供一個上市的市場,此等公司相比起其他在聯交所上市的公司帶 有較高投資風險。有意投資者應了解投資於該等 公司的潛在風險,並應經過審慎周詳的考慮後方 作出投資決定。

由於GEM上市公司普遍為中小型公司,在GEM 買賣的證券可能會較於聯交所主板買賣之證券承 受較大的市場波動風險,同時無法保證在GEM買 賣的證券會有高流通量的市場。

香港交易及結算所有限公司及聯交所對本報告之 內容概不負責,對其準確性或完整性亦不發表任 何聲明,並明確表示概不就因本報告全部或任何 部分內容而產生或因倚賴該等內容而引致之任何 損失承擔任何責任。

本報告乃遵照聯交所GEM證券上市規則(「GEM上 市規則」)而刊載,旨在提供有關Kingwisoft Technology Group Company Limited 金慧科技集團 股份有限公司(「本公司」)的資料;本公司的董事 (「董事」)願就本報告共同及個別地承擔全部責任。 各董事在作出一切合理查詢後,確認就其所知及 所信,本報告所載資料在各重要方面均屬準確完 備,沒有誤導或欺詐成分,且並無遺漏任何事項, 足以令致本報告或其所載任何陳述產生誤導。

Should there be any discrepancy between the English and Chinese versions, the English version shall prevail, except for the details of business review and outlook under "Management Discussion and Analysis", for which the Chinese version shall prevail.

倘中英文版本出現岐義,除「管理層討論及分析」下業務回顧及 展望之詳情以中文版本為準外,概以英文版本為準。 KINGWISOFT TECHNOLOGY GROUP COMPANY LIMITED 金慧科技集團股份有限公司 2024/25 ANNUAL REPORT 年報

> Contents 目錄

- 2 Company Profile 公司簡介
- 3 Corporate Information 公司資料
- 6 Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析
- 17 Biographical Details of Directors 董事詳細履歷
- 23 Directors' Report 董事會報告
- 61 Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告
- 77 Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告
- 85 Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表
- 87 Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表
- 89 Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表
- 90 Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表
- 94 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註
- 219 Five Years' Financial Summary 五年財務概要



# Company Profile 公司簡介

Kingwisoft Technology Group Company Limited 金慧科技集團股份有限公司 (formerly known as ZZ Technology Group Company Limited 中植科技集團股份有限公司) (the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, collectively the "Group") (Stock Code: 08295) is an investment holding company with its headquarter based in Hong Kong. It was established in 2010 and is listed on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

The Group has acquired KingNine Holdings Limited ("KingNine") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "KingNine Group") on 15 October 2020 (the "Acquisition"), which constituted a very substantial acquisition and connected transaction of the Company under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange (the "GEM Listing Rules"). The KingNine Group's principal activities include the provision of the following services in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"):

- Back-office services (primarily provision of customer service solutions, and setting up of contact service systems and centres);
- (b) Comprehensive marketing and agency services; and
- (c) Data centre services.

Further information about the Group is available on the Company's website at www.kwtech-group.com.

Kingwisoft Technology Group Company Limited 金 慧科技集團股份有限公司(前稱 ZZ Technology Group Company Limited 中植科技集團股份有限公 司)(「本公司」,連同其附屬公司統稱「本集團」)(股 份代號:08295)為一家總部設於香港的投資控股 公司。其於2010年成立,並在香港聯合交易所有 限公司(「聯交所」)GEM上市。

本集團於2020年10月15日收購KingNine Holdings Limited(「KingNine」)及其附屬公司(統稱「KingNine 集團」)(「收購事項」),該收購事項根據聯交所 GEM證券上市規則(「GEM上市規則」)構成本公司 的非常重大收購事項及關連交易。KingNine集團 主要業務包括於中華人民共和國(「中國」)提供以 下服務:

- (a) 後台服務(主要提供客戶服務解決方案及建 立聯絡服務系統及中心);
- (b) 全面營銷及代理服務;及
- (c) 數據中心服務。
- 有關本集團的進一步資料請瀏覽本公司網站 www.kwtech-group.com。



# Corporate Information 公司資料

# DIRECTORS

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. QIU Xiaojian (*Chairman*) Mr. HU Shilong (*Chief Executive Officer*) Mr. LI Xiang Ms. ZHOU Fang Ms. LIU Xiaochen Mr. XU Gang Mr. WANG Rui

#### Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. ZENG Liang Mr. WANG Li Mr. YANG Hongjun Ms. LI Guiying

# **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Ms. LI Guiying (Chairman of Committee) Mr. YANG Hongjun Mr. ZENG Liang

### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. QIU Xiaojian (*Chairman of Committee*) Mr. YANG Hongjun Ms. LI Guiying

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. ZENG Liang (*Chairman of Committee*) Mr. QIU Xiaojian Mr. YANG Hongjun

#### **AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES**

Mr. LI Xiang Mr. TUNG Sze Ho Dicky

### 董事

### 執行董事

邱曉健先生(*主席)* 胡仕龍先生(*行政總裁)* 李響先生 周芳女士 劉小琛女士 徐剛先生 王睿先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

曾良先生 王力先生 楊洪軍先生 李桂英女士

# 審核委員會

李桂英女士(*委員會主席)* 楊洪軍先生 曾良先生

# 提名委員會

邱曉健先生*(委員會主席)* 楊洪軍先生 李桂英女士

# 薪酬委員會

曾良先生(*委員會主席)* 邱曉健先生 楊洪軍先生

# 授權代表

李響先生 董思浩先生



# Corporate Information 公司資料

# **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. TUNG Sze Ho Dicky

## **REGISTERED OFFICE**

P.O. Box 309 Ugland House Grand Cayman KY1–1104 Cayman Islands

### HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Unit 1608, Level 16 Tower 1, Grand Century Place 193 Prince Edward Road West Mongkok, Kowloon Hong Kong

### PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

MaplesFS Limited P.O. Box 1093 Boundary Hall Grand Cayman KY1–1102 Cayman Islands

### HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited 17/F Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

# AUDITOR

Ernst & Young Certified Public Accountants Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor

# 公司秘書

董思浩先生

# 註冊辦事處

P.O. Box 309 Ugland House Grand Cayman KY1–1104 Cayman Islands

# 總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港 九龍旺角 太子道西193號 新世紀廣場1座 16樓1608室

# 股份過戶登記總處

MaplesFS Limited P.O. Box 1093 Boundary Hall Grand Cayman KY1–1102 Cayman Islands

# 香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港 夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心 17樓

### 核數師

安永會計師事務所 執業會計師 註冊公眾利益實體核數師



# Corporate Information 公司資料

# **LEGAL ADVISORS**

Jingtian & Gongcheng LLP

# BANKERS

China CITIC Bank International Limited China Merchants Bank Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Shanghai Pudong Development Bank The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited The Bank of East Asia, Limited Industrial Bank Co., Ltd.

### **WEBSITE**

www.kwtech-group.com

# **STOCK CODE**

08295

# 法律顧問

競天公誠律師事務所

# 往來銀行

中信銀行(國際)有限公司 招商銀行股份有限公司 中國工商銀行股份有限公司 上海浦東發展銀行股份有限公司 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 東亞銀行有限公司 興業銀行股份有限公司

# 網站

www.kwtech-group.com

股份代號

08295



Dear Shareholders,

I am pleased to present the 2024/2025 annual report of Kingwisoft Technology Group Company Limited 金慧科技集團股份有限公司 (formerly known as ZZ Technology Group Company Limited 中植科 技集團股份有限公司) (the "Company"), and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2025 (the "Year"/the "Reporting Period").

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

In 2024, the global economic situations remained complex and volatile, with prominent regional disparities and a still-weak recovery. Factors such as escalating geopolitical conflicts, rising trade protectionism, and the spread of debt crises contributed to feeble growth momentum. Amidst this intricate external environment, China's economy achieved its target growth rate thanks to the resilience of exports and supportive policies, but it still faced multiple challenges, including insufficient domestic demand and the pains of transforming old and new growth drivers.

Facing the uncertainties of the global economy and the surging tide of technological revolution, the Group has proactively responded to changes. The Group has always insisted on improving customer satisfaction and the healthy and sustainable development of its business, building digital service capabilities, and continuing to tap into the field of enterprise services, expanding new service scenarios. The Group has also endeavoured to embrace the cutting edge technologies such as AI with continuous efforts on innovation and application of technologies to provide customers with professional services. The Group aims to ensure the smooth operation of its business and the growth of its operating revenue.

The Group generated revenue of approximately RMB1,240.7 million for the financial year ended 31 March 2025, representing a decrease of approximately RMB0.2 million compared to the same period last year. In particular, revenue from back-office services was approximately RMB1,190.5 million, accounting for 96.0% of our total revenue. Insisting on innovation is the long-term strategy of the Group.

各位股東:

我欣然提呈Kingwisoft Technology Group Company Limited 金慧科技集團股份有限公司(前稱ZZ Technology Group Company Limited中植科技集團 股份有限公司)(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本 集團」)截至2025年3月31日止年度(「本年度」/「報 告期」)之2024/2025年報。

### 業務回顧

2024年,全球經濟形勢依然複雜多變,區域分化 明顯且復甦仍顯乏力,地緣衝突升級、貿易保護 主義上升及債務危機蔓延等多方面因素致使增長 動能偏弱。在錯綜複雜的外部環境下,國內經濟 憑借出口韌性和積極的政策支持實現目標增速, 但仍面臨內需不足和新舊動能轉換陣痛等多重挑 戰。

面對全球經濟的不確定性和技術革命的澎湃浪潮, 本集團積極應對變化,始終堅持以提高客戶滿意 度和業務健康可持續發展為中心,構建數字化服 務能力,持續深耕企業服務領域,拓展新服務場 景。本集團亦努力擁抱AI等前沿技術,持續創新 並應用科技為客戶提供專業化的服務,確保業務 的順利運轉及主營業務收入的增長。

本集團於2025年3月31日止財政年度取得收入為約人民幣1,240,700,000元,較去年同期減少約人民幣200,000元。其中,後台服務收入為約人民幣1,190,500,000元,佔整體收入的96.0%。堅持創新是本集團的長期戰略。



During the reporting period, we continued to strengthen and broaden our business relationships with leading clients in the fields of Internet, finance and securities, manufacturing, retail, logistics. Our top five clients remain fairly stable, including a large commercial bank. Meanwhile, in terms of new clients and new business development, we have acquired a number of clients and service projects in the areas of data annotation, auditing and commercialisation services through deepening our efforts in the enterprise service market.

The Group, which has always adhered to independent innovation and research and development, focuses on the innovation in artificial intelligence and big data technologies and their integration with and application in business scenarios, with positive results achieved. The developed business scenarios cover enterprise service business systems, digital operation and talent management, training and practice, as well as merchant and product efficiency management tools in the field of digital marketing. During the reporting period, by virtue of its guality professional services and leading innovation capability, the Group's companies obtained 2 new invention patents and a number of software copyrights which are closely related to the Group's business, with a cumulative total of 5 invention patents and 350 software copyrights. The Group's companies were awarded as the "Enterprise Making Outstanding Contributions to the Three-year Action for the All-round Revitalization and New Breakthrough of Liaoning Province", and once again obtained the "Second Prize for Enterprise Management Innovation Achievement" in Liaoning Province. In addition, a number of the Group's companies were awarded the "Young Eagle Enterprise", which signifies that the Group's continuous research and development of technologies based on scenarios and its service ability of assisting in the digital transformation of enterprises has entered into a brand-new stage.

Furthermore, the Company actively responded to the business changes brought about by new technologies such as artificial intelligence and made preparations for expansion and upgrading in advance in terms of personnel, equipment and working environment. During the reporting period, the Group built and reconstructed a number of self-operated contact service centres in places such as Dalian, Chengdu, Yibin, etc. The total number of completed workstations in the 52 self-operated contact service centres arounted to 19,013. The Group has developed a capability that serves a multi-dimensional network covering tier 1 to tier 4 cities and is able to fully satisfy the Company's business requirements in new service scenarios.

報告期內,我們持續與在互聯網、金融證券、製造、零售、物流等領域處於領先地位的各家客戶 持續穩中加固且不斷拓寬業務關係,前五大客戶 基本保持穩定,一家大型商業銀行進入陣容。同 時在新客戶和新業務拓展方面,我們通過深耕企 業服務市場,在數據標注、審核、商業化服務領 域取得了多家客戶及服務項目。

本集團始終堅持自主創新研發,專注於人工智能、 大數據技術的技術創新與業務場景的融合和落地 應用,並取得積極成果,研發場景已經覆蓋企業 服務業務系統、數字化運營和人才管理、培訓與 實訓,以及數字化營銷領域的商家及品效管理工 具等領域。報告期內,憑借優質的專業服務和領 先的創新能力,本集團旗下公司新取得了與本集 團業務緊密相關的2件發明專利和多件軟件著作 權,累計獲得5件發明專利和350件軟件著作權。 本集團旗下公司被授予「遼寧省全面振興新突破 三年行動突出貢獻企業」,並再次取得遼寧省「企 業管理創新成果二等獎」等榮譽,同時旗下多家公 司獲評「雞鷹企業」,標誌著本集團持續的技術場 景化研發與助力企業數字化轉型的服務能力邁入 嶄新階段。

此外,本公司積極應對人工智能等新技術帶來的 業務變化,在人員、設備和工作環境提前做了擴 容和升級準備。本集團於報告期內在大連、成都、 宜賓等多地新建和改建了多個自營聯絡服務中心, 52個自營聯絡服務中心的建成工位總數為19,013 個,已經形成了覆蓋1至4線城市的多維立體佈局 服務能力,能完全滿足本公司新服務場景的業務 需求。



# **Financial Review**

### **Results of the Group**

The Group recorded a revenue of approximately RMB1,240.7 million for the Year (2024: approximately RMB1,240.9 million), representing a decrease of approximately RMB0.2 million compared to that of last financial year.

財務回顧

### 本集團業績

本集團於本年度錄得收入約人民幣1,240,700,000 元(2024年:約人民幣1,240,900,000元),較上 個財政年度減少約人民幣200,000元。

An analysis of the Group's revenue is as follows:

本集團的收入分析如下:

		2025	2024
		2025年	2024年
		RMB'000	<i>RMB'000</i>
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Revenue from contracts with customers	來自客戶合約之收入		
Back-office services:	後台服務:		
Provision of customer service solutions	提供客戶服務解決方案	1,188,765	1,185,861
Set up of contact service system and centres	建立聯絡服務系統及中心	1,690	91
Subtotal	小計	1,190,455	1,185,952
Comprehensive marketing and agency services	全面營銷及代理服務	22,859	32,585
Data centre services	數據中心服務	26,423	22,367
Total revenue from contracts with customers	來自客戶合約之總收入	1,239,737	1,240,904
Revenue from other sources	來自其他來源之收入		
Gross rental income from investment property	來自投資物業經營租賃之租金		
operating leases	收入總額	917	_
Total revenue	總收入	1,240,654	1,240,904

During the Year, the Group incurred cost of services of approximately RMB1,199.9 million (2024: approximately RMB1,113.0 million) which primarily consisted of staff costs, subcontracting fees, rental expenses, depreciation and amortisation. The Group has proactively prepared for staff and equipment expansion, as well as workplace expansion and construction, carried out new business and skill training for staff, and orderly implemented staff rotation and equipment renewal to actively respond to the business transformation brought by new technologies such as artificial intelligence. The transition between old and new businesses had led to an increase in costs of business development during specific cycles, while revenue has failed to grow synchronously immediately, resulting in a decline in gross profit margin.

於本年度,本集團產生服務成本約人民幣 1,199,900,000元(2024年:約人民幣1,113,000,000 元),主要包括員工成本、分包費、租金開支、折 舊及攤銷。本集團預先籌備擴充人員、設備及擴 建工作環境,對人員進行新業務新技能培訓並有 序開展人員更迭、設備更新等,以積極應對人工 智能等新技術帶來的商業變革。新老業務交替導 致業務發展在特定週期內成本增加,但收入未能 即時同步增長,導致毛利率下滑。



Net other income and gains for the Year was approximately RMB19.6 million (2024: approximately RMB74.5 million). Such decrease was mainly attributable to the gain of approximately RMB52.3 million on disposal of 51% equity interest in Chengdu ThinkMore Technology Co., Ltd. in the previous financial year.

Based on the assessment by the Company's management of the latest available information and the overall economic environment, the Group recognised a non-cash impairment loss on goodwill of the cash-generating unit ("CGU") of KingNine Group of approximately RMB56.7 million (2024: approximately RMB224.8 million). The impairment loss on goodwill is a non-cash item and does not have an impact on the Group's cash flows. Accordingly, the Group's goodwill has become fully impaired as at 31 March 2025.

The Company has consistently applied the income approach to the valuation of the KingNine Group as at 31 March 2025 and there have been no subsequent changes to the valuation method used. The method is based on the principle that value in use can be measured as the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from an asset group used on an ongoing basis. The income approach estimates future economic benefits and discounts those benefits to their present value using an appropriate discount rate that takes into account all risks associated with realising those benefits.

The following table summarises the significant inputs to the valuation of the KingNine Group CGU:

本年度的其他收入及收益淨額約為人民幣 19,600,000元(2024年:約人民幣74,500,000元)。 該減少主要是由於上一個財政年度出售成都融智 互動科技有限公司51%股權確認收益約人民幣 52,300,000元。

根據本公司管理層對最新可得資料及整體經 濟環境的評估,本集團確認KingNine集團現金產 生單位(「現金產生單位」)的商譽非現金減值 虧損約人民幣56,700,000元(2024年:約人民幣 224,800,000元)。商譽減值虧損為非現金項目, 對本集團現金流量並無影響。因此,本集團的商 譽於2025年3月31日已全數減值。

本公司對KingNine集團於2025年3月31日的估值 貫徹應用收入法,所用估值方法其後並無變動。 該方法基於的原則為使用價值可按持續使用的資 產組預期產生的未來現金流量的現值計量。收入 法估計未來經濟利益,並使用已計及與變現該等 利益相關的所有風險的合適貼現率將該等利益貼 現為其現值。

下表概述KingNine集團現金產生單位估值的重大 輸入值:

		31 March	31 March
		2025	2024
		2025年	2024年
		3月31日	3月31日
Revenue growth rate	收入增長率	2.5%-6.4%	3%-11.4%
		2.5% 至6.4%	3%至11.4%
Perpetual growth rate	永續增長率	2%	2.5%
Discount rate	貼現率	19.2%	21.6%



The calculation uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by the management of the Group covering a 5-year period. Revenue growth rates were estimated ranging from 2.5% to 6.4% (2024: 3.0% to 11.4%) per annum for the KingNine Group CGU throughout the 5-year budget plan, as determined by management with reference to the historical growth rates in prior years, adjusted by management's outlook of expected market development. The KingNine Group's cash flows beyond the 5-year period are extrapolated using a perpetual growth rate of 2% (2024: 2.5%). This perpetual growth rate approximates the long-term average growth rate of the relevant business in Chinese Mainland, which is similar to the long-term average inflation rate in Chinese Mainland.

Discount rate is estimated to be 19.2% (2024: 21.6%), which is before tax and represents the current market assessment of the risks specific to the KingNine Group CGU, taking into consideration the time value of money and individual risks of the underlying assets that have not been incorporated in the cash flow estimates. The discount rate calculation is based on the specific circumstances of the Group and its operating segments and is derived from its weighted average cost of capital (the "WACC"). The WACC takes into account both debt and equity.

The reason for significant changes in inputs, bases and key assumptions for the year was the management of the Group has made a conservative forecast of the future sales growth of the KingNine Group. Due to complex environmental factors such as the weakening of the global economy and slower-than-expected growth of certain consumer product/service segments in the PRC, the recovery of the PRC's overall economy was disturbed, and the growth of service demand from some of the KingNine Group's customers was at a slow pace, resulting in a slower growth rate of revenue generated from the main business of the Group, which incur the impairment loss on goodwill for the year.

Details of the Group's impairment loss on goodwill are set out in note 17 to the financial statements.

During the Year, the Group recorded net impairment losses on financial assets of approximately RMB23.3 million (2024: approximately RMB19.0 million) for the provision of expected credit loss on accounts and other receivables.

該計算採用基於本集團管理層所批准涵蓋五年期 財務預算的現金流量預測。於整個五年預算計劃 內,KingNine集團現金產生單位的收入增長率估 計介乎每年2.5%至6.4%(2024年:3.0%至11.4%), 乃由管理層參考往年的歷史增長率而釐定,並根 據管理層的預期市場發展前景進行調整。KingNine 集團五年期以外的現金流量採用永續增長率2% (2024年:2.5%)推算。該永續增長率與中國內地 相關業務的長期平均增長率相若,即與中國內地 的長期平均通脹率相若。

貼現率估計為19.2%(2024年:21.6%),該貼現 率乃除税前且為KingNine集團現金產生單位特定 風險的現行市場評估,當中考慮到貨幣的時間價 值及現金流量估計中並無涉及的相關資產的個別 風險。貼現率乃按本集團及其經營分部的特定情 況計算,並取自其加權平均資金成本(「加權平均 資金成本」)。加權平均資金成本計及債務及權益。

年內輸入值、基準及主要假設出現重大變動的原因是本集團管理層對KingNine集團的未來銷售增長作出保守預測。由於全球經濟疲弱及中國若干 消費品/服務分部增長低於預期等複雜環境因素, 中國整體經濟復甦受阻,KingNine集團部分客戶 的服務需求增長緩慢,導致本集團主營業務產生 的收入增速放緩,從而於年內產生商譽減值虧損。

本集團商譽減值虧損的詳情載於財務報表附註17。

於本年度,本集團就應收賬款及其他應收款 項的預期信貸虧損撥備錄得金融資產減值虧損 淨額約人民幣23,300,000元(2024年:約人民幣 19,000,000元)。



The Group incurred marketing, research and development expenses of approximately RMB67.9 million (2024: approximately RMB52.0 million) in aggregate during the Year. Administrative expenses for the Year was approximately RMB95.8 million (2024: approximately RMB79.6 million). To address the application and management needs of new business scenarios, the Group has increased its investment in research and development related to new businesses and adopted more refined project management, leading to an increase in research and development expenses and administrative expenses.

During the Year, the Group incurred finance costs of approximately RMB19.5 million (2024: approximately RMB24.3 million) which mainly consisted of interests of bank and other borrowings and lease liabilities.

The Group's income tax credit for the Year was approximately RMB3.7 million (2024: income tax expense of approximately RMB5.0 million) which mainly consisted of provision of PRC Enterprise Income Tax of approximately RMB4.3 million (2024: approximately RMB8.3 million), and an underprovision in prior period of approximately RMB3.4 million (2024: overprovision of approximately RMB0.5 million) and deferred tax credit of approximately RMB11.3 million (2024: approximately RMB2.8 million).

Loss attributable to owners of the Company for the Year was approximately RMB207.7 million, whereas the Group recorded a loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately RMB197.4 million for the last financial year.

Basic losses per share for the Year was approximately RMB4.35 cents (2024: basic losses per share of approximately RMB4.13 cents), while diluted losses per share for the Year was the same as basic losses per share of approximately RMB4.35 cents (2024: diluted losses per share of approximately RMB4.13 cents).

The total assets of the Group as at 31 March 2025 decreased by approximately RMB249.2 million to approximately RMB1,029.1 million as compared with that of approximately RMB1,278.3 million as at 31 March 2024. The total liabilities of the Group as at 31 March 2025 decreased by approximately RMB46.2 million to approximately RMB411.4 million as compared with that of approximately RMB457.6 million as at 31 March 2024. Net assets as at 31 March 2025 was approximately RMB617.6 million (31 March 2024: approximately RMB820.7 million).

本集團於本年度產生營銷及研發開支合共約人民幣67,900,000元(2024年:約人民幣52,000,000元)。本年度的行政開支約為人民幣95,800,000元(2024年:約人民幣79,600,000元)。為應對新業務場景的應用和管理需求,本集團加大了與新業務相關的研發投入,以及採取更精細化的項目管理,導致研發開支及行政開支增加。

於本年度,本集團產生財務成本約人民幣 19,500,000元(2024年:約人民幣24,300,000元), 主要包括銀行及其他借款的利息以及租賃負債的 利息。

本集團於本年度的所得税抵免約為人民幣 3,700,000元(2024年:所得税開支約為人民幣 5,000,000元),主要包括中國企業所得税撥備約 人民幣4,300,000元(2024年:約人民幣8,300,000 元)、往期撥備不足約人民幣3,400,000元(2024 年:超額撥備約人民幣500,000元)及遞延税項 抵免約人民幣11,300,000元(2024年:約人民幣 2,800,000元)。

於本年度,本公司擁有人應佔虧損約為人民幣 207,700,000元,而上個財政年度本集團錄得本公 司擁有人應佔虧損約為人民幣197,400,000元。

本年度的每股基本虧損約為人民幣4.35分(2024 年:每股基本虧損約為人民幣4.13分),而本年度 的每股攤薄虧損與每股基本虧損相同,約為人民 幣4.35分(2024年:每股攤薄虧損約人民幣4.13 分)。

本集團於2025年3月31日的總資產較2024年3月 31日的約人民幣1,278,300,000元下降約人民幣 249,200,000元至約人民幣1,029,100,000元。本 集團於2025年3月31日的總負債較2024年3月 31日的約人民幣457,600,000元下降約人民幣 46,200,000元至約人民幣411,400,000元。於 2025年3月31日,資產淨值約為人民幣617,600,000 元(2024年3月31日:約人民幣820,700,000元)。



# Capital Structure, liquidity and financial resources

The Board monitors the Group's capital structure by reviewing its cash flow requirements and considering its future financial obligations and commitments.

The Group's operation and investments were financed by internal resources, interest-bearing bank and other borrowings during the Year.

As at 31 March 2025, aggregate of cash and bank balances, restricted cash and pledged bank deposits of the Group amounted to approximately RMB110.9 million (2024: approximately RMB86.4 million), which were mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollar and Renminbi ("RMB").

As at 31 March 2025, the Group had interest-bearing bank and other borrowings of approximately RMB234.6 million (2024: approximately RMB198.0 million), which were mainly denominated in RMB. The interest-bearing bank and other borrowings amounted to approximately RMB26.0 million (2024: approximately RMB198.0 million) are repayable within one year with the rest are repayable more than one year. Details of the interest rate structure are set out in Note 30 to the financial statements.

As at 31 March 2025, the Group had a current ratio of 4.8 and a gearing ratio of 38.0% (2024: 2.2 and 24.1%, respectively). The gearing ratio is computed by dividing the Group's interest-bearing bank and other borrowings of approximately RMB234.6 million (2024: approximately RMB198.0 million) by the Group's equity of approximately RMB617.6 million (2024: approximately RMB820.7 million).

For foreign currency risk, the Group will continue to monitor its foreign currency exposure and will consider using hedging instruments if available in respect of significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

#### Commitments

The Group and the Company did not have any significant commitment as at 31 March 2025 and 2024.

#### 資本結構、流動性及財務資源

董事會透過審閱本集團的現金流量需求及考慮其 未來財務責任及承擔監察本集團之資本結構。

本年度,本集團的營運及投資以內部資源、計息 銀行及其他借款撥付。

於2025年3月31日,本集團的現金及銀行結餘、 受限制現金以及質押銀行存款合共約為人民幣 110,900,000元(2024年:約人民幣86,400,000元), 主要以港元及人民幣(「人民幣」)計值。

於2025年3月31日,本集團有計息銀行及其他借款約人民幣234,600,000元(2024年:約人民幣 198,000,000元),主要以人民幣計值。計息銀行 及其他借款約為人民幣26,000,000元(2024年: 約人民幣198,000,000元)須於一年內償還,其餘 借款則須於一年後償還。有關利率結構的詳情載 於財務報表附註30。

於2025年3月31日,本集團的流動比率為4.8及 負債比率為38.0%(2024年:分別為2.2及24.1%)。 負債比率按本集團的計息銀行及其他借款約人民 幣234,600,000元(2024年:約人民幣198,000,000 元)除以本集團的權益約人民幣617,600,000元 (2024年:約人民幣820,700,000元)計算。

就外匯風險而言,本集團會繼續監控其外匯風險, 並在需要時考慮就重大外匯風險使用可供採用的 對沖工具。

#### 承擔

本集團及本公司於2025年及2024年3月31日並 無任何重大承擔。



#### Charge on the Group's assets

As at 31 March 2025, there were no interest-bearing bank and other borrowings of the Group secured by any assets.

#### **Employees and remuneration policies**

As of 31 March 2025, the Group had 14,377 employees including Directors (2024: 13,446 employees). Total staff cost (including Directors' emoluments) for the Year amounted to approximately RMB852.8 million. Employees' remuneration packages are decided based on their job responsibilities, local market benchmarks and industry trends. Employee discretionary bonus is distributable according to the performance of the respective subsidiaries and employees concerned.

The Remuneration Committee will review and determine the remuneration and compensation packages of the Directors and senior management of the Company with reference to salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the Directors and performance of the Group.

#### **Contingent liabilities**

As at 31 March 2025, the Group had no material contingent liabilities (2024: Nil).

# Future plans for material investments or capital assets

The Group will focus on premium corporate clients in the Internet and finance sectors to diversify its categories of services and strengthen our customers' stickiness, which in turn help the Group to generate economies of scale and gain more market share.

The Group will look into our business development and consider acquiring or investing in relevant assets which form synergistic effects with our principal business as and when appropriate. Through the acquisition and investment, the Group can expand its services categories and premium customer base and strengthen our capability in research and development, which in turn identify and meet demands from customers in a view to raise our core competitiveness and profitability.

#### 本集團資產抵押

於2025年3月31日,本集團並無計息銀行及其他 借款以任何資產作抵押。

#### 僱員及薪酬政策

截至2025年3月31日,本集團聘有14,377名僱員, 包括董事(2024年:13,446名僱員)。於本年度的 僱員成本總額(包括董事酬金)約為人民幣 852,800,000元。僱員薪酬組合乃根據其工作職 責、本地市場標準及行業趨勢而釐定。僱員酌情 花紅乃根據有關附屬公司及相關僱員的表現發放。

薪酬委員會將會參考可資比較公司所支付的薪金、 董事投放之時間及職責以及本集團的業績,檢討 及釐定本公司董事及高級管理層的酬金及薪酬待 遇。

#### 或然負債

於2025年3月31日,本集團並無重大或然負債 (2024年:無)。

#### 未來重大投資或資本資產計劃

本集團將圍繞互聯網、金融等行業的優質企業客 戶,不斷豐富服務類型,進而提高客戶粘性,協 助本集團達到規模效應及擴大市場份額。

本集團會考慮根據業務發展情況適時收購或投資 與本集團主營業務有協同效應的相關資產,通過 收購和投資來增加本集團的服務類型、擴大優質 客戶群,提升本集團的科技研發水平,進而發掘 並滿足客戶需求,提升本集團的核心競爭力及盈 利能力。



# Material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries and affiliated companies

The Group had no material acquisitions or disposal of subsidiaries and affiliated companies during the Year.

### **Outlook**

In an overview of the domestic and global situation, as the complexity, severity and uncertainty of the international situation are increasing, the further recovery of the domestic economy is subject to the difficulties and challenges such as insufficient effective demand, overcapacity in some industries, weak social expectations, and still more risks and potential dangers. The great wheel of the times never stops due to wind and waves. In the complex environment where global industrial chain restructuring and market fluctuations coexist, the tide of artificial intelligence and data elements is surging forward at an unprecedented speed. They are reshaping industrial logic and bringing brand-new vitality. Cross-industry or intra-industry integration is an irreversible trend of industrial change in the era of the new technological revolution and digital economy, and is also the inevitable path of modern industrial development and evolution.

As the Group's major clients are players from various service industries such as finance and securities, operators and Internet, they are expected to recover rapidly with the continued economic recovery and the gradual rise of new endogenous momentum. However, we will still face some difficulties and challenges such as insufficient effective demand and increasingly complicated, severe and uncertain external environment. At the same time, we also see that AI technology is undergoing rapid and profound evolution. Digital technologies are innovating consumption scenarios, stimulating consumption vitality, and profoundly transforming consumer behavior, bringing about innovative business formats and models. Coupled with the release of accumulated consumption demand and the active development of new business forms in the service industry, this has also created growing development space for the enterprise service industry in which the company operates within this smart digital space. We will pay close attention to the impact of macro policies and emerging technologies on our clients' businesses, and maintain close communication with clients. We will take diversified

#### 附屬公司及聯屬公司的重大收購及出售 事項

本集團於本年度並無附屬公司及聯屬公司的重大 收購或出售事項。

#### 展望

綜合分析國內外形勢,國際局勢的複雜性、嚴峻 性、不確定性上升,國內經濟進一步回升向好需 要克服有效需求不足、部分行業產能過剩、社會 預期偏弱、風險隱患仍然較多等困難和挑戰。時 代的巨輪從不因風浪止步,身處於全球產業鏈重 構與市場波動並存的複雜環境,人工智能和數據 要素的浪潮正在以前所未有的速度呼嘯而來,它 們正在重塑產業邏輯,帶來全新活力。跨產業或 產業內的融合,是新一輪科技革命和數字經濟時 代不可逆的產業變革趨勢,也是現代產業發展演 進的必然路徑。

由於本集團主要客戶為金融證券、運營商和互聯 網行業參與者,這些行業都將隨著經濟的持續復 甦和內生新動能的逐步抬頭而快速修復。我們仍 將面對有效需求不足、外部環境的複雜性、嚴峻 性、不確定性上升等一些困難和挑戰,同時我 酸 之技術創新消費場景,激發消費活力,深刻改變 著消費者的行為,帶來創新業態與商業模式,加 之積累的消費需求正在得到釋放,服務產業在這個 智慧數字空間中帶來越來越大的發展空間。我的 將密切關之定觀政策和新興技術對客戶業務的影 響,並與客戶保持緊密溝通,採取多樣化的措施 積極應對,同時積極探索和尋找金融行業、互聯



measures to make active responses. Meanwhile, we will actively explore and seek new business opportunities in the financial industry and the Internet industry, actively grasp the good opportunities for business development. In addition, we will effectively expand its business presence in China and enhance technology empowerment, through which drive business innovation and improve profitability, to realise healthy growth, thereby enhancing shareholder value.

The Group keeps working hard and opening up new territories in the back-office services field. In addition to the organic growth of orders from existing customers in the already penetrated industries due to the business growth of customers, new orders have been obtained in the operator service field and traditional financial field, and from new leading Internet companies, and the Group has orderly commenced the implementation of new businesses in digital service fields such as data annotation and review. The Group will continuously promote its participation in project tendering, implementation and construction of self-operated contact centres to provide personnel, sites and other special supports for new orders to achieve revenue and profit contribution.

In terms of Internet marketing, the Group will continue to expand in the field of digital marketing services and fully integrate with its existing Internet marketing and promotion capabilities and experience. In exploring the integration of quality and effectiveness, the Group will actively promote the integration and linkage of marketing and back-office services. It will establish presence in the field of local lifestyle and digital marketing businesses while always striving to achieve the integration of quality and effectiveness. Furthermore, the Group has acquired several service clients in this business segment. The Company is working on deeper integration of its established digital marketing service capabilities with the new consumption scenarios, creating a healthier ecology and enhancing its service capabilities to ensure that the Group will have more confidence and strength in weathering economic cycles and dealing with external impacts. 網行業的新業務機會,積極把握公司業務發展良機,並持續有效拓展公司在國內的業務佈局,強 化科技賦能,推動業務創新並提升盈利能力,實 現健康增長,從而提升股東價值。

在後台服務領域保持精耕細作和開疆拓土,除了 原有行業原有客戶的訂單隨客戶業務增長的自然 增長外,在運營商服務領域、傳統金融領域、新 的互聯網頭部公司都已取得新的訂單,並已有序 開始數據標注及審核等數字服務領域的新業務落 地工作。我們將持續推進項目投標、落地和自營 聯絡中心的優化建設,為新增訂單提供人員、場 地等配套支持,實現收入和利潤貢獻。

在互聯網營銷方面,本集團在數字化營銷服務領 域持續拓展,並與已有的互聯網營銷推廣能力和 經驗充分融合,在實現品效合一的探索中,積極 促進營銷與後台服務的整合聯動,積極佈局本地 生活和數字營銷業務,始終為品牌實現品效合一 而努力,並在該業務板塊已經取得了多家服務客 戶。本公司正在將已建成的數字化營銷服務能力 與消費新場景加深融合,通過打造更加健康的生 態,提升服務能力,保障公司在穿越經濟週期、 應對外部衝擊時,更有底氣、更有信心。



# **APPRECIATION**

We would like to take this opportunity to sincerely thank the management members of the Board and all employees of the Group for their efforts and contributions to the promotion of the development of the Group in the past year. We also extend our sincere thanks to our Shareholders and partners for their continued support and trust. At the same time, I would like to express my sincere gratitude for the valuable advice, guidance and support provided by other relevant organizations.

By Order of the Board

### 致謝

承董事會命

我們謹藉此機會衷心感謝本集團董事會管理層成 員及全體員工過去一年為促進本集團發展所付出 的努力和作出的貢獻:亦對我們的股東及合作夥 伴的繼續支持和信賴致以誠摯謝意:同時亦對其 他有關機構所提供的寶貴意見、指導及支持表達 摯誠的謝意。

<b>QIU Xiaojian</b> Executive Director	執 <i>行董事</i> <b>邱曉健</b>
Hong Kong, 26 June 2025	香港,2025年6月26日

16 KINGWISOFT TECHNOLOGY GROUP COMPANY LIMITED 金慧科技集團股份有限公司



#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

**Mr. QIU Xiaojian**, aged 39, was appointed as an executive director of the Company in February 2023. Mr. QIU is also the Chairman of the Board, the chairman of the nomination committee of the Company (the "Nomination Committee") and a member of the remuneration committee of the Company (the "Remuneration Committee"). He also holds several directorships in certain other subsidiaries of the Company.

Mr. QIU has been serving as the director of Guolian Fund Management Co., Ltd. (國聯基金管理有限公司) since 5 May 2023 and the director of Hubei Mailyard Share Co., Ltd.\* (湖北美 爾雅股份有限公司), a company whose shares were listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 600107), since May 2020 (re-designated as the non-independent director on 25 October 2022), the president of Zhonghai Shengrong (Beijing) Capital Management Group Co., Ltd.\* (中海晟融(北京)資本管理集團有 限 公 司) ("Zhonghai Shengrong") since July 2020 and the cochairman of Zhongzhi Capital Management Co., Ltd.\* (中植資本 管理有限公司) since December 2022. Prior to that, Mr. QIU worked as the chief financial officer in Zhonghai Shengrong from January 2019 to July 2020, the chief financial officer in Zhongtai Chuangzhan Holdings Co., Ltd.\* (中泰創展控股有限公司) ("Zhongtai Chuangzhan") from March 2016 to December 2018, the general manager of Financial Operations Center in Zhongtai Chuangzhan from December 2014 to March 2016, the deputy general manager of Financial Operations Center in Zhongtai Chuangzhan from December 2013 to December 2014, the senior audit manager of Program Audit Centre in Zhongzhi Enterprise Group\* (中植企業集團) ("ZEG") from July 2013 to December 2013, the senior investment manager of Financial Innovation Department in ZEG from January 2013 to July 2013 and the assistant manager of KPMG Huazhen LLP from September 2008 to January 2013. Mr. QIU graduated from Renmin University of China with a bachelor's degree of Economics in June 2008.

#### 執行董事

**邱曉健先生**,39歲,於2023年2月獲委任為本公 司執行董事。邱先生亦為董事會主席、本公司提 名委員會(「提名委員會」)主席及本公司薪酬委員 會(「薪酬委員會」)成員。彼亦擔任本公司其他若 干附屬公司之董事。

邱先生自2023年5月5日擔任國聯基金管理有限 公司的董事及自2020年5月起一直擔任湖北美爾 雅股份有限公司(其股份於上海證券交易所上市的 公司,股份代號:600107)的董事,於2022年10 月25日調任為非獨立董事。彼自2020年7月起擔 任中海晟融(北京)資本管理集團有限公司(「中海 晟融」)的總裁及自2022年12月起擔任中植資本 管理有限公司的聯席主席。在此之前,邱先生於 2019年1月至2020年7月擔任中海晟融的首席財 務官;於2016年3月至2018年12月擔任中泰創 展控股有限公司(「中泰創展」)的首席財務官;於 2014年12月至2016年3月擔任中泰創展的財務 運營中心總經理;於2013年12月至2014年12月 擔任中泰創展的財務運營中心副總經理;於2013 年7月至2013年12月擔任中植企業集團(「中植」) 項目審計中心的高級審計經理;於2013年1月至 2013年7月擔任中植的金融創新部高級投資經理 及於2008年9月至2013年1月擔任畢馬威華振會 計師事務所的經理助理。邱先生2008年6月畢業 於中國人民大學,取得經濟學學士學位。

<sup>\*</sup> For identification purposes only



**Mr. HU Shilong**, aged 43, was appointed as an executive director of the Company in November 2023. Mr. HU is also the chief executive officer of the Company. He also holds several directorships in certain other subsidiaries of the Company.

Mr. HU is the sole director of NINEGO Corporation, an existing shareholder of the Company holding approximately 4.45% shareholding interest in the Company. He is also a shareholder holding approximately 32.91% shareholding interest in DaLian Kingwisoft Technology Co., Ltd.\* (大連金慧融智科技股份有限公司) ("DaLian Kingwisoft"). He joined DaLian Kingwisoft in January 2014 and has acted as the legal representative since October 2015. Prior to joining DaLian Kingwisoft, Mr. HU served as the manager of operating centre of Shanghai Hewlett-Packard Co., Ltd. (Dalian Branch)\* (上海惠普有限公司(大連分公司)) from July 2004 to September 2008. From September 2008 to November 2013, Mr. HU served as the China regional sales director of Neusoft Cloud Technology Co., Ltd.\* (東雲科技有限公司).

In 2019, Mr. HU was included as a scientific and technological innovation and entrepreneurship talent in the Innovative Talents Promotion Program of the Ministry of Science and Technology of the People's Republic of China. Mr. HU was honoured as an "Excellent Entrepreneur in Liaoning Province" in 2020 and one of the "20th anniversary Outstanding Entrepreneur in Liaoning's Software Industry". In 2022, Mr. HU was honoured as a leading talent in China's digital services and service outsourcing, and a high-level talent (leading talent) in Dalian city. He has more than a decade of marketing and management experience in multinational IT companies. Mr. HU obtained his bachelor's degree in Japanese from Liaoning Normal University in 2004.

胡仕龍先生,43歲,於2023年11月獲委任為本 公司的執行董事。胡先生亦為本公司的行政總裁。 彼亦擔任本公司其他若干附屬公司之董事。

胡先生為NINEGO Corporation的唯一董事, NINEGO Corporation為持有本公司約4.45%股權 的本公司現有股東。彼亦為持有大連金慧融智科 技股份有限公司(「大連金慧」)約32.91%股權的 股東。彼於2014年1月加入大連金慧,並自2015 年10月起擔任其法定代表。於加入大連金慧前, 胡先生於2004年7月至2008年9月擔任上海惠普 有限公司(大連分公司)運營中心經理。於2008年 9月至2013年11月,胡先生擔任東軟雲科技有限 公司中國區域銷售總監。

於2019年,胡先生入選中華人民共和國科學技術 部創新人才推進計劃科技創新創業人才。胡先生 被授予2020年「遼寧省優秀企業家」及「遼寧軟件 產業20年優秀企業家」榮譽稱號。於2022年,胡 先生榮獲中國數字服務暨服務外包領軍人才以及 大連市高層次人才(領軍人才)稱號。彼擁有十餘 年跨國IT企業行銷和管理經驗。胡先生於2004年 取得遼寧師範大學日語專業學士學位。

\* For identification purposes only



**Mr. LI Xiang**, aged 36, was appointed as an executive director of the Company in February 2023. Mr. LI is also an authorized representative of the Company. He also holds several directorships in certain other subsidiaries of the Company.

Mr. LI has been serving as the deputy general manager of Investment Department in Zhonghai Shengrong from January 2017 to February 2023. Prior to that, Mr. LI worked as the deputy manager of Corporate Business Department in Industrial Bank Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch\* (興業銀行股份有限公司深圳分行) from April 2015 to January 2017. Mr. LI graduated from Harbin Institute of Technology with a bachelor's degree of Electrical Engineering & Automation in July 2012. He also received a master's degree in Electrical and Electronic Engineering from the University of Hong Kong in November 2014.

**Ms. ZHOU Fang**, aged 41, was appointed as an executive director of the Company in November 2023.

Ms. ZHOU is interested in 113,560,919 shares of the Company through FUNGHWA Ltd. ("FUNGHWA"), and is holding approximately 9.47% shareholding interest in DaLian Kingwisoft. She has been the president of Dalian Kingwisoft since November 2013. Prior to joining DaLian Kingwisoft, Ms. ZHOU served as the assistant to the China regional sales director of Neusoft Cloud Technology Co., Ltd.\* (東軟雲科技有限公司) from December 2009 to December 2013. From May 2007 to December 2009, Ms. ZHOU served as the head of business department of DaLian First HITE.Enterprise H.R. Service Co., Ltd.\* (大連弗斯特高新人才發展 管理有限公司). Ms. ZHOU obtained her Executive MBA from Guanghua School of Management, Peking University in 2021. Ms. ZHOU was honoured with the title of Excellent Entrepreneur of Dalian Software and Information Technology Service Industry in 2023.

李響先生,36歲,於2023年2月獲委任為本公司 執行董事。李先生亦為本公司的授權代表。彼亦 擔任本公司其他若干附屬公司之董事。

李先生於2017年1月至2023年2月擔任中海晟融 投資部的副總經理。在此之前,彼於2015年4月 至2017年1月擔任興業銀行股份有限公司深圳分 行的企業業務部的副經理。李先生於2012年7月 畢業於哈爾濱工業大學,取得電氣工程及自動化 學士學位。彼亦於2014年11月獲得香港大學的 電氣工程及自動化碩士學位。

**周芳女士**,41歲,於2023年11月獲委任為本公司的執行董事。

周女士透過FUNGHWA Ltd.(「FUNGHWA」)於113,560,919 股本公司股份中擁有權益,周女士持有大連金慧 約9.47%股權。彼自2013年11月起擔任大連金 慧總裁。於加入大連金慧之前,周女士於2009年 12月至2013年12月擔任東軟雲科技有限公司中 國區域銷售總監助理。於2007年5月至2009年 12月,周女士擔任大連弗斯特高新人才發展管理 有限公司業務部主管。周女士於2021年獲得北京 大學光華管理學院高級管理人員工商管理碩士學 位。周女士於2023年獲得大連市軟件和信息技術 服務業優秀企業家稱號。

<sup>\*</sup> For identification purposes only



**Ms. LIU Xiaochen**, aged 43, was appointed as an executive director of the Company in February 2024. Ms. LIU is also a director, legal representative or manager of certain subsidiaries of the Group.

Since May 2016 to date, Ms. LIU has been the deputy general manager and senior vice president of Dalian Kingwisoft. From July 2014 to April 2016, she served as the general manager of the ITO business division of Dalian Kingwisoft. From March 2009 to June 2014, she served as a senior sales manager and consultant of Neusoft Cloud Technology Co., Ltd. From January 2005 to March 2009, she served as a senior marketing specialist at Shanghai HEWLETT-PACKARD Co., Ltd.

**Mr. XU Gang**, aged 53, was appointed as an executive director of the Company in February 2024. Mr. XU is also a director of Dalian Kingwisoft of the Group, and holds positions of director, legal representative or manager of other certain subsidiaries of the Group.

Since March 2016 to date, Mr. XU has been the general manager of the CS business division and the senior vice president of Dalian Kingwisoft. From October 2005 to February 2016, he served as an operation director of the BPO business division of Yih Dar Technologies Co., Ltd. From May 2003 to September 2005, he worked in the BPO operation team of Dalian Fanrun Communication System Co. Ltd.\* (大連泛潤通信系統有限公司). From July 1994 to July 2002, he served as the sales team leader and technical director of Nidec Dalian Co. Ltd.\* (日本電產大連有 限公司).

**Mr. WANG Rui**, aged 45, was appointed as an executive director of the Company in February 2024. Mr. WANG is also a director, legal representative or manager of certain subsidiaries of the Group.

Since June 2016 to date, Mr. WANG has been the general manager of Chengdu Kingwisoft and senior vice president of Dalian Kingwisoft. From February 2010 to May 2016, he served as a sales director and deputy general manager of Sichuan Baihe Guoli Information Network Co., Ltd.

**劉小琛女士**,43歲,於2024年2月獲委任為本公司的執行董事。劉女士亦為本集團若干附屬公司的董事、法定代表人或經理。

劉女士自2016年5月至今擔任大連金慧副總經理、 高級副總裁。自2014年7月至2016年4月,彼擔 任大連金慧ITO事業部總經理。自2009年3月至 2014年6月,彼擔任東軟雲科技有限公司高級銷 售經理、諮詢顧問。自2005年1月至2009年3月, 彼擔任上海惠普有限公司高級營銷專家。

**徐剛先生**,53歲,於2024年2月獲委任為本公司 的執行董事。徐先生亦為本集團大連金慧董事及 擔任本集團其他若干附屬公司的董事、法定代表 人或經理。

徐先生自2016年3月至今擔任大連金慧CS事業部 總經理、高級副總裁。自2005年10月至2016年 2月,彼擔任億達科技股份有限公司BPO事業部運 營總監。自2003年5月至2005年9月,彼在大連 泛潤通信系統有限公司BPO運營團隊工作。自 1994年7月至2002年7月,彼擔任日本電產大連 有限公司業務組長、技術主任。

王睿先生,45歲,於2024年2月獲委任為本公司 的執行董事。王先生亦為本集團若干附屬公司的 董事、法定代表人或經理。

王先生自2016年6月至今擔任成都金慧總經理及 大連金慧高級副總裁。2010年2月至2016年5月, 彼擔任四川佰合國利信息網絡有限公司銷售總監、 副總經理。

<sup>\*</sup> For identification purposes only



#### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

**Mr. ZENG Liang**, aged 51, joined the Group in April 2021 as an independent non-executive director of the Company, the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Audit Committee.

Mr. ZENG is a well-known Internet entrepreneur and angel investor. He has extensive experience in strategic planning, business development and operation management in industries such as digital marketing, mobile Internet and artificial intelligence applications. Mr. ZENG served as senior vice president of Kingdee International Software Group Company Limited from 2003 to 2010. He worked for Microsoft as vice president of Greater China Region from 2010 to 2013 and was responsible for the development of government, education and medical industries in the region. From 2013 to 2017, he held several executive positions including vice president of Baidu Inc. and general manager of Baidu Nuomi. Mr. ZENG obtained Master of Science both in Management and in Engineering from Georgia Institute of Technology in USA. In addition, he holds another Master of Science in Engineering degree from Tsinghua University in Beijing.

**Mr. WANG Li**, aged 40, was appointed as an independent nonexecutive director of the Company in October 2022. Mr. WANG is a registered lawyer in the People's Republic of China.

Mr. WANG has been serving as a managing partner and an executive director of Beijing Qincheng Consulting Service Company Limited\* (北京親誠諮詢服務有限公司) since September 2019, where he is fully responsible for the operation of the company. Prior to that, he worked as the deputy general manager of the human resources centre of Beijing Wanda Cultural Industry Group Co., Ltd.\* (北京萬達文化產業集團有限公司) from August 2015 to August 2019, the secretary of the General Office and the deputy researcher of the Government departments from July 2011 to July 2015, and an assistant lawyer of Haiwen & Partners (Beijing Office) from September 2010 to June 2011. Mr. WANG obtained a bachelor's degree of science in atmospheric sciences from Nanjing University in 2007 and received a master's degree in law from Peking University in 2011.

#### 獨立非執行董事

曾良先生,51歲,於2021年4月加入本集團,擔 任本公司的獨立非執行董事、薪酬委員會的主席 及審核委員會的成員。

曾先生是知名的互聯網創業家和天使投資人。彼 在數字行銷、移動互聯網和人工智慧應用等行業 有豐富的戰略規劃、業務拓展和運營管理經驗。 曾先生於2003年至2010年擔任金蝶國際軟件集 團有限公司之高級副總裁。於2010年至2013年 擔任微軟大中華區副總裁,負責微軟在中國地區 針對政府、教育和醫療行業的發展。於2013年至 2017年擔任百度集團副總裁兼百度糯米總經理等 高管職務。曾先生擁有美國佐治亞理工大學的管 理學碩士和工程碩士學位,以及擁有北京清華大 學的工程碩士學位。

**王力先生**,40歲,於2022年10月獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。王先生為中華人民共和國的 註冊律師。

王先生自2019年9月起一直擔任北京親誠諮詢服 務有限公司的管理合夥人及執行董事,全面負責 該公司的經營事宜。在此之前,彼自2015年8月 至2019年8月擔任北京萬達文化產業集團有限公 司人力資源中心的副總經理;自2011年7月至 2015年7月擔任中國政府部門辦公廳秘書及副研 究員;自2010年9月至2011年6月擔任海問律師 事務所(北京辦事處)的律師助理。王先生於2007 年獲得南京大學大氣科學專業學士學位,並於 2011年獲得北京大學法學碩士學位。

\* For identification purposes only



**Mr. YANG Hongjun**, age 42, joined the Group in August 2024 as an independent non-executive director of the Company, a member of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee.

From May 2022 to present, Mr. YANG is the executive Director, general manager and statutory representative of Baoyuan (Ningbo) Holdings Co.,Ltd.\* (寳沅 (寧波) 控股有限公司). From February 2017 to present, Mr. YANG is the general manager, Chairman and statutory representative of Shandong Beisheng Investment Management Co., Ltd. From June 2016 to November 2023, Mr. YANG has served as the director and deputy general manager of Royal Group Co.,Ltd. From 2009 to present, Mr. YANG is the Chairman and Founder of Zhejiang Perfect Online Network Technology Company Limited\* (浙江完美在線網絡科技有限公司). From 2004 to 2009, Mr. YANG was the deputy general manager of Zhejiang Lingke Network Technology Company Limited\* (浙江 凌科網絡科技有限公司). Mr. YANG obtained his bachelor's degree in Laws from Ningbo University and Master's degree (EMBA) in Business Administration from Zhejiang University.

**Ms. LI Guiying**, aged 53, joined the Group in August 2024 as an independent non-executive director of the Company, the chairman of the audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee") and a member of the Nomination Committee.

From 2014 to 2024, Ms. LI served as Vice President and financial Director of Neusoft Cloud Technology Co., Ltd.\* (東軟雲科技有限 公司). From 2006 to 2014, she served as the finance Minister and financial Director of Neusoft Cloud Technology Co., Ltd.\* (東軟雲 科技有限公司). Ms. LI obtained her Master's degree in Dongbei University of Finance and Economics. Ms. LI is a non-practicing member of China Certified Public Accountants (CPA) and the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (ACCA).

**楊洪軍先生**,42歲,於2024年8月加入本集團, 擔任本公司獨立非執行董事、審核委員會的成員、 薪酬委員會的成員及提名委員會成員。

自2022年5月至今,楊先生擔任寶沅(寧波)控股 有限公司的執行董事、總經理及法定代表人。自 2017年2月至今,楊先生擔任山東北盛投資管理 有限公司的總經理、董事長及法定代表人;自 2016年6月至2023年11月,楊先生擔任皇氏集 團股份有限公司的董事和副總經理;自2009年至 今,楊先生擔任浙江完美在線網絡科技有限公司 的董事長兼創始人;自2004年至2009年,楊先 生擔任浙江凌科網絡科技有限公司副總經理。楊 先生於寧波大學取得法學學士學位,及於浙江大 學取得高級管理人員工商管理學碩士學位。

李桂英女士,53歲,於2024年8月加入本集團, 擔任本公司獨立非執行董事、審核委員會(「審核 委員會」)的主席及提名委員會成員。

自2014年至2024年,李女士擔任東軟雲科技有限公司副總裁兼財務總監。自2006年至2014年, 彼擔任東軟雲科技有限公司財務部長、財務總監。 李女士於東北財經大學取得碩士學位,李女士為 中國註冊會計師(CPA)非執業會員及英國公認註冊 會計師(ACCA)。

\* For identification purposes only



The Board is pleased to present its annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Year.

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. Its subsidiaries are principally engaged in investment holding, provision of back-office services (primarily provision of customer service solutions, and setting up of contact service systems and centres), comprehensive marketing and agency services and data centre services.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The business review of the Group for the Year as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, Chapter 622 of the laws of Hong Kong has been covered in the "Management Discussion and Analysis" section as well as this Directors' Report of this annual report. Risk disclosure sections that follow hereafter should be read in conjunction with the "Management Discussion and Analysis" and note 40 to the consolidated financial statements. These form part of this directors' report.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

#### **Compliance Risk**

Dalian Kingwisoft Technology Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Group, as a client service outsourcer, will obtain a large amount of personal information from clients. According to the contracts signed between the Company and clients and in compliance with the Cybersecurity Law of the People's Republic of China and the Regulations on the Protection of Personal Information of Telecommunications and Internet Users, the Group is responsible for keeping all relevant information confidential. 董事會欣然提呈本集團於本年度之年報及經審核 綜合財務報表。

### 主要業務

本公司的主要業務為投資控股。其附屬公司主要 從事投資控股、提供後台服務(主要為提供客戶服 務解決方案,及建立聯絡服務系統及中心)、全面 營銷及代理服務及數據中心服務。

### 業務回顧

本集團於本年度之業務回顧已根據香港法例第 622章香港公司條例附表5的規定載述於本年報「管 理層討論及分析」一節以及本董事會報告內。以下 風險披露章節應與「管理層討論及分析」以及綜合 財務報表附註40一併閱讀。該等部分構成本董事 會報告的一部分。

#### 主要風險及不明確因素

#### 合規風險

本集團旗下大連金慧融智科技股份有限公司作為 一家客戶服務外包供應商,會從客戶中取得大量 個人資料。根據本公司與客戶簽訂的合約及遵照 《中華人民共和國網絡安全法》及《電信和互聯網用 戶個人信息保護規定》,本集團有責任對全部有關 資料作出保密。



Although the Company has implemented strict internal control procedures to ensure the security and confidentiality of the database, it cannot guarantee that the personal information of clients will not be leaked or stolen. Leakage of confidential information due to employee errors will expose the Group to claims from clients. At the same time, in the unfortunate event of leakage of client information, the worst thing is that existing or potential clients may lose confidence in the Group's ability to keep information confidential, which will have a negative impact on the Group's corporate image and market position in the industry.

#### The Company's Awareness of Risks and the Measures It Has Taken

The Group takes quite strict measures to ensure information confidentiality, in order to minimise the risk of information leakage.

The contracts signed between the Company and clients include confidentiality clauses. It needs to strictly keep project information confidential in accordance with the contract terms. Once a new project is established and the Company has signed a contract with the client, only authorised employees have access to the information, and other employees is not allowed to access relevant project information. Service contracts are sent to an independent file room for safekeeping by a designated person. In general, service contracts cannot be taken out. If a relevant employee needs to check the contracts, he/she needs the approval of the relevant department head. A person shall record the lending of the contracts. Employees cannot take away confidential information without authorisation.

In addition, all employees are required to sign a confidentiality agreement when joining the Company to prohibit unauthorised disclosure of confidential information of the Company. In case of any violation, the employee involved will be held liable for legal and financial consequences.

The Company has been certified for its information security system, and has passed the annual review. During the financial year, the Group has not found any leakage of confidential client information. The Group attaches great importance to and abides by the terms of the confidentiality agreement to ensure compliance with relevant laws and regulations. 儘管公司已實施嚴格的內部監控程序以保障資料 庫的安全性及保密性,然而無法保證客戶個人資 料不會外洩或被竊取,一旦機密資料因為員工的 失誤而洩露出去,將會令本集團面對客戶的索償。 同時,如果客戶資料外洩事件不幸發生,最嚴重 的情況將可能令現有或潛在的客戶對本集團的資 料保密能力失去信心,對本集團的企業形象及行 業內的市場地位造成負面影響。

#### 企業對風險之認識及已採取之措施

本集團對資料保密方面的措施相當嚴格,以盡可 能減輕資料外洩的風險。

本公司與客戶之間所簽署的合同中,包括有保密 條款,企業需要按照合同條款的要求,對項目進 行嚴格資料保密。一旦新的項目成立,且本公司 已與客戶簽訂合同,只有獲授權的員工方能接觸 這方面的資料,其他員工均不能查閱有關項目資 料。服務合同會被送到獨立的檔案室保存,由專 人保管,在一般情況下,服務合同不能被取出; 如需查閱,有關員工需要相關部門主管批准及由 專人登記合同的外借紀錄。而工作人員在未獲授 權的情況下,不能將機密資料帶走。

此外,所有僱員於入職時均須簽署保密協議,禁 止未經授權洩露本公司的機密資料,一旦違反規 定,有關員工會被追究相關的法律及財務責任。

本公司已獲得信息安全的體系認證,且每年之複 審亦已通過相關審核。本集團於本財政年度並未 發現有客戶機密資料洩漏的情況,本集團重視並 遵守保密協議之條款,確保本集團符合相關法律 法規。



Each employee must "punch in and out". The apps or mini programmes in the smartphone are used to strengthen employees' whereabouts record, with a view to reducing the risk of leakage of confidential information.

The Group has also obtained the ISO 27001 Information Security Management System Certification.

#### **Risks Relating to the Contractual Arrangements**

There are certain risks associated with the Contractual Arrangements. Please refer "Contractual Arrangements — Risks Relating to the Contractual Arrangements" from pages 40 to 41 of this report for details.

#### **Environmental policies and performance**

The Group's policies and practices are environmentally friendly. To help conserve the environment, the management has implemented green office practices and practice of recycling and reducing consumption of resources. The Group commits to maintain awareness within the Group of the responsibility of the Group and its employees to ensure protection of the environment. For example, purchasing the environmentally preferable products with reputable certifications or labels, transmission of bulk documents through electronic means, marking up of documents electronically rather than using printed version, double-sided black & white printing, recycling of printed papers and envelops, and switching off lights and air-conditioning after working/non-office hours, public holidays.

#### Compliance with relevant laws and regulations

Compliance with relevant laws and regulations is a cornerstone of operating the businesses of the Group. Changes in laws, rules, regulations and enforcement practices may constantly pose challenges to the operation of the Group. Amongst others, the Group operates within the confine of the relevant company laws in Hong Kong, Cayman Islands, British Virgin Islands and The People's Republic of China, as well as under the GEM Listing Rules and the Securities and Futures Ordinance, Chapter 571 of the laws of Hong Kong ("SFO"). 各員工於進出辦公地點時必須留「打卡」記錄,亦 使用智能電話內的程式或小程序進行管控,以加 強員工的行蹤記錄,減低機密資料洩漏的風險。

本集團亦取得《ISO 27001信息安全管理體系認証 証書》。

#### 與合約安排有關的風險

存在與合約安排相關的若干風險。有關詳情請參 閱本報告第40至41頁「合約安排 — 與合約安排 有關的風險」。

#### 環境政策及表現

本集團的政策及流程尊重環境保護。為保護環境, 管理層已實行綠色辦公慣例並踐行資源回收利用、 減少浪費。本集團致力於維護集團及其僱員對環 境保護責任的意識。例如購買具有良好環保認證 或標籤的產品、以電子渠道傳送大量文件、以電 子方式而非印刷版本來標註文件、雙面黑白印刷、 重複使用已印刷紙張及信封以及於下班後/非辦 公時間、公眾假期關閉燈具及冷氣。

#### 遵守相關法例及規例

遵守相關法例及規例乃本集團業務營運的奠基石。 法例、規則、規例及執法慣例的變動可能持續對 本集團的營運帶來挑戰。其中包括,本集團根據 香港、開曼群島、英屬維爾京群島及中華人民共 和國的相關公司法、GEM上市規則以及香港法例 第571章《證券及期貨條例》(「證券及期貨條例」) 進行營運。



The Group has also adopted a whistleblowing policy for reporting of wrong-doing within the Group. The whistleblowing policy can be found in the Group's compliance manual which is regularly reviewed and updated as and when necessary.

# Key relationships with employees, customers, suppliers and other stakeholders

The Group has developed and implemented a remuneration structure which is a key for the Group to attract and retain the best talents. Details of emolument policy and employee benefits are set out in the section headed "Employees and remuneration policies" under "Management Discussion and Analysis" in this annual report. There have been no material interruptions to operations nor any material labour disputes to date. In addition, the Group encourages and supports employees to attend courses, seminars and workshops that are relevant to their jobs to obtain up-skills so as to keep them challenged and engaged as well as assist the Group's sustainable business success.

The Group has maintained productive relationships with its customers, investees, co-investors and suppliers. With its professional board, company website, financial reports and the annual general meeting, the Group has significantly improved its transparency and communication with its shareholders. The controlling shareholder has also been very supportive and resourceful in growing the business and mindful of all shareholders' interests to see the Company succeed.

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The results of the Group for the Year and the state of affairs of the Group as at 31 March 2025 are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 85 to 93 of this annual report.

The Company has adopted a dividend policy in June 2019 (the "Dividend Policy"). The declaration, form, frequency and amount of dividend paid by the Company must be in accordance with all applicable laws, rules and regulations and subject to the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles of Association"). The Company does not have any pre-determined dividend payout ratio. When considering dividend declaration or recommendation, the Board shall take into account a number of factors, including but not limited to the Group's business condition and strategy, capital requirement; and earnings, financial and cash flow position, and distributable reserves.

本集團亦已採納有關報告本集團內違規事件的舉 報政策。上述舉報政策載錄於本集團的合規手冊 內,該手冊乃於需要時定期審閱及更新。

### 與僱員、客戶、供應商及其他利益相關 者的重要關係

本集團已制定並實施薪酬架構,這是本集團吸引 及保留優秀人才的關鍵。薪酬政策及僱員福利的 詳情載於本年報「管理層討論及分析」項下「僱員 及薪酬政策」一節。迄今為止,本公司從沒重大中 斷營運,亦沒有任何重大勞資糾紛。此外,本集 團亦鼓勵及支持員工參與與其工作相關的課程、 研討會及工作坊,讓員工獲取最新的技能,保持 他們的競爭力,從而協助本集團可持續業務成功。

本集團與其客戶、被投資人、共同投資者及供應 商維持富有建設性的關係。憑藉本集團專業的董 事會、公司網站、財務報告及股東週年大會,本 集團大幅提升了透明度及與股東的溝通。控股股 東亦一直對增長業務提供大力支持及財務資源, 同時關注全體股東的利益,期盼本公司的成功。

# 業績及股息

本集團於本年度的業績及於2025年3月31日的事務狀況載於本年報第85頁至第93頁的綜合財務報表。

本公司於2019年6月採納一項股息政策(「股息政 策」)。本公司的股息宣派、形式、頻次及金額須 根據所有適用法律、規則及法規作出,並須受本 公司組織章程細則(「組織章程細則」)規限。本公 司並無任何預定的派息比率。當考慮宣派或建議 派發股息時,董事會須考慮多項因素,包括但不 限於本集團的業務狀況及策略、資本需求;及盈 利、財務及現金流量狀況,以及可供分派儲備。



Having considered the factors stated in the Dividend Policy adopted by the Company, the Board does not recommend the payment of a dividend for the Year (2024: Nil).

**CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS** 

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 12 August 2025 to Friday, 15 August 2025 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of determining the entitlement to attend and vote at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company (the "AGM"). During which period no transfer of shares of the Company will be registered. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the AGM, all completed transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificate(s) must be lodged with the Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar of the Company, Tricor Investor Services Limited at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 11 August 2025.

#### **PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT**

Movements in the property and equipment of the Group during the Year are set out in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **SHARE CAPITAL**

Details of the share capital of the Company are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

As at 31 March 2025, the Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders comprising share premium account and accumulated loss amounted to approximately RMB13.8 million (31 March 2024: approximately RMB96.3 million). Details of the Company's distributable reserves as at 31 March 2025 are set out in note 42 to the consolidated financial statements.

經計及本公司採納之股息政策中所載列的因素, 董事會不建議就本年度派付股息(2024年:無)。

#### 暫停辦理股份過戶登記

本公司將由2025年8月12日(星期二)至2025年8 月15日(星期五)(包括首尾兩天)暫停辦理股份過 戶登記手續,以便釐定擁有出席本公司應屆股東 週年大會(「股東週年大會」)並於會上投票之權利。 期間將不會進行任何本公司股份之過戶登記。如 欲符合出席股東週年大會並於會上投票之資格, 所有填妥之過戶文件連同有關股票,最遲須於 2025年8月11日(星期一)下午4時30分前送交本 公司股份過戶登記處香港分處卓佳證券登記有限 公司(地址為香港夏慤道16號遠東金融中心17 樓),辦理過戶登記手續。

### 物業及設備

本集團於本年度的物業及設備變動載於綜合財務 報表附註14。

### 股本

本公司的股本詳情載於綜合財務報表附註32。

### 可供分派儲備

於2025年3月31日,本公司可供分派予股東的儲備包括股份溢價賬及累計虧損合共約 人民幣13,800,000元(2024年3月31日:約人民 幣96,300,000元)。於2025年3月31日本公司可 供分派儲備的詳情載於綜合財務報表附註42。



# DIRECTORS

The Directors during the Year and as at the date of this report are as follows:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. QIU Xiaojian (*Chairman*) Mr. HU Shilong (*Chief Executive Officer*) Mr. LI Xiang Ms. ZHOU Fang Ms. LIU Xiaochen Mr. XU Gang Mr. WANG Rui

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. ZENG Liang Mr. WANG Li Mr. YANG Hongjun (appointed on 23 August 2024) Ms. LI Guiying (appointed on 23 August 2024) Mr. Stephen MARKSCHEID (resigned on 23 August 2024) Mr. ZHANG Weidong (resigned on 23 August 2024)

Biographical details of the Directors currently in service are set out on pages 17 to 22 of this annual report.

# DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the Directors has a service contract with the Group which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

### **CHANGES IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS**

Pursuant to Rule 17.50A(1) of the GEM Listing Rules, there was no change in information of Directors required to be disclosed for the Year.

### **PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION**

The Articles of Association provide that Directors shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities incurred or sustained in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour, or in which he is acquitted. The Company has maintained liability insurance to provide appropriate cover for the directors of the Group during the Year.

### 董事

於本年度及於本報告刊發日期之董事如下:

### 執行董事

邱曉健先生(主席) 胡仕龍先生(行政總裁) 李響先生 周芳女士 劉小琛女士 徐剛先生 王睿先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

```
曾良先生
王力先生
楊洪軍先生
(於2024年8月23日獲委任)
李桂英女士
(於2024年8月23日獲委任)
Stephen MARKSCHEID先生
(於2024年8月23日辭任)
張衛東先生
(於2024年8月23日辭任)
```

目前在職董事的詳細履歷載於本年報第17頁至第 22頁。

# 董事的服務合約

概無董事與本集團訂立有本集團不可於一年內不 給予賠償(法定賠償除外)之情況下而予以終止的 服務合約。

#### 董事資料變更

根據GEM上市規則第17.50A(1)條,本年度須予披露之董事資料並無變動。

### 准許彌償條文

組織章程細則規定,董事有權就其在獲判勝訴或 獲判無罪的任何法律訴訟(不論民事或刑事)中進 行抗辯而招致或蒙受的一切損失或責任從本公司 資產中獲得彌償。於本年度內,本公司已續購責 任保險,為本集團董事提供適當保障。

### DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S **INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE** SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

As at 31 March 2025, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance, Chapter 571 of the laws of Hong Kong ("SFO")) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which were required, pursuant to Rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules relating to securities transactions by the Directors to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange were as follows:

# 董事及最高行政人員於本公司或任何 相聯法團的股份、相關股份及債權證 中的權益及淡倉

於2025年3月31日,本公司董事及最高行政人員 於本公司或其相聯法團(定義見香港法例第571章 證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)的 任何股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有須根據證券 及期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部知會本公司及 聯交所(包括彼等根據證券及期貨條例有關條文被 認為或視作擁有的權益或淡倉)的權益及淡倉,或 須根據證券及期貨條例第352條記錄在該條文所 述登記冊內,或須根據 GEM 上市規則有關董事進 行證券交易的第5.46至5.67條而知會本公司及聯 交所的權益及淡倉如下:

#### Approximate percentage of Name of director/ Number of shareholding chief executive Capacity shares held in the Company 佔本公司股權的 董事/最高行政人員姓名 身份 所持股份數目 概約百分比 Mr. Hu Shilong ("Mr. Hu") (Note 1 & 2) Interest of controlled corporation 212,640,219 4.45% 胡仕龍先生(「胡先生」)(附註1及2) 受控制法團的權益 Interest of a party to a voting 2,865,644,243 60.00% rights entrustment deed 投票表決權委託契據一方的 權益 Ms. Zhou Fang ("Ms. Zhou") (Note 3) Interest of controlled corporation 113,560,919 2.38% 周芳女士(「周女士」)(附註3) 受控制法團的權益 Notes: 附註: 該等股份由NINEGO Corporation(「NINEGO」)直接持有。 These shares were held directly by NINEGO Corporation ("NINEGO"). NINEGO 1. 1 NINEGO由胡先生持有40.60% 權益。故根據證券及期貨 is held by Mr. Hu as to 40.60%. As Such, Mr. Hu is deemed to be interested

#### Long positions in share of the Company

#### 於本公司股份的好倉

in 212,640,219 shares of the Company held by NINEGO by virtue of the SFO.

條例, 胡先生被視為於NINEGO所持本公司212,640,219 股股份中擁有權益。

- 2. On 28 August 2023, Mr. Hu, Zhong Zhi Xin Zhuo Capital Company Limited ("Zhongzhi Xinzhuo") and Kang Bang Qi Hui (HK) Company Limited ("Kang Bang (HK)") entered into a voting rights entrustment deed, pursuant to which each of Zhongzhi Xinzhuo and Kang Bang (HK) has entrusted the voting rights over all of its 2,409,823,718 shares of the Company and 455,820,525 shares of the Company respectively to Mr. Hu. As such, Mr. Hu is deemed to be interested in an aggregate of 2,865,644,243 shares of the Company held by Zhongzhi Xinzhuo and Kang Bang (HK) by virtue of the SFO.
- These shares were held directly by FUNGHWA Ltd. ("FUNGHWA"). FUNGHWA is held by Ms. Zhou as to 100%. As Such, Ms. Zhou is deemed to be interested in 113,560,919 shares of the Company held by FUNGHWA by virtue of the SFO.

# SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 March 2025, so far as was known to the Directors, the following persons (other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company) had, or were deemed to have, interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO, or who were directly or indirectly interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of any member of the Group:

#### Long positions in share of the Company

- 於2023年8月28日,胡先生、Zhong Zhi Xin Zhuo Capital Company Limited(「Zhongzhi Xinzhuo」)及康邦齊輝(香港) 有限公司(「康邦(香港)」)訂立《投票表決權委託契據》, 據此,Zhongzhi Xinzhuo 及康邦(香港)各自已分別將其於 本公司的全部2,409,823,718股股份及本公司的 455,820,525股股份的投票表決權委託予胡先生。因此, 根據證券及期貨條例,胡先生被視為於Zhongzhi Xinzhuo 及康邦(香港)合共持有的本公司2,865,644,243股股份中 擁有權益。
- 3. 該等股份由FUNGHWA Ltd. (「FUNGHWA」)直接持有。 FUNGHWA由周女士持有100%權益。因此,根據證券及 期貨條例,周女士被視為於FUNGHWA所持本公司 113,560,919股股份中擁有權益。

# 主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份中 的權益及淡倉

於2025年3月31日,據董事所知,下列人士(本 公司董事或最高行政人員除外)於本公司股份或相 關股份中擁有或被視為擁有須根據證券及期貨條 例第XV部第2及第3分部條文向本公司披露或須 記錄在本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條須予 以存置的登記冊的權益或淡倉,或直接或間接擁 有附帶權利可於所有情況下在本集團任何成員公 司的股東大會上投票的任何類別股本面值的5% 或以上權益:

# 於本公司股份的好倉

Name of shareholder	Capacity	Number of shares held	Approximate percentage of shareholding in the Company 佔本公司股權的 概約百分比
股東名稱/姓名	身份	所持股份數目	
Zhong Zhi Xin Zhuo Capital Company Limited ("Zhongzhi Xinzhuo") (Note 1)	Beneficial owner	2,409,823,718	50.46%
Zhong Zhi Xin Zhuo Capital Company Limited (「Zhongzhi Xinzhuo」)(附註1)	實益擁有人		
Kang Bang Qi Hui (HK) Company Limited ("Kang Bang (HK)") <i>(Note 1)</i>	Beneficial owner	455,820,525	9.54%
康邦齊輝(香港)有限公司 (「康邦(香港)」)( <i>附註1)</i>	實益擁有人		

Name of shareholder	Capacity	Number of shares held	Approximate percentage of shareholding in the Company 佔本公司股權的 概約百分比
股東名稱/姓名	身份	所持股份數目	
Tian Xi Capital Company Limited ("Tian Xi Capital") <i>(Note 1)</i>	Interest of controlled corporation	2,865,644,243	60.00%
Tian Xi Capital Company Limited (「Tian Xi Capital」) <i>(附註1)</i>	受控制法團的權益		
Zhong Zhi Ze Yun Capital Company Limited ("Ze Yun Capital") (Note 1)	Interest of controlled corporation	2,865,644,243	60.00%
Zhong Zhi Ze Yun Capital Company Limited (「Ze Yun Capital」)(附註1)	受控制法團的權益		
Mr. XIE Zhikun <sup>#</sup> ("Mr. Xie") <i>(Note 1)</i> 解直錕先生#(「解先生」) <i>(附註1)</i>	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團的權益	2,865,644,243	60.00%
Gfly Ltd <i>(Note 2)</i> Gfly Ltd (附註2)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	437,500,000	9.16%
LVYY Cayman Limited <i>(Note 2)</i> LVYY Cayman Limited ( <i>附註2</i> )	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團的權益	437,500,000	9.16%
LVYY Holding Limited (Note 2) LVYY Holding Limited (附註2)	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團的權益	437,500,000	9.16%
Mr. Lyu Wenyang <i>(Note 2)</i> Lyu Wenyang先生 <i>(附註2)</i>	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團的權益	437,500,000	9.16%
NINEGO Corporation ("NINEGO") <i>(Note 3)</i> NINEGO Corporation (「NINEGO」)(附註3)	Beneficial Owner 實益擁有人	212,640,219	4.45%
Ms. Liu Yingying ("Ms. Liu") <i>(Note 3)</i> 劉瑩瑩女士(「劉女士」) <i>(附註3)</i>	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團的權益	212,640,219	4.45%

<sup>#</sup> Mr. Xie passed away on 18 December 2021.

# 解先生於2021年12月18日逝世。

#### Notes:

- Each of Zhongzhi Xinzhuo and Kang Bang (HK) is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Tian Xi Capital. Ze Yun Capital, a company wholly-owned by Mr. Xie, controls 100% of the voting power at general meetings of Tian Xi Capital. As such, each of Tian Xi Capital, Ze Yun Capital and Mr. Xie is deemed to be interested in an aggregate of 2,865,644,243 shares of the Company held by Zhongzhi Xinzhuo and Kang Bang (HK) by virtue of the SFO.
- Gfly Ltd is a wholly-owned subsidiary of LVYY Cayman Limited. LVYY Cayman Limited is a wholly-owned subsidiary of LVYY Holding Limited, a company wholly-owned by Mr. Lyu Wenyang. As such, each of LVYY Cayman Limited, LVYY Holding Limited and Mr. Lyu Wenyang is deemed to be interested in 437,500,000 shares of the Company held by Gfly Ltd by virtue of the SFO.
- NINEGO is held by Ms. Liu as to 59.40%. As such, Ms. Liu is deemed to be interested in 212,640,219 shares of the Company held by NINEGO by virtue of the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2025, the Directors were not aware of any other person (other than the Directors and chief executive of the Company) who had an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO, or who was directly or indirectly interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of any member of the Group.

# ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during the Year was the Company, its subsidiaries or its ultimate holding company or any subsidiary of such ultimate holding company a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

#### 附註:

- Zhongzhi Xinzhuo及康邦(香港)均為Tian Xi Capital的 全資附屬公司。Ze Yun Capital(解先生全資擁有的公司) 控制Tian Xi Capital股東大會的全部投票權。因此,根 據證券及期貨條例,Tian Xi Capital、Ze Yun Capital及 解先生被視為於Zhongzhi Xinzhuo及康邦(香港)合共持 有的本公司2,865,644,243 股股份中擁有權益。
- Gfly Ltd為LVYY Cayman Limited之全資附屬公司。LVYY Cayman Limited為LVYY Holding Limited (Lyu Wenyang 先生全資擁有的公司)的全資附屬公司。因此,根據證 券及期貨條例,LVYY Cayman Limited、LVYY Holding Limited及Lyu Wenyang先生各自被視為於Gfly Ltd持有 的437,500,000股本公司股份中擁有權益。
- NINEGO由劉女士持有59.40% 權益。故根據證券及期貨 條例,劉女士被視為於NINEGO所持本公司212,640,219 股股份中擁有權益。

除上文所披露者外,於2025年3月31日,董事並 不知悉任何其他人士(本公司董事及最高行政人員 除外)於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有須根據證券 及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部條文向本公司 披露或須記錄在本公司根據證券及期貨條例第 336條須予以存置的登記冊的權益或淡倉,或直 接或間接擁有附帶權利可於所有情況下在本集團 任何成員公司的股東大會上投票的任何類別股本 面值的5%或以上權益。

### 購買股份或債權證的安排

本公司、其附屬公司或其最終控股公司或有關最 終控股公司的任何附屬公司於本年度任何時間概 無訂立任何安排,致使董事可藉購入本公司或任 何其他法團之股份或債權證而獲益。



# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed in this annual report, no other transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party or were parties and in which a Director or any entities connected with a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the Year or at any time during the Year.

#### **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Group were entered into or in existence during the Year.

### **CONTRACT OF SIGNIFICANCE**

Save as disclosed in this report, at no time during the Year had the Company or any of its subsidiaries entered into any contract of significance with the controlling shareholder or any of its subsidiaries, nor had any contract of significance been entered into for the services provided by the controlling shareholder or any of its subsidiaries to the Company or any of its subsidiaries.

#### **INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

The Company has through the Nomination Committee reviewed the independence of each of the independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. ZENG Liang, Mr. WANG Li, Mr. YANG Hongjun and Ms. LI Guiying who were in service during the Year, and has received annual confirmations of their independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules. These written confirmations also covered the immediate family members (as defined under the GEM Listing Rules) of each of the independent non-executive Directors. The Company considers all of them independent.

# 董事於重要交易、安排或合約的權益

除本年報所披露者外,於本年度末或於本年度任 何時間,概無董事或其任何關連實體於本公司或 其任何附屬公司所訂立並與本集團業務有關而存 續的其他重要交易、安排或合約中,直接或間接 擁有重大權益。

### 管理合約

於本年度,概無訂立或存在有關於本集團全部或 任何重大部分業務的管理及行政方面的合約。

### 重要合約

除本年報所披露者外,於本年度任何時間,本公 司或其任何附屬公司概無與控股股東或其任何附 屬公司訂立任何重要合約,亦無就控股股東或其 任何附屬公司向本公司或其任何附屬公司提供服 務而訂立任何重要合約。

#### 獨立非執行董事

本公司已透過提名委員會檢討各獨立非執行董事 (分別為於本年度任職的曾良先生、王力先生、楊 洪軍先生及李桂英女士)的獨立性,並已收到彼等 根據GEM上市規則第5.09條就彼等的獨立性提交 之年度確認書。該等確認書亦涵蓋每名獨立非執 行董事的直屬家庭成員(定義見GEM上市規則)。 本公司認為彼等均屬獨立人士。



#### **CONTRACTUAL ARRANGEMENTS**

The transactions contemplated under the series of contractual arrangements entered into by, among others, WFOE, DaLian Kingwisoft, and Mr. Hu Shilong, Ms. Liu Yingying, Ms. Zhou Fang and Changzhou Xiangjia Zhongzhou Investment Centre Limited Partnership\* (常州翔嘉中舟投資中心(有限合夥)) (the "Registered Shareholders") on 12 June 2020 (the "Contractual Arrangements") are non-exempt continuing connected transactions, which are subject to reporting, annual review and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

For the purposes of Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules, and in particular the definition of "connected person", the entities we control through the Contractual Arrangements (collectively, the "Consolidated Affiliated Entities"), including but not limited to, DaLian Kingwisoft, Chengdu Kingwisoft Data Services Co., Ltd.\* (成都金慧融智數據服務有限公司), Wuhan Kingwisoft Technology Co., Ltd.\* (武漢金慧融智科技有限公司), Kunshan Kingwisoft Information Technology Co., Ltd.\* (昆山金慧信息科技有限公司), Leshan Kingwisoft Technology Co., Ltd.\* (樂山金慧融智科技有限 公司), Xiangyang Kingwisoft Internet Technology Co., Ltd.\* (襄陽 金慧互聯網科技有限公司), Dalian Nanyou Information Technology Co., Ltd.\* (大連南郵信息技術有限公司, formerly known as 青島 南郵信息技術有限公司), DaLian Kingwisoft Internet Service Outsourcing Co., Ltd.\* (大連金慧融智網絡服務外包有限公司), Mianyang Kingwisoft Internet Service Co,. Ltd.\* (綿陽金慧互聯網 服務有限公司) and Dalian Zhiyin Internet Technology Co., Ltd.\* (大連智銀互聯網科技有限公司), are treated as the Company's subsidiaries, and their directors, chief executives or substantial shareholders (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) and their respective associates are treated as the Company's connected persons.

### 合約安排

外商獨資企業、大連金慧與胡仕龍先生、劉瑩瑩 女士、周芳女士及常州翔嘉中舟投資中心(有限合 夥)(「登記股東」)等於2020年6月12日訂立系列 合約安排(「合約安排」)項下擬進行交易為非豁免 持續關連交易,須遵守GEM上市規則第20章項下 申報、年度審閱及獨立股東批准規定。

就GEM上市規則第20章而言,尤其是「關連人士」 的釋義,我們透過合約安排控制的實體(統稱「併 表附屬實體」),包括但不限於大連金慧、成都金 慧融智數據服務有限公司、武漢金慧融智科技有 限公司、昆山金慧信息科技有限公司、樂山金慧 融智科技有限公司、襄陽金慧互聯網科技有限公 司、大連南郵信息技術有限公司(前稱青島南郵信 息技術有限公司)、大連金慧融智網絡服務外包有 限公司、綿陽金慧互聯網服務有限公司及大連智 銀互聯網科技有限公司,均視如本公司之附屬公 司,且其董專、最高行政人員或主要股東(定義見 GEM上市規則)及彼等各自的聯繫人均視如本公 司關連人士。

<sup>\*</sup> for identification purpose only


#### **Reasons for the Contractual Arrangements**

As advised by the PRC legal advisor, in accordance with the Telecommunication Regulations of the PRC (《中華人民共和國電 信條例》) (the "Telecommunication Regulations") promulgated on 25 September 2000, and most recently amended on 6 February 2016, by the State Council of the PRC, a service provider is required to obtain a value-added telecommunication business operating license (《增值電信業務經營許可證》) ("VATS Licence") from the Ministry of Industry and Information Technology of the PRC (the "MIIT") or its authorised local counterpart before commencing the provision of value-added telecommunication services ("VAT Services"). Further, under the Catalogue of Telecommunication Business (《電信業務分類目錄》) promulgated on 28 December 2015, and most recently amended on 6 June 2019, by MIIT (the "Telecommunication Catalogue"), call centre services is a type of VAT Services, thus any provider of call centre services in China is required to obtain a VATS Licence before commencing its operation.

In accordance with the Telecommunication Catalogue:

- (i) call centre services mean business consultation, information consultation and data query services regarding an entity for the end-users of such entity through public communication network by: (a) utilising call centre system which is connected to public communication network or the Internet;
   (b) utilising database technology; and (c) establishing information base through information collection, processing and storage;
- users of call centre services may: (a) enter into a call centre system and gain access to the database of the call centre system through multiple channels such as telephone, fax, mobile communication terminals and computer terminals; and (b) receive information consultation services by multiple means such as voice, fax, email and text messages; and
- (iii) call centre services also include leasing of call centre system and workstations of call centre operators.

#### 訂立合約安排的理由

誠如中國法律顧問所告知,根據中國國務院於 2000年9月25日頒佈並於2016年2月6日最新修 訂的《中華人民共和國電信條例》(「電信條例」), 服務提供商在開始提供增值電信服務(「增值電信 服務」)前須向中華人民共和國工業和信息化部(「工 信部」)或其授權地方機構獲取《增值電信業務經營 許可證》(「增值電信服務許可證」)。此外,根據工 信部於2015年12月28日頒佈並於2019年6月6 日最新修訂的《電信業務分類目錄》(「電信目錄」), 呼叫中心服務是一種增值電信服務,因此,中國 任何呼叫中心服務的提供商均須在開始其營運前 取得增值電信服務許可證。

根據電信目錄:

- (i) 呼叫中心服務指通過公用通信網按下列方式
  向一間實體的終端用戶提供有關該實體的業務諮詢、信息諮詢和數據查詢等服務:(a)利用與公用通信網或互聯網連接的呼叫中心系統;(b)利用數據庫技術;及(c)經過信息採集、加工、存儲等建立信息庫;
- (ii) 呼叫中心服務的用戶可:(a)進入呼叫中心系統並透過電話、傳真、移動通訊終端及電腦終端等多種渠道訪問呼叫中心系統的數據庫;及(b)透過語音、傳真、電郵及短信等多渠道接受信息諮詢服務;及
- (iii) 呼叫中心服務亦包括出租呼叫中心系統及呼叫中心話務員座席。



Furthermore, under the Regulations for the Administration of Foreign-Invested Telecommunication Enterprises (《外商投資電信 企業管理規定》) (the "FITE Regulations") promulgated on 11 December 2001, and amended on 10 September 2008, 6 February 2016, 29 March 2022, by the State Council and the Administrative Measures for Telecommunication Business Operating Permit (《電信業務經營許可管理辦法》) (the "Telecommunication Measures") promulgated on 3 July 2017 by MIIT:

- the establishment of a foreign-invested telecommunication enterprise which engages in the provision of any VAT Services in China must be approved by the MIIT or its authorised local counterparts;
- the holder of a VATS Licence is required to obtain the approval of the MIIT and/or its authorised local counterparts if there is any change to the shareholders of such holder; and
- (iii) prior to the effective date of the latest amendments to the FITE Regulations, which was on 1 May 2022, the main foreign investor in a foreign-invested telecommunication enterprise which engages in the provision of VAT Services must satisfy the Qualification Requirement of VATS, including, a proven track record of good performance, and operating experience, in carrying on value-added telecommunication business.

On 29 March 2022, the State Council issued the Decision to Amend and Abolish Certain Administrative Regulations (the "2022 Decision"), which makes amendments to the FITE Regulations. The amendments include, among others, removing the good performance and operating experience for main foreign investors in a foreign-invested telecommunication enterprise which conducting VAT Services as set out in the FITE Regulations. 此外,根據國務院於2001年12月11日頒佈並於 2008年9月10日、2016年2月6日及2022年3月 29日修訂的《外商投資電信企業管理規定》(「外商 投資電信企業規定」)及工信部於2017年7月3日 頒佈的《電信業務經營許可管理辦法》(「電信辦 法」):

- (i) 在中國成立從事提供任何增值電信服務的外 商投資電信企業必須取得工信部或其授權地 方機構的批准;
- (ii) 凡增值電信服務許可證持有人的股東發生任 何變動,均須取得工信部及/或其授權地方 機構的批准;及
- (iii) 於2022年5月1日外商投資電信企業規定的 最新修訂生效日期前,從事提供增值電信服 務的外商投資電信企業的主要外國投資者必 須符合增值電信服務資質要求,包括在從事 增值電信業務方面有關良好業績和經營經驗 的良好往績記錄。

於2022年3月29日,國務院頒佈《國務院關於修 改和廢止部分行政法規的決定》(「2022年決定」), 對外商投資電信企業規定作出修訂。該等修訂包 括(其中包括)取消外商投資電信企業規定所載從 事增值電信服務的外商投資電信企業的主要外國 投資者須具備良好業績和經營經驗的規定。



As advised by the PRC legal advisor, the business operated by the DaLian Kingwisoft Group (the "DaLian Kingwisoft Business"), comprising the back-office services (primarily provision of customer service solutions and setting up of contact service system and centres), can be further categorised into:

- business consultation, information consultation and data query services on behalf of an entity for the customers of such entity (such as general enquiry hotlines, customer service hotlines, post-sale follow-up services and customer satisfaction surveys) by utilising call centre system (which is connected to public communication network or the Internet) and/or database technology (the "Contact Services");
- (ii) information processing, business consultation and other customised business process outsourcing services on behalf of an entity for the customers of such entity (such as order processing, audio and video review and image processing) by utilising call centre system (which is connected to public communication network or the Internet) and/or database technology (the "Call Center-related BPO Services"); and
- (iii) designing, installing, testing and trial-testing contact service systems and centres which is connected to public communication network or the Internet for an entity, and providing software and hardware support for such contact service system and centres, in each case with a view to, or in connection with, providing Contact Services on behalf of such entity for the customers of such entity (the "Contact Service System and Centres Set-up Services").

As each of the Contact Services, the Call Center-related BPO Services and the Contact Service System and Centres Set-up Services involves the provision of services by the DaLian Kingwisoft Group on behalf of an entity for the customers of such entity through public communication network by:

(i) utilising call centre system which is connected to public communication network or the Internet;

誠如中國法律顧問所告知,大連金慧集團經營的 業務(「大連金慧業務」)包含後台服務(主要為提供 客戶服務解決方案及建立聯絡服務系統及中心), 可進一步分類為:

- (i) 透過利用呼叫中心系統(與公用通信網或互 聯網連接)及/或數據庫技術代表一間實體 向該實體的客戶提供業務諮詢、信息諮詢和 數據查詢等服務(如一般查詢熱線、客戶服 務熱線、售後跟進服務及客戶滿意度調查) (「聯絡服務」);
- (ii) 透過利用呼叫中心系統(與公用通信網或互 聯網連接)及/或數據庫技術代表一間實體 向該實體的客戶提供信息處理、業務諮詢及 其他定制業務流程外包服務(如訂單處理、 影音審閱及圖像處理)(「呼叫中心相關業務 流程外包服務」);及
- (iii) 旨在或就代表一間實體向該實體的客戶提供 聯絡服務而為該實體設計、安裝、測試及初 步測試與公用通信網或互聯網連接的聯絡服 務系統及中心,並為有關聯絡服務系統及中 心提供軟件及硬件支持(「聯絡服務系統及中 心設立服務」)。

由於聯絡服務、呼叫中心相關業務流程外包服務 以及聯絡服務系統及中心設立服務各自均涉及由 大連金慧集團通過公用通信網按下列方式代表一 間實體向該實體的客戶提供服務:

(i) 利用與公用通信網或互聯網連接的呼叫中心 系統;



- (ii) utilising database technology; and
- (iii) establishing information base through information collection, processing and storage,

the provision of the DaLian Kingwisoft Business by the DaLian Kingwisoft Group constitutes the provision of call centre services, one type of VAT Services, by the DaLian Kingwisoft Group. Therefore, in accordance with the Telecommunication Regulations, the DaLian Kingwisoft Group is required to hold VATS Licences in order to operate the DaLian Kingwisoft Business.

The transactions contemplated under the Contractual Arrangements are continuing connected transactions of our Company and are subject to reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

### **Qualification Requirements**

In addition to restrictions on foreign ownership, prior to the effective date of the latest amendments to the FITE Regulations, which was on 1 May 2022, there are also regulatory requirements on the experience and operations of a foreign investor who intends to operate a value-added telecommunications business in the PRC. As at the date of this report, the MIIT retains considerable discretion in granting approval of applications for establishing foreign-invested value-added telecommunications enterprises.

(ii) 利用數據庫技術;及

(iii) 經過信息採集、加工、存儲等建立信息庫,

故大連金慧集團提供大連金慧業務構成由大連金 慧集團提供呼叫中心服務(一種增值電信服務)。 因此,根據電信條例,大連金慧集團須為經營大 連金慧業務而持有增值電信服務許可證。

合約安排項下擬進行交易均為本公司持續關連交易,因此須遵守GEM上市規則第20章項下申報、 公告及獨立股東批准規定。

### 資質要求

除對外資所有權有限制外,於2022年5月1日外 商投資電信企業規定的最新修訂生效日期前,對 擬於中國提供經營增值電信業務的外國投資者的 經驗及營運亦有監管規定。於本報告日期,工信 部在批准設立外商投資增值電信企業方面保留相 當大的酌情權。



# Effects and Actions Undertaken to Comply with the Qualification Requirements

The Group has been gradually building up the track record of overseas VAT Services operations by undertaking the following steps:

- As at the date of this report, the Group has been rewarded through its cooperation with its international partners, and commenced working on certain projects to provide offshore customer support services in foreign languages, including Japanese and English. The Group plans to continue expanding its offshore customer support services business involving foreign languages in overseas markets;
- (ii) The Group is strengthening its close cooperation relationship with its international partners, such as SoftBank, with the aim of gradually exploring business opportunities and developing its customer base overseas. The Group also plans to build up its track record of overseas VAT Services operation by obtaining overseas projects through collaboration between its onshore and offshore entities; and
- (iii) It is the Group's strategy to identify suitable offshore companies with proper value-added telecommunications services operation and acquire a controlling stake in such companies in future, in order to build up its track record of overseas VAT Services operation.

We will continue to actively manage the operation of the Group and procure the Group to continue carrying out the above steps for the purpose of being qualified, as early as possible, to acquire the entire shareholding in DaLian Kingwisoft when the relevant PRC Laws and authorities allow foreign investors to invest and hold interest in enterprises which engage in VAT Services.

#### 遵守資質要求的影響及所採取的行動

本集團已透過採取下列步驟逐漸建立海外增值電 信服務營運的往績記錄:

- (i) 於本報告日期,本集團已透過與國際夥伴合 作並在若干項目中著手以日語及英語等外國 語提供境外客戶支持服務而獲利。本集團計 劃繼續於海外市場擴闊外國語相關境外客戶 支持服務業務;
- (ii) 本集團將鞏固與其國際夥伴(如軟銀)的緊密 合作關係,以逐漸拓展商機及開發海外客戶 群。本集團亦計劃透過其境內及境外實體合 作獲取海外項目,以此建立其海外增值電信 服務營運的往績記錄;及
- (iii) 本集團制定策略物色從事適當增值電信服務 營運的合適境外公司,並於日後收購該等公 司的控股權,以建立其海外增值電信服務營 運的往績記錄。

我們將繼續積極管理本集團營運,並促使本集團 繼續採取上述步驟,以盡早合資格於有關中國法 律及部門允許外國投資者投資從事增值電信服務 的企業並於當中持有權益時收購大連金慧的全部 股權。



In addition, the Group has taken the following steps with a view to gradually building up its track record of overseas VAT Services operations, demonstrating compliance with the Qualification Requirement of VATS, and being qualified, as early as possible, to acquire the entire equity interest in the registered capital of DaLian Kingwisoft when there is clear guidance and interpretation on the Qualification Requirement of VATS under applicable PRC Laws, regulations and rules and when, as a matter of regulatory policy and practice, the MIIT and its authorised local counterparts will accept and approve applications by the members of the DaLian Kingwisoft Group which engage in the provision of VAT Services to be converted into foreign invested telecommunication enterprises which engage in the provision of VAT Services:

- the Group is in the process of registering trademarks outside the PRC for the purpose of promoting VAT Services operations outside the PRC;
- the Group has registered one domain name outside the PRC for the purpose of introducing VAT Services operations outside the PRC to users outside the PRC; and
- (iii) the Group has obtained a local phone number in Hong Kong for the purpose of promoting VAT Services operations outside the PRC.

We will, under the guidance of the PRC legal advisor, make periodic enquiries with the relevant PRC governmental authorities to understand whether there is any new regulatory development and continuously assess whether we meet the requirements imposed by PRC government authorities, if applicable.

#### **Risks Relating to the Contractual Arrangements**

We believe the following risks are associated with the Contractual Arrangements. Further details of these risks are set out on pages 160 to 167 of the circular dated 18 September 2020 (the "Circular") published by the Company.

• Substantial uncertainties and restrictions exist with respect to the interpretation and application of PRC laws and regulations relating to the provision of contact services in China.

此外,本集團已採取下列措施,以逐步建立起其 海外增值電信服務業務的往績記錄、證明符合增 值電信服務資質要求,並於適用中國法律、規例 及規則項下有增值電信服務資質要求的明確指引 及詮釋時及於(就監管政策及常規而言)工信部及 其授權地方機構將接受並批准從事提供增值電信 服務的大連金慧集團成員公司將改制為從事提供 增值電信服務的外商投資電信企業的申請時,盡 早合資格取得大連金慧的註冊資本的全部股權:

- (i) 本集團正在中國境外註冊商標,以在中國境 外推廣增值電信服務;
- (ii) 本集團已在中國境外註冊一個域名,以向中 國境外的用戶推介中國境外的增值電信服務 業務;及
- (iii) 本集團已取得香港本地電話號碼,以在中國 境外推廣增值電信服務業務。

我們將在中國法律顧問的指導下,定期向相關中 國政府部門作出查詢,以了解是否有任何新監管 進展並持續評估我們是否符合中國政府部門施加 的要求(如適用)。

#### 與合約安排有關的風險

我們認為以下風險與合約安排相關。該等風險的 進一步詳情載於本公司所發佈日期為2020年9月 18日之通函(「通函」)第160至167頁。

 有關於中國提供聯絡服務的中國法律及法規 的詮釋及應用存在重大不確定性及限制。



- We rely on Contractual Arrangements with the DaLian Kingwisoft Group and its shareholders for its business operations, which may not be as effective as direct ownership in providing operational control.
- Any failure by the DaLian Kingwisoft Group or its shareholders to perform their obligations under the Contractual Arrangements would have a material adverse effect on our business, and the domestic shareholder may have potential conflicts of interest with us.
- Contractual Arrangements may be subject to scrutiny by the PRC tax authorities and additional taxes may be imposed, which could negatively affect our financial condition and the value of the investment.
- We conduct the DaLian Kingwisoft Business in the PRC through the DaLian Kingwisoft Group by way of the Contractual Arrangements, but certain of the terms of the Contractual Arrangements may not be enforceable under PRC laws.
- Our exercise of the option to acquire equity ownership and assets of the DaLian Kingwisoft Group may subject to certain limitation and we may need to expend significant resources to acquire all or part of the equity interests in the DaLian Kingwisoft Group from the respective equity holders.
- The WFOE may lose the ability to use and enjoy assets held by the DaLian Kingwisoft Group that are material to the operation of certain portions of its business if the DaLian Kingwisoft Group goes bankrupt or become subject to a dissolution or liquidation proceeding.
- Substantial uncertainties exist with respect to the interpretation and implementation of the PRC Foreign Investment Law and how it may impact the viability of our current corporate structure, corporate governance and business operations.

- 我們依賴與大連金慧集團及其股東所訂立的 合約安排進行其業務營運,合約安排於營運 控制上可能不及直接擁有權有效。
- 任何大連金慧集團或其股東未能履行合約安 排項下彼等的義務會對我們的業務造成重大 不利影響及國內股東可能與我們產生潛在利 益衝突。
- 合約安排可能須受中國税務機關審查,且可 能須繳納額外税款,其可能對我們的財務狀 況及投資價值造成負面影響。
- 我們以合約安排方式透過大連金慧集團於中 國開展大連金慧業務,但合約安排的若干條 款或會不能根據中國法律強制執行。
- 我們可能會因行使期權購買大連金慧集團的 股權及資產遭受若干限制,而我們或需消耗 大量資源以向有關權益持有人收購大連金慧 集團的全部或部分股權。
- 倘大連金慧集團宣佈破產或受限於解散或清 盤法律程序,外商獨資企業可能失去使用及 享有大連金慧集團所持對其若干部分業務營 運至關重要的資產的能力。
- 《中華人民共和國外商投資法》的詮釋及實施,以及其將如何影響目標集團的現行公司 架構、企業管治及業務營運的存續均存在重 大不確定性。

#### **Contractual Arrangements in Place**

A brief description of the major terms of the Contractual Arrangements which were in place during the Year is as follows:

#### **Exclusive Business Cooperation Agreement**

The Exclusive Business Cooperation Agreement was entered into between the WFOE and DaLian Kingwisoft on 12 June 2020, pursuant to which DaLian Kingwisoft agrees to engage the WFOE as its exclusive provider of business support, technical and consulting services, including technical services, network support, business consultation, intellectual property licensing, equipment leasing, market consultancy, system integration, product research and development and system maintenance, in exchange for service fees. Under the Exclusive Business Cooperation Agreement, the service fees, subject to the WFOE's adjustment, are equal to the net profit of DaLian Kingwisoft and its subsidiaries. The WFOE may adjust the service fees at its sole discretion, after taking into account certain factors, including but not limited to the deduction of necessary costs, expenses, taxes and other statutory contribution for the corresponding fiscal year, and may also include accumulated losses of DaLian Kingwisoft and its subsidiaries from previous financial periods. The service fees shall be transferred to the designated account of the WFOE upon issuance of payment notification by the WFOE. The WFOE enjoys the entire economic benefits derived from the businesses of DaLian Kingwisoft and its subsidiaries, and bears relevant risks of DaLian Kingwisoft and its subsidiaries. If DaLian Kingwisoft runs into financial deficit or suffers severe operation difficulties, the WFOE will provide financial support to DaLian Kingwisoft.

In line with the services it provides, the WFOE has employed relevant personnel primarily providing consulting and technical services to DaLian Kingwisoft. In addition, the WFOE's primary operating assets will be IT facilities, network and equipment, which support its provision of services to DaLian Kingwisoft under the Exclusive Business Cooperation Agreement. The WFOE and its subsidiaries also engage in comprehensive marketing and agency services and data centre services businesses.

#### 既有合約安排

於本年度既有合約安排之主要條款簡述如下:

#### 獨家業務合作協議

獨家業務合作協議乃由外商獨資企業與大連金慧 於2020年6月12日訂立,據此,大連金慧同意委 聘外商獨資企業作為其業務支持、技術及諮詢服 務的獨家供應商,包括技術服務、網絡支持、業 務諮詢、知識產權許可、設備租賃、市場諮詢、 系統整合、產品研發及系統維護,以換取服務費。 根據獨家業務合作協議,服務費(可由外商獨資企 業調整)相等於大連金慧及其附屬公司的純利。外 商獨資企業經考慮若干因素(包括但不限於扣除相 應財政年度的必要成本、開支、税項及其他法定 供款,亦可能包括大連金慧及其附屬公司於過往 財政期間的累計虧損)後可全權決定調整服務費。 服務費於外商獨資企業發出付款通知後將轉入外 商獨資企業的指定賬戶。外商獨資企業享有大連 金慧及其附屬公司業務產生的全部經濟利益,並 承擔大連金慧及其附屬公司的相關風險。倘大連 金慧出現財務赤字或遭受嚴重營運困難,則外商 獨資企業將向大連金慧提供財務支持。

因應其提供的服務,外商獨資企業已僱傭相關人員,主要向大連金慧提供諮詢及技術服務。此外, 外商獨資企業的主要營運資產將為IT設施、網絡 及設備,該等資產支持其根據獨家業務合作協議 向大連金慧提供服務。外商獨資企業及其附屬公 司亦從事全面營銷及代理服務及數據中心服務業 務。



Both the WFOE and DaLian Kingwisoft have internal control measures in place, which mainly include measures with respect to accounts payable and receivable, which require the review and approval by the relevant department(s) of the WFOE and DaLian Kingwisoft to confirm the services provided by the WFOE and received by DaLian Kingwisoft. Further, to ensure that the WFOE will not engage in the DaLian Kingwisoft Business or any other restricted business in the PRC, the WFOE has set up an internal control procedure, which requires the senior staff member of relevant departments to review the business to be entered into by the WFOE.

Intellectual property rights are developed during the normal course of business of DaLian Kingwisoft and its subsidiaries. Pursuant to the Exclusive Business Cooperation Agreement, the WFOE will have the exclusive and proprietary rights to all intellectual properties developed by DaLian Kingwisoft and its subsidiaries, given that the WFOE provides consultation services to DaLian Kingwisoft and its subsidiaries during the term of the Exclusive Business Cooperation Agreement. Part of the economic benefits generated by DaLian Kingwisoft and its subsidiaries will be intellectual properties developed or created during the normal business operation of DaLian Kingwisoft and its subsidiaries. Though it is not intended to transfer any existing intellectual property rights held by DaLian Kingwisoft to the WFOE, DaLian Kingwisoft is required under the Contractual Arrangements to obtain the WFOE's prior written consent before it transfers, assigns or disposes of any of the intellectual properties to any third party.

The Exclusive Business Cooperation Agreement is for an initial term of ten years and shall be automatically extended upon expiry unless the WFOE confirms a new renewal term in writing.

外商獨資企業及大連金慧均制定有內部監控措施, 主要包括有關應付及應收賬款的措施,該等措施 要求外商獨資企業及大連金慧的有關部門進行審 閱及批准,以確認外商獨資企業所提供及大連金 慧所接受的服務。此外,為確保外商獨資企業將 不從事大連金慧業務或中國任何其他受限制業務, 外商獨資企業制定了內部監控程序,要求有關部 門的高級職員審閱外商獨資企業將進行的業務。

知識產權乃於大連金慧及其附屬公司的正常業務 過程中所開發。根據獨家業務合作協議,鑒於外 商獨資企業於獨家業務合作協議期限內向大連金 慧及其附屬公司提供諮詢服務,故外商獨資企業 將對大連金慧及其附屬公司開發的所有知識產權 擁有獨家及特許權利。大連金慧及其附屬公司產 生的部分經濟利益將為大連金慧及其附屬公司的 正常業務營運中開發或創造的知識產權。儘管大 連金慧無意將其持有的任何現有知識產權轉讓予 外商獨資企業,根據合約安排,大連金慧於其轉 移、轉讓或出售任何知識產權予任何第三方前須 取得外商獨資企業的事先書面同意。

獨家業務合作協議首次期限為期十年,屆滿後自 動延期,除非外商獨資企業書面確認新的續期期 限則當別論。

#### **Exclusive Call Option Agreement**

The Exclusive Call Option Agreement was entered into by and among the WFOE, the Registered Shareholders and DaLian Kingwisoft on 12 June 2020, pursuant to which the WFOE (or KingNine Holdings Limited or any subsidiary of KingNine Holdings Limited , the "designee") has been granted an irrevocable and exclusive right to purchase all of the shares in and/or assets of DaLian Kingwisoft at a nominal price, unless the relevant government authorities or the PRC Laws request that another amount be used as the purchase price, in which case the purchase price shall be the lowest amount under such request. Subject to relevant PRC Laws and regulations, the Registered Shareholders and/or DaLian Kingwisoft shall return any amount of purchase price they have received to the WFOE. At the WFOE's request, the Registered Shareholders and/or DaLian Kingwisoft will promptly and unconditionally transfer their respective shareholding in and/ or the relevant assets of DaLian Kingwisoft to the WFOE (or its designee) after the WFOE exercises its call option. The Exclusive Call Option Agreement is for an initial term of ten years and shall be automatically extended upon expiry unless the WFOE confirms a new renewal term in writing.

In order to prevent the flow of the relevant assets and value of DaLian Kingwisoft and its subsidiaries to the Registered Shareholders, during the term of the Exclusive Call Option Agreement, DaLian Kingwisoft is not allowed to, and shall procure its subsidiaries not to, sell, transfer, mortgage or otherwise dispose of any of its assets (exceeding the value of RMB1 million) without the prior written consent of the WFOE. In addition, DaLian Kingwisoft is not allowed to, and shall procure its subsidiaries not to, make any distributions to its shareholder(s) without prior written consent of the WFOE. In the event that the Registered Shareholders receive any distribution from DaLian Kingwisoft and/ or its subsidiaries and subject to the PRC Laws, the Registered Shareholders must immediately pay or transfer such distribution to the WFOE (or its designee). If the WFOE exercises the call option all or any part of the shareholding in and/or assets of DaLian Kingwisoft acquired would be transferred to the WFOE, and the benefits of the equity ownership and/or assets, as applicable, would flow to KingNine Holdings Limited and its shareholders.

#### 獨家購買權協議

獨家購買權協議乃由外商獨資企業、登記股東及 大連金慧於2020年6月12日所訂立,據此,外商 獨資企業(或KingNine Holdings Limited或KingNine Holdings Limited 的任何附屬公司(「指定人士」))獲 授予不可撤回及獨家權利可以象徵性價格購買大 連金慧的全部股份及/或資產,除非有關政府部 門或中國法律要求使用另一金額作為購買價,在 此情況下,購買價須為有關要求下的最低價格。 在有關中國法律法規的規限下,登記股東及/或 大連金慧須退還彼等已收取的購買價的任何金額 予外商獨資企業。應外商獨資企業的要求,登記 股東及/或大連金慧將於外商獨資企業行使其購 買權後立即無條件地將彼等各自於大連金慧的股 權及/或有關資產轉讓予外商獨資企業(或其指定 人士)。獨家購買權協議首次期限為期十年,屆滿 後自動延期,除非外商獨資企業書面確認新的續 期期限則當別論。

為防止大連金慧及其附屬公司的有關資產及價值 流向登記股東,於獨家購買權協議期限內,未經 外商獨資企業的事先書面同意,大連金慧不得且 須促使其附屬公司不得出售、轉讓、抵押或以其 他方式處置其任何資產(超過價值人民幣1,000,000 元)。此外,未經外商獨資企業的事先書面同意, 大連金慧不得且須促使其附屬公司不得向其股東 作出任何分派。倘登記股東收到大連金慧及/或 其附屬公司的任何分派,在中國法律規限下,登 記股東必須即時支付或轉讓有關分派予外商獨資 企業(或其指定人士)。倘外商獨資企業行使其購 買權,則所收購的於大連金慧的全部或任何部分 股權及/或資產將轉讓予外商獨資企業,而股本 所有權及/或資產的利益(如適用)將流入 KingNine Holdings Limited 及其股東。



As provided in the Exclusive Call Option Agreement, without the prior written consent of the WFOE, DaLian Kingwisoft shall not, and shall procure its subsidiaries not to, among other things, (i) sell, transfer, pledge or dispose of in any manner any of its assets of more than RMB1 million; (ii) execute any material contract for a value more than RMB1 million, except any contracts in the ordinary course of business and any contracts entered into with any members of the Group; (iii) provide any loan, financial support, pledge or guarantees in any form to any third party, or allow any third party to create any pledge or other security interest over its assets or equity; (iv) incur, inherit, guarantee or allow any debt that is not incurred in the ordinary course of business of DaLian Kingwisoft or not disclosed and consented to by the WFOE; (v) enter into any consolidation or merger with any third party, or acquire or invest in any third party; (vi) increase or reduce its registered capital, or alter the structure of the registered capital in any other manner. The Exclusive Call Option Agreement provides that the Registered Shareholders and DaLian Kingwisoft shall procure the subsidiaries of DaLian Kingwisoft to comply with the above undertakings as if they are parties to the Exclusive Call Option Agreement. Therefore, due to the relevant restrictive provisions in the agreement, the potential adverse effect on the WFOE and the Group in the event of any loss suffered from DaLian Kingwisoft and/or its subsidiaries can be limited to a certain extent. In addition, in relation to the above restrictive provisions specified in the Exclusive Call Option Agreement, the asset disposals or value of contracts will be aggregated if such asset disposals or value of contracts (i) are entered into by KingNine Holdings Limited, its subsidiaries or the DaLian Kingwisoft Group with the same party or parties; or (ii) involve the disposal or contracts which relate to the whole or parts of the asset or securities or interests in a company or group of companies. Further, as advised by the PRC legal advisor, any transfer of shares in DaLian Kingwisoft pursuant to the terms of the Exclusive Call Option Agreement will need to be filed with relevant government authorities upon the exercise of the call option thereunder.

誠如獨家購買權協議所規定,未經外商獨資企業 事先書面同意,大連金慧不得且須促使其附屬公 司不得(其中包括)(i)出售、轉讓、質押或以任何 方式處置其任何超過人民幣1,000,000元的資產; (ii)簽立任何價值超過人民幣1,000,000元的重大 合約,惟於日常業務過程中的任何合約及與本集 團任何成員公司訂立的任何合約除外;(iii)以任何 形式向任何第三方提供任何貸款、財務支持、質 押或擔保,或允許任何第三方對其資產或股權設 立任何質押或其他擔保權益;(iv)招致、繼承、擔 保或允許並非大連金慧日常業務過程中產生或未 向外商獨資企業披露並經其同意的任何債務;(v) 與任何第三方訂立任何綜合或合併事宜,或收購 或投資任何第三方;(vi)增加或消減其註冊資本或 以任何其他方式更改註冊資本的結構。獨家購買 權協議規定,登記股東及大連金慧須促使大連金 慧的附屬公司遵守上述承諾,猶如彼等為獨家購 買權協議的訂約方。因此,由於協議中有相關限 制性條文,故倘大連金慧及/或其附屬公司遭受 任何虧損,對外商獨資企業及本集團的潛在不利 影響能被限制在一定程度內。此外,就獨家購買 權協議所載上述限制性條文而言,倘資產處置或 合約價值(i)乃由KingNine Holdings Limited、其附 屬公司或大連金慧集團與同一方或多方訂立;或(ii) 涉及的處置或合約乃與一家公司或公司集團的全 部或部分資產或證券或權益有關,則有關資產處 置或合約價值將會合併計算。此外,誠如中國法 律顧問所告知,根據獨家購買權協議的條款轉讓 於大連金慧的任何股份將須於據此行使購買權後 向相關政府部門備案。

#### Share Pledge Agreement

The Share Pledge Agreement was entered into by and among the WFOE, the Registered Shareholders and DaLian Kingwisoft on 12 June 2020, pursuant to which the Registered Shareholders pledge as first charge all of their respective shareholding in DaLian Kingwisoft to the WFOE as collateral security for any or all of the payments due to the WFOE and to secure performance of their obligations under the Exclusive Business Cooperation Agreement, the Exclusive Call Option Agreement and the Authorisation Agreement. The Share Pledge Agreement will remain in effect till the earlier of (i) all obligation of DaLian Kingwisoft and the Registered Shareholders under the Exclusive Business Cooperation Agreement, the Exclusive Call Option Agreement and the Authorisation Agreement are performed in full; (ii) the WFOE exercises its exclusive option to purchase the entire shareholding held by the Registered Shareholders in DaLian Kingwisoft and/or the assets of DaLian Kingwisoft pursuant to the terms of the Exclusive Call Option Agreement when it is permitted to do so under the applicable PRC Laws; (iii) the WFOE exercises its unilateral and unconditional right of termination; and (iv) the agreement is required to be terminated in accordance with applicable PRC Laws and regulations. In addition, under the Exclusive Call Option Agreement, none of the Registered Shareholders may transfer or create any encumbrance on any of their shareholding in and the relevant assets of DaLian Kingwisoft (including any equity interests in and relevant assets of the subsidiaries of DaLian Kingwisoft) without the WFOE's prior written consent. Furthermore, under the Exclusive Business Cooperation Agreement, the WFOE is entitled to retain and exercise physical control of company seals and certificates that are crucial to the daily operation of DaLian Kingwisoft, which further strengthens the protection of the WFOE's interests over DaLian Kingwisoft under the Contractual Arrangements. Should an event of default (as provided in the Share Pledge Agreement) occur, unless it is successfully resolved to the WFOE's satisfaction within 30 days upon being notified by the WFOE, the WFOE may demand that the Registered Shareholders and/or DaLian Kingwisoft immediately pay all outstanding payments due under the Exclusive Business Cooperation Agreement, repay any loans and make all other payments due to it, and/or dispose of the pledged shareholding and use the proceeds to repay any outstanding amount due to the WFOE. The pledges under the Share Pledge Agreement have been duly registered with the relevant PRC authority on 12 July 2020 pursuant to PRC Laws and regulations.

#### 股份質押協議

股份質押協議乃由外商獨資企業、登記股東及大 連金慧於2020年6月12日訂立,據此,登記股東 質押(作為第一押記)彼等各自於大連金慧的所有 股權予外商獨資企業,作為彼等任何或全部應付 外商獨資企業款項及確保彼等履行於獨家業務合 作協議、獨家購買權協議及委託協議項下的責任 的擔保抵押品。股份質押協議將繼續有效,直至 (以較早者為準)(i)大連金慧及登記股東於獨家業 務合作協議、獨家購買權協議及委託協議項下的 所有責任均已全面履行;(ii)當外商獨資企業根據 適用中國法律獲得許可時,其根據獨家購買權協 議的條款行使其獨家購買權購買登記股東持有的 大連金慧的全部股權及/或大連金慧的資產;(iii) 外商獨資企業行使其單方面及無條件終止權;及 (iv)協議根據適用中國法律法規須予終止。此外, 根據獨家購買權協議,未經外商獨資企業事先書 面同意,登記股東不得轉讓彼等於大連金慧的任 何股權及相關資產(包括於大連金慧的附屬公司的 任何股權及相關資產)或就有關股權及資產設置任 何產權負擔。此外,根據獨家業務合作協議,外 商獨資企業有權保留及行使對大連金慧日常營運 至關重要的公司印章及證書的實際控制權,此舉 進一步加強保障外商獨資企業根據合約安排所持 大連金慧的權益。發生違約事件(如股份質押協議 所訂明者),除非違約事件於外商獨資企業通知後 的30日內以外商獨資企業滿意的方式成功解決, 否則外商獨資企業可要求登記股東及/或大連金 慧即時支付根據獨家業務合作協議所結欠的所有 未償還款項,償還任何貸款及支付結欠的所有其 他應付款項,及/或處置已質押股權及使用所得 款項償還任何結欠外商獨資企業的未償還款項。 根據股份質押協議作出的質押已於2020年7月12 日根據中國法律法規向中國有關部門妥為辦理登 記手續。



On 16 October 2020, the Registered Shareholders entered into a capital increase agreement pursuant to which the registered capital of DaLian Kingwisoft was increased from RMB15.48 million to RMB100 million contributing from each of the Registered Shareholders in proportion to their shareholdings (the "Capital Increase"). Upon the issuance of the 84,520,000 new shares (the "New Shares") to the Registered Shareholders and the successful registration of the Capital Increase, the New Shares will be fully pledged by the Registered Shareholders as first charge of all of their respective shareholding in DaLian Kingwisoft to the WFOE as collateral security for any or all of the payments due to the WFOE and to secure performance of their obligations under the Exclusive Business Cooperation Agreement, the Exclusive Call Option Agreement and the Authorisation Agreement under the existing terms of the Share Pledge Agreement.

#### Power of Attorney

The irrevocable Powers of Attorney have been granted by each of the Registered Shareholders on 12 June 2020 in favour of the WFOE pursuant to the Authorisation Agreement dated 12 June 2020 by and among the WFOE, the Registered Shareholders and DaLian Kingwisoft, pursuant to which the Registered Shareholders have appointed the WFOE or a director of its offshore holding company or its/his/her successor (including a liquidator replacing the WFOE's director) as their exclusive agent and attorney to act on their behalf on all matters concerning DaLian Kingwisoft and to exercise all of their rights as registered shareholders of DaLian Kingwisoft. These rights include (i) the right to propose, convene and attend shareholders' meetings; (ii) the right to sell, transfer, pledge or dispose of shares; (iii) the right to exercise shareholders' voting rights; and (iv) the right to act as the legal representative (chairperson), the director, supervisor, the chief executive officer (or general manager) and other senior management members of DaLian Kingwisoft. The authorised person is entitled to sign minutes, file documents with the relevant companies registry and exercise voting rights on the winding up of DaLian Kingwisoft on behalf of the Registered Shareholders. The Registered Shareholders have undertaken to transfer all assets obtained by them after the winding up of DaLian Kingwisoft to the WFOE at nil consideration or the lowest price permissible by the then applicable PRC Laws and regulations. As a result of the Powers of Attorney, the Company is able to exercise management control over the activities that have significant impact on the economic performance of DaLian Kingwisoft.

於2020年10月16日,登記股東訂立增資協議, 據此,大連金慧的註冊資本由人民幣15,480,000 元增至人民幣100,000,000元,乃由各登記股東按 持股比例供款(「增資」)。於向登記股東發行 84,520,000股新股份(「新股份」)及成功登記增資 後,新股份將由登記股東根據股份質押協議現有 條款悉數質押為彼等各自於大連金慧的所有股權 予外商獨資企業之第一押記,作為彼等任何或全 部應付外商獨資企業款項及確保彼等履行於獨家 業務合作協議、獨家購買權協議及委託協議項下 的責任的擔保抵押品。

#### 授權書

根據外商獨資企業、登記股東及大連金慧所訂立 日期為2020年6月12日的委託協議,各登記股東 已於2020年6月12日向外商獨資企業授出不可撤 銷的授權書,據此,登記股東已委任外商獨資企 業或其離岸控股公司的一名董事或其繼承人(包括 取代外商獨資企業的董事的清盤人)擔任彼等的獨 家代理及授權代表,以代表彼等就與大連金慧相 關的所有事項行事及行使其作為大連金慧登記股 東的所有權利。該等權利包括(i)提議、召開及出 席股東會議的權利;(ii)出售、轉讓、質押或處置 股份的權利;(iii)行使股東投票表決權的權利;及 (iv)作為大連金慧的法定代表人(主席)、董事、監 事、行政總裁(或總經理)及其他高級管理人員行 事的權利。獲授權人士有權簽署會議記錄、將文 件提交相關公司註冊處備案及代表登記股東就大 連金慧清盤行使投票表決權。登記股東已承諾將 大連金慧清盤後彼等所獲得的全部資產無償或以 當時適用的中國法律法規允許的最低價格轉讓予 外商獨資企業。根據授權書,本公司能夠就對大 連金慧經濟表現具有重大影響的業務活動行使管 理控制權。



The Powers of Attorney also provided that, in order to avoid potential conflicts of interest, where the Registered Shareholders are officers or directors of KingNine, its subsidiaries or the DaLian Kingwisoft Group, the powers of attorney are granted in favour of other unrelated officers or directors of KingNine (the unrelated directors of the holding company of KingNine).

The Powers of Attorney shall automatically terminate once the WFOE (or any member of the Group other than DaLian Kingwisoft and its subsidiaries) directly holds the entire shareholding in and/ or the entire assets of DaLian Kingwisoft permitted under the then PRC Laws and regulations and the WFOE (or its subsidiaries) is allowed to conduct the DaLian Kingwisoft Business under the then PRC Laws and regulations, following which the WFOE is registered as the sole shareholder of DaLian Kingwisoft.

#### Spouse Undertaking

Mr. Hu Shilong, Ms. Liu Yingying and the spouse of Ms. Zhou Fang executed an irrevocable undertaking on 12 June 2020, whereby they expressly and irrevocably acknowledge and undertake that (i) any shareholding interest held by Mr. Hu, Ms. Liu and Ms. Zhou in DaLian Kingwisoft do not fall within the scope of their communal properties; (ii) they will not have any claim on the interests of DaLian Kingwisoft obtained through the Contractual Arrangements in their capacity as spouse; (iii) in relation to Ms. Zhou's spouse, he has never participated and will not participate in the operation or management of DaLian Kingwisoft.

For details of the Contractual Arrangements, please refer to the section headed "Contractual Arrangements" in the Circular.

Apart from the above, there are no other new contractual arrangements entered into, renewed or reproduced between the Group and the Consolidated Affiliated Entities during the Year. There was no material change in the Contractual Arrangements and/or the circumstances under which they were adopted for the Year.

For the Year, none of the Contractual Arrangements has been unwound as none of the restrictions that led to the adoption of structured contracts under the Contractual Arrangements has been removed. As of 31 March 2025, we had not encountered interference or encumbrance from any PRC governing bodies in operating our businesses through our Consolidated Affiliated Entities under the Contractual Arrangements. 授權書亦規定,為避免潛在利益衝突,倘登記股 東為KingNine、其附屬公司或大連金慧集團的高 級職員或董事,則授權書會授予KingNine其他無 關聯的高級職員或董事(KingNine的控股公司的無 關聯董事)。

一旦當時中國法律法規允許外商獨資企業(或本集團的任何成員公司(大連金慧及其附屬公司除外)) 直接持有大連金慧的全部股權及/或全部資產, 且外商獨資企業(或其附屬公司)根據當時中國法 律法規獲准經營大連金慧業務,則授權書將自動 終止,此後,外商獨資企業將註冊為大連金慧的 唯一股東。

#### 配偶承諾書

胡仕龍先生、劉瑩瑩女士及周芳女士的配偶已於 2020年6月12日簽立不可撤銷的承諾,據此,彼 等將明確及不可撤銷地承認並承諾(i)胡先生、劉 女士及周女士於大連金慧所持有的任何股權不屬 於夫妻共有財產;(ii)彼等不會以彼等作為配偶的 身份就通過合約安排獲得的大連金慧權益提出任 何申索;(iii)就周女士的配偶而言,彼從未亦將不 會參與大連金慧的經營或管理。

有關合約安排的詳情,請參閱通函「合約安排」一 節。

除上文所述者外,本集團與併表附屬實體於本年 度概無訂立、重續或複製任何其他新合約安排。 於本年度,合約安排及/或採納該等合約安排所 處的環境概無任何重大變動。

於本年度,由於概無導致採納合約安排項下結構 性合約的限制被消除,故並無合約安排獲解除。 截至2025年3月31日,我們在根據合約安排通過 我們的併表附屬實體經營業務方面並未遭到任何 中國主管部門的干涉或阻礙。



We have been advised by our PRC legal advisor that the Contractual Arrangements do not violate the relevant PRC laws and regulations.

The revenue of the Consolidated Affiliated Entities for the Year amounted to approximately RMB1,234.4 million, which accounted for approximately 99.5% of the Group's total revenue. The net assets of the Consolidated Affiliated Entities were approximately RMB549.3 million as at 31 March 2025.

#### **Internal Control Measures**

Our Group has adopted the following measures to ensure the effective operation of our Group with the implementation of the Contractual Arrangements and our compliance with the Contractual Arrangements:

- major issues arising from the implementation and compliance with the Contractual Arrangements or any regulatory enquiries from government authorities will be submitted to our Board, if necessary, for review and discussion on an occurrence basis;
- 2. our Board will review the overall performance of and compliance with the Contractual Arrangements at least once a year;
- our Directors undertake to provide periodic updates in our annual reports regarding the qualification requirements as stipulated in the section headed "Contractual Arrangements — Qualification Requirement of VATS" in the Circular;
- our Company will disclose the overall performance and compliance with the Contractual Arrangements in our annual reports; and
- 5. our Company will engage external legal advisors or other professional advisors, if necessary, to assist the Board to review the implementation of the Contractual Arrangements, review the legal compliance of WFOE and our Consolidated Affiliated Entities to deal with specific issues or matters arising from the Contractual Arrangements.

我們已獲中國法律顧問告知, 合約安排並無違反 相關中國法律及法規。

於本年度,併表附屬實體的收入約為人民幣 1,234,400,000元,佔本集團總收入約99.5%。併 表附屬實體的資產淨值於2025年3月31日約為人 民幣549,300,000元。

#### 內部控制措施

本集團已採納以下措施確保本集團於落實合約安 排後有效營運並履行合約安排:

- 落實及履行合約安排所產生的主要事宜或來 自政府部門的任何監管問詢將於發生時呈交 董事會(如必要),以供其審閱及討論;
- 董事會將至少每年審閱一次履行及遵守合約 安排的整體情況;
- 董事負責定期於本公司年報中提供有關通函 「合約安排 — 增值電信服務資質要求」一節 所載資質要求的最新資料;
- 本公司將於其年報中披露履行及遵守合約安 排的整體情況;及
- 5. 本公司將於需要時委聘外部法律顧問或其他 專業顧問,以協助董事會審閱合約安排的實 施情況,並審閱外商獨資企業及我們併表附 屬實體的法律合規情況,以處理合約安排引 致的具體問題或事宜。



#### The Extent to which the Contractual Arrangements Relate to Requirements Other than the Foreign Ownership Restriction

All of the Contractual Arrangements are subject to the restrictions as set out on pages 298 to 304 of the Circular.

#### **Listing Rule Implications**

The highest applicable percentage ratios (other than the profits ratio) under the GEM Listing Rules in respect of the transactions under the Contractual Arrangements were more than 5%. As such, these transactions were subject to the reporting, annual review, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

# Waiver from the Stock Exchange and Annual Review

The Hong Kong Stock Exchange has granted, a waiver from (i) fixing the term of the Contractual Arrangements for a period of not exceeding three years pursuant to Rule 20.50 of the GEM Listing Rules, and (ii) setting a maximum aggregate annual cap pursuant to Rule 20.51 of the GEM Listing Rules for the service fees payable by the DaLian Kingwisoft to the WFOE under the Contractual Arrangements, subject to the following conditions:

- (a) No Change without Independent Non-executive Directors' Approval — No change to the Contractual Arrangements (including with respect to any fees payable to the WFOE thereunder) will be made without the approval of the independent non-executive Directors.
- (b) No Change without Independent Shareholders' Approval Save as described in "— Renewal and Reproduction" below, no change to the agreements governing the Contractual Arrangements will be made without the approval of the Company's Independent Shareholders. Once Independent Shareholders' approval of any change has been obtained, no further announcement or approval of the Independent Shareholders will be required under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules unless and until further changes are proposed. The periodic reporting requirement regarding the Contractual Arrangements in the annual reports of the Company (as set out in "— Renewal and Reproduction" below) will however continue to be applicable.

#### 除外資所有權限制之外有關合約安排的 其他規定

所有合約安排均受通函第298至304頁所載限制 規限。

#### 上市規則涵義

根據GEM上市規則,有關合約安排項下交易的最 高適用百分比率(不包括盈利比率)超過5%。因 此,該等交易須遵守GEM上市規則第20章項下申 報、年度審閱、公告及獨立股東批准規定。

#### 聯交所發出的豁免及年度審閲

香港聯交所已授出以下豁免:(i)豁免根據GEM上 市規則第20.50條設定合約安排的期限不得超過三 年;及(ii)豁免根據GEM上市規則第20.51條設定 大連金慧依據合約安排應付外商獨資企業的服務 費的最高年度上限總額,惟須遵守下列條件:

- (a) 未經獨立非執行董事批准不得變更一未經 獨立非執行董事批准,合約安排不得作出任 何變更(包括有關任何據此應付外商獨資企 業的費用)。
- (b) 未經獨立股東批准不得變更一除下文「一 重續及複製」所述者外,未經本公司獨立股 東批准,規管合約安排的協議不得作出任何 變更。任何變更一經取得獨立股東批准,根 據GEM上市規則第20章,毋須再發出公告 或尋求獨立股東批准,除非及直至擬作出進 一步變更。然而,就合約安排在本公司年報 內作定期報告的規定(載於下文「一重續及 複製」)將繼續適用。



- (c)Economic Benefits Flexibility — The Contractual Arrangements shall continue to enable the Group to receive the entire economic benefits derived by the DaLian Kingwisoft Group through (i) the Group's option (if and when so allowed under the applicable PRC Laws) to acquire, all or part of the entire shareholding in DaLian Kingwisoft for nil consideration or the minimum amount of consideration permitted by applicable PRC Laws and regulations; (ii) the business structure under which the entire profit generated by the DaLian Kingwisoft Group is substantially retained by our Group, such that no annual cap shall be set on the amount of service fees payable to the WFOE by the DaLian Kingwisoft Group under the Exclusive Business Cooperation Agreement; and (iii) the Group's right to control the management and operation of, as well as, in substance, all of the voting rights of DaLian Kingwisoft.
- (d) Renewal and Reproduction — On the basis that the Contractual Arrangements provide an acceptable framework for the relationship between the Company and its subsidiaries in which the Company has direct shareholding, on the one hand, and the DaLian Kingwisoft Group, on the other hand, that framework may be renewed and/or reproduced upon the expiry of the existing arrangements or in relation to any existing or new wholly foreign owned enterprise or operating company (including branch company) engaging in the same business as that of the Group which the Group might wish to establish when justified by business expediency, without obtaining the approval of the Shareholders, on substantially the same terms and conditions as the existing Contractual Arrangements. The directors, chief executive or substantial shareholders of any existing or new wholly foreign owned enterprise or operating company (including branch company) engaging in the same business as that of the Group which the Group may establish will, upon renewal and/or reproduction of the Contractual Arrangements, however be treated as connected persons of the Company and transactions between these connected persons and the Company other than those under similar contractual arrangements shall comply with Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules. This condition is subject to relevant PRC Laws and regulations and approvals.
- (c) 經濟利益的靈活性一 合約安排將繼續使本 集團透過以下途徑獲取大連金慧集團產生的 全部經濟利益:(i)本集團選擇(如中國適用 法律允許)無償或按中國適用法律及法規允 許的最低代價收購大連金慧的全部或部分股 權;(ii)在該業務架構下,本集團基本保留大 連金慧集團產生的全部溢利,因此,不會就 大連金慧集團根據獨家業務合作協議應付予 外商獨資企業的服務費金額設定年度上限; 及(iii)本集團有權控制大連金慧的管理及營 運,亦實際控制其全部投票表決權。
- 重續及複製 一 基於合約安排一方面可為本 (d) 公司及其擁有直接股權的附屬公司與大連金 慧集團之間的關係提供可接受的框架,另一 方面,於現有安排屆滿時或就任何現有或本 集團因業務方便理由而可能有意成立的所從 事業務與本集團從事者相同的新的外商獨資 企業或大連金慧(包括分公司)而言,上述框 架可按與現有合約安排大致相同的條款及條 件予以重續及/或複製,而毋須取得股東批 准。然而,任何現有的或本集團可能成立的 所從事業務與本集團從事者相同的新的外商 獨資企業或大連金慧(包括分公司)的董事、 最高行政人員或主要股東將於合約安排重續 及/或複製後被視為本公司的關連人士,且 該等關連人士與本公司之間的交易(根據類 似合約安排進行者除外)須遵守GEM上市規 則第20章的規定。此條件須受中國相關法 律及法規以及批准規限。



- (e) Ongoing Reporting and Approvals the Group will disclose details relating to the Contractual Arrangements on an ongoing basis as follows:
  - (i) The Contractual Arrangements in place during each financial period will be disclosed in the Company's annual report and accounts in accordance with the relevant provision of the GEM Listing Rules.
  - (ii) The independent non-executive Directors will review the Contractual Arrangements annually and confirm in the Company's annual report and accounts for the relevant year that: (A) the transactions carried out during such year have been entered into in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Contractual Arrangements, have been operated so that the revenue generated by the DaLian Kingwisoft Group has been substantially retained by the WFOE; (B) no dividends or other distributions have been made by the DaLian Kingwisoft Group to the holders of its equity interests which are not otherwise subsequently assigned or transferred to the Group; and (C) any new contracts entered into, renewed or reproduced between the Group and the DaLian Kingwisoft Group during the relevant financial period under paragraph (d) above are fair and reasonable, or advantageous, so far as the Group is concerned and in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.
  - (iii) The Company's auditors will carry out procedures in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants on the transactions carried out pursuant to the Contractual Arrangements and will provide a letter to the Directors, reporting their findings whether that the transactions carried out pursuant to the Contractual Arrangements have received the approval of the Directors, have been entered into in accordance with the relevant Contractual Arrangements and that no dividends or other distributions have been made by the DaLian Kingwisoft Group to the holders of its equity interest which are not otherwise subsequently assigned or transferred to the Group.

- (e) *持續申報及批准* 一 本集團將按持續基準披露合約安排的詳情如下:
  - (i) 各財政期間執行的合約安排將按照 GEM上市規則的相關條文於本公司年 報及賬目內披露。
  - (ii) 獨立非執行董事將每年審閱合約安排,並於本公司相關年度的年報及賬目內確認:(A)該年度進行的交易乃按照合約安排的相關條文訂立,並按照大連金慧集團產生的收入絕大部分由外商獨資企業保留的方式營運;(B)大連金慧集團並無向其股權持有人派發其後並未轉交或轉讓予本集團的股息或其他分派;及(C)本集團與大連金慧集團於相關財政期間根據上文(d)段訂立、重續或複製的任何新合約,就本集團而言屬公平合理或有利,且符合本公司及股東的整體利益。

(iii) 本公司核數師將根據香港會計師公會 發佈的香港核證委聘準則第3000號「審 核或審閱歷史財務資料以外之核證委 聘」及參考實務說明第740號「關於香 港上市規則所述持續關連交易的核數 師函件」對根據合約安排進行的交易執 行程序,並將向董事呈交函件,報告 其發現根據合約安排進行的交易是否 已取得董事批准,按照相關合約安排 訂立,以及大連金慧集團並無向其股 權持有人派發其後並未轉移或轉讓予 本集團的股息或其他分派。



- (iv) For the purposes of Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules, and in particular the definition of "connected person", the DaLian Kingwisoft Group will be treated as the Company's wholly-owned subsidiaries, and the directors, chief executives or substantial shareholders (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) of the DaLian Kingwisoft Group and their respective associates will be treated as the Company's "connected persons" (excluding for this purpose the DaLian Kingwisoft Group). As such, transactions between these connected persons and the Group (including for this purpose the DaLian Kingwisoft Group), other than those under the Contractual Arrangements, shall comply with Chapter 20 of GEM Listing Rules.
- (v) DaLian Kingwisoft also undertakes that, for so long as the Shares are listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, it will provide the Group's management and the Company's auditors with full access to its relevant records for the purpose of procedures to be carried out by the Company's auditors on the connected transactions.

During the Year, the Company had complied with the waiver conditions set out by the Stock Exchange and all necessary GEM Listing Rules requirements as required by the Stock Exchange.

# Confirmations from the Independent Non-executive Directors

Our independent non-executive Directors have confirmed that the Contractual Arrangements for the Year to which any member of the Group was a party were entered into by the Group:

- the transactions carried out during such year have been entered into in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Contractual Arrangements and have been operated so that the revenue generated by the Consolidated Affiliated Entities has been substantially retained by the WFOE;
- no dividends or other distributions have been made by the Consolidated Affiliated Entities to the holders of its equity interests which are not otherwise subsequently assigned or transferred to our Group;

(iv) 就GEM上市規則第20章而言,尤其是 「關連人士」的定義,大連金慧集團將 被視為本公司的全資附屬公司,而大 連金慧集團的董事、最高行政人員或 主要股東(定義見GEM上市規則)及彼 等各自的聯繫人將被視為本公司的「關 連人士」(就此而言不包括大連金慧集 團)。因此,此等關連人士與本集團(就 此而言包括大連金慧集團)之間的交易 (根據合約安排進行者除外)須遵守 GEM上市規則第20章的規定。

董事會報告

(v) 大連金慧亦承諾,在股份於香港聯交 所上市期間,其將會讓本集團管理層 及本公司核數師全權查閱其相關記錄, 以供本公司核數師就關連交易執行程 序。

於本年度,本公司已遵守聯交所所載豁免條件及 聯交所要求的全部必要的GEM上市規則規定。

#### 獨立非執行董事的確認

我們的獨立非執行董事已確認,於本年度,本集 團任何成員公司於其中身為訂約方的合約安排均 由本集團訂立:

- (i) 該年度進行的交易乃按照合約安排的相關條 文訂立,並按照併表附屬實體產生的收入絕 大部分由外商獨資企業保留的方式營運;
- (ii) 併表附屬實體並無向其股權持有人派發其後 並未轉交或轉讓予本集團的股息或其他分 派;



- (iii) no new contracts were entered into, renewed or reproduced between our Group and the Consolidated Affiliated Entities during the reporting period; and
- (iv) the Contractual Arrangements are entered into in the ordinary and usual course of business of our Group on normal commercial terms and are fair, reasonable and advantageous, so far as our Group is concerned and in the interests of our Company and the Shareholders of our Company as a whole.

#### Confirmations from the Auditor

Pursuant to Rule 20.54 of the GEM Listing Rules, the Company has engaged the auditor to conduct certain procedures in respect of the transactions carried out pursuant to the Contractual Arrangements of the Group for the Year, in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has confirmed in a letter to the Board that, with respect to the transactions carried out pursuant to the Contractual Arrangements during the Year:

- a) the transactions carried out pursuant to the Contractual Arrangements have received the approval of the Board;
- b) the disclosed continuing connected transactions were entered into in accordance with the relevant agreements under the Contractual Arrangements governing such transactions; and
- c) no dividends or other distributions have been made by the Consolidated Affiliated Entities to the holders of its equity interests which are not otherwise subsequently assigned or transferred to our Group.

- (iii) 本集團與併表附屬實體於報告期內概無訂 立、重續或複製任何新合約;及
- (iv) 合約安排乃於本集團一般及日常業務過程中 按一般商業條款訂立,就本集團而言屬公 平、合理及有利,並符合本公司及本公司股 東的整體利益。

#### 核數師的確認

根據GEM上市規則第20.54條,本公司已委聘核 數師按照香港會計師公會發佈的香港核證委聘準 則第3000號(經修訂)「審核或審閱歷史財務資料 以外之核證委聘」及參考實務説明第740號「關於 香港上市規則所述持續關連交易的核數師函件」 對本集團於本年度根據合約安排進行的交易執行 若干程序。核數師已於致董事會的函件中確認, 就本年度根據合約安排進行的交易而言:

- a) 根據合約安排進行的交易已取得董事會批 准;
- b) 已披露的持續關連交易乃依照合約安排項下 規管該等交易的相關協議訂立;及
- c) 併表附屬實體並無向其股權持有人派發其後 並未轉交或轉讓予本集團的股息或其他分派。



#### **CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

None of the related party transactions entered into by the Group during the Year as disclosed in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements constituted connected transaction(s) or continuing connected transaction(s) under the GEM Listing Rules. The following set out details of the Contractual Arrangements which constituted continuing connected transactions under the GEM Listing Rules.

#### **Contractual Arrangements**

The transactions contemplated under the Contractual Arrangements are continuing connected transactions of the Company and are subject to reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules. Please refer "Contractual Arrangements" from pages 34 to 54 of this report for details.

The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed and confirmed that the above continuing connected transactions have been entered into (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group; (ii) on normal commercial terms or better; and (iii) according to the relevant agreements governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

The Directors are not aware of any related party transactions disclosed in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements that constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions of the Group, nor are there any connected transactions or continuing connected transactions that require to be disclosed in this annual report under the GEM Listing Rules. The Company has complied with the disclosure requirements, where applicable, in accordance with Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

#### **COMPETING BUSINESS**

During the Year, none of the Directors, controlling shareholder of the Company or their respective close associates had any direct or indirect interest in a business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group.

#### 關連交易

誠如綜合財務報表附註36中披露,本集團於本年 度所訂立的關連方交易根據GEM上市規則並不構 成關連交易或持續關連交易。合約安排(根據GEM 上市規則構成持續關連交易)之詳情載列如下。

#### 合約安排

合約安排項下擬進行交易均為本公司持續關連交易,因此須遵守GEM上市規則第20章項下申報、 公告及獨立股東批准規定。有關詳情,請參閱本 報告第34至54頁的「合約安排」。

獨立非執行董事已審閲上述持續關連交易,並已 確認上述交易乃(i)於本集團日常及一般業務過程 中訂立:(ii)按一般商業條款或更佳條款訂立:及 (iii)按所屬相關協議訂立,條款公平合理,且符合 本公司股東之整體利益。

董事概不知悉綜合財務報表附註36所披露的任何 關連方交易構成本集團之關連交易或持續關連交 易,亦不知悉任何須根據GEM上市規則於本年報 內予以披露之關連交易或持續關連交易。本公司 已根據GEM上市規則第20章遵守披露規定(倘適 用)。

### 競爭業務

於本年度,本公司董事、控股股東或彼等各自的 緊密聯繫人概無直接或間接於與本集團業務構成 競爭或可能構成競爭的業務中擁有任何直接或間 接權益。



### **CHARITABLE DONATIONS**

#### **Charitable Donations**

During the Year, charitable donations made by the Group amounted to RMB0.2 million.

# ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Group's environmental, social and governance report (the "ESG Report") will be published at the same time as the publication of this annual report. The English and Chinese versions of the ESG Report are available to be viewed and/or downloaded on the Company's website at www.kwtech-group.com (by clicking "Environmental, Social and Corporate Governance Strategies" under the section headed "Investor") and the Stock Exchange's website at www.hkexnews.hk.

#### **Corporate Social Responsibility**

Sustainable development and environmental protection are embedded in our corporate culture. The Group has participated in a wide range of charitable activities, many of which have been recognized by various organizations. During the Year, we received a number of honours or acknowledgments of our work as a responsible corporate citizen:

- "A Caring Company" by the Hong Kong Council of Social Service
- "A Good MPF Employer" by Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Authority
- "A Happy Company" by the Hong Kong Promoting Happiness Index Foundation and Hong Kong Productivity Council

## 慈善捐款

慈善捐款

本集團於本年度作出慈善捐款人民幣200,000元。

### 環境、社會及管治報告

本集團的環境、社會及管治報告(「環境、社會及 管治報告」)將於本年報刊發的同時刊發。環境、 社會及管治報告的英文及中文版本可於本公司網 站www.kwtech-group.com(點擊「投資者關係」一 節下的「環境、社會及企業管治政策」)及聯交所 網站www.hkexnews.hk查閱及/或下載。

### 企業社會責任

本集團肩負社會企業責任,過去一年熱心參與多 項公益活動,同時亦支持可持續發展及推動環保, 並將此植入企業文化之中。於本年度,本集團獲 得多個機構頒發獎項予以肯定,當中榮獲的獎項 包括:

- 獲香港社會服務聯會頒發「商界展關懷」
- 獲香港強制性公積金計劃管理局評為「積金 好僱主」
- 獲香港提升快樂指數基金及香港生產力促進
  局頒發的「開心工作間」



#### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

In the Year, the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 77.5% of the Group's revenue with the largest customer constituted approximately 34.9% of the Group's revenue. In addition, the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 21.2% of the Group's cost of services with the largest supplier constituted approximately 13.9% of the Group's cost of services.

Based on information available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, none of the Directors, their close associates, or any shareholders of the Company (which to the knowledge of the Directors owned more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had interest in any of the Group's five largest customers and suppliers during the Year.

#### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association or the laws of Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

#### **PUBLIC FLOAT**

Based on publicly available information and within the knowledge of the Directors, as at the date of this report, there is sufficient public float in the issued share capital of the Company pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules.

#### **BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS**

Details of the Group's bank loans and other borrowings as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024 are set out in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### 主要客戶及供應商

於本年度,本集團的五個最大客戶佔本集團收入約77.5%,而其中最大客戶佔本集團收入約34.9%。此外,本集團的五個最大供應商佔本集團服務成本約21.2%,而其中最大供應商佔本集團服務成本約13.9%。

根據本公司可獲取的資料及就董事所知,於本年 度,概無董事、其緊密聯繫人或任何本公司股東 (據董事所知擁有5%以上的本公司已發行股本) 於任何本集團的五個最大客戶及供應商擁有權益。

### 優先購買權

根據組織章程細則或開曼群島法例,並無有關優 先購買權的條文,規定本公司必須按比例向現有 股東發售新股份。

#### 公眾持股量

於本報告日期根據可獲取的公開資料及就董事所 知,本公司已發行股本根據GEM上市規則維持足 夠的公眾持股量。

### 銀行貸款及其他借款

本集團於2025年3月31日及2024年3月31日的 銀行貸款及其他借款詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 30。



### **PROPERTIES**

The Group's investment properties consist of one industrial property in Chinese Mainland, which were revalued at RMB12.3 million on 31 March 2025 (31 March 2024: RMB12.0 million). Details of the Group's investment properties are set out in note 15 to the financial statements.

### **INTEREST CAPITALISED**

No interest was capitalised by the Group during the Year.

#### **RETIREMENT SCHEMES**

Retirement benefit costs include pension scheme contributions for the Group's employees in Hong Kong and Mainland China. The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 485 of the laws of Hong Kong) for those eligible Hong Kong employees. For members of the MPF Scheme, the Group contributes 5% of the relevant payroll costs to the MPF Scheme subject only to the maximum level of payroll costs of HK\$30,000 per employee, which contribution is matched by the employees. Contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operates in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the respective local municipal governments. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of its payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

# EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND THE FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Details of the emoluments of the Directors and the highest paid individuals of the Group are set out in notes 9 and 10 to the consolidated financial statements.

### 物業

本集團投資物業包含一處位於中國內地的工業 物業,於2025年3月31日重新估值為人民幣 12,300,000元(2024年3月31日:人民幣12,000,000 元)。有關本集團投資物業的詳情載於財務報表附 註15。

### 資本化利息

於本年度,本集團概無將利息撥作資本。

### 退休計劃

退休福利成本包括本集團香港及中國內地僱員的 退休金計劃供款。本集團根據強制性公積金計劃 條例(香港法例第485章)為合資格香港僱員設立 定額供款強制性公積金退休福利計劃(「強積金計 劃」)。就強積金計劃成員而言,本集團按相關工 資成本的5%向強積金計劃供款,惟以每名僱員 30,000港元的工資成本為限,且該供款與僱員的 供款一致。根據強積金計劃之規則,供款於應付 時自損益扣除。強積金計劃之資產由獨立管理之 基金與本集團之資產分開持有。本集團的僱主供 款於向強積金計劃供款時全數歸屬僱員。

本集團於中國內地經營之附屬公司之僱員須參與 由當地市政府管理之中央退休金計劃。該等附屬 公司須按其薪金成本的若干百分比向中央退休金 計劃供款。根據中央退休金計劃之規則,供款於 應付時自損益扣除。

## 董事及五名最高薪人士之酬金

董事及本集團最高薪人士之酬金詳情載於綜合財 務報表附註9及10。



### **GROUP FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

A summary of the results and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on pages 219 to 220 of this annual report.

#### **SUBSIDIARIES**

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are set out in note 41 to the consolidated financial statements.

# PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the Year.

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

A report on the principal corporate governance practice adopted by the Company is set out on pages 61 to 76 of this annual report.

### **EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING YEAR**

Save as disclosed in this annual report, there is no material event after reporting year and up to the date of this report.

#### 集團財務概要

本集團過往五個財政年度的業績以及資產及負債 的概要載於本年報第219頁至第220頁。

### 附屬公司

本公司的主要附屬公司的詳情載於綜合財務報表 附註41。

### 購入、出售或贖回本公司的上市證券

於本年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購入、 出售或贖回本公司的任何上市證券。

### 企業管治

有關本公司採納的主要企業管治常規的報告載於 本年報第61頁至第76頁。

#### 報告期後事項

除本年報所披露者外,於報告年度後及直至本報 告日期止概無發生任何重大事件。



## AUDITOR

On 3 March 2023, BDO Limited resigned and Ernst & Young was appointed as the auditor of the Company. Details of the change of auditor were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 3 March 2023.

Save as disclosed above, there were no other changes in auditor of the Group during the past three years.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company for the Year have been audited by Ernst & Young who will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the forthcoming annual general meeting. A resolution for the reappointment of Ernst & Young as the auditor of the Company is to be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

By order of the Board

**QIU Xiaojian** Chairman

Hong Kong, 26 June 2025

### 核數師

於2023年3月3日,香港立信德豪會計師事務所 有限公司辭任,安永會計師事務所獲委任為本公 司核數師。更換核數師的詳情載於本公司日期為 2023年3月3日的公告。

除上文所披露者外,於過往三年本集團的核數師 並無其他變動。

本集團截至本年度的綜合財務報表已由安永會計 師事務所審核。安永會計師事務所將退任並合資 格及有意於應屆股東週年大會上獲續聘。有關續 聘安永會計師事務所為本公司核數師的決議案將 於應屆股東週年大會上提呈。

承董事會命

*主席* **邱曉健** 

香港,2025年6月26日



# (A) CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company has applied the principles of good corporate governance set out in the Corporate Governance Code contained in Appendix C1 to the GEM Listing Rules (the "CG Code") throughout the Year.

The Board regularly monitors and reviews the Group's progress in respect of corporate governance practices to ensure compliance with the code provisions (the "Code Provisions") set out in the CG Code.

The Company has complied with all the Code Provisions throughout the Year.

#### **(B) SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS**

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors on terms no less exacting than the required standard of dealings set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules. The Company had made specific enquiries to all the Directors who confirmed their compliance with the required standard of dealings and the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors throughout the Year. No incident of non-compliance was noted by the Company during this Year.

## (C) BOARD OF DIRECTORS

#### **Board compositions**

The Board is responsible for formulating the overall strategy and overseeing the development of the Group. In so doing, the Board receives monthly reports from the chief executive officer of the Company/the executive Directors, monitors the internal control policies as well as risk management effectiveness, and evaluates the financial performance of the Group with an aim to enhancing shareholders' value. The Board currently comprises seven executive Directors and four independent non-executive Directors. The composition of the Board sets out on page 28 of this annual report. Biographical details of the Directors and the relationship amongst them, if any, are set out on pages 17 to 22 of this annual report.

### (A) 企業管治常規

本公司於整個本年度,一直應用GEM上市 規則附錄C1《企業管治守則》(「企業管治守 則」)中載列的良好企業管治原則。

董事會定期監控及檢討本集團的企業管治常 規進展,以確保遵守企業管治守則載列的守 則條文(「守則條文」)。

本公司於整個本年度一直遵守所有守則條文。

### (B) 董事進行證券交易

本公司已採納一套有關董事進行證券交易的 行為守則,該守則條款的嚴格程度不遜於 GEM上市規則第5.48條至第5.67條所載的 交易必守標準。經本公司向所有董事作出特 定查詢後,所有董事已確認於整個本年度一 直遵守交易必守標準及有關董事進行證券交 易的行為守則。據本公司所知,於本年度間 並無任何不遵守該等標準及守則的情況。

## (C) 董事會

#### 董事會組成

董事會負責製訂整體策略及監督本集團的發展。在此過程中,董事會每月獲取本公司行 政總裁/執行董事報告,監察內部監控政策 和風險管理的有效性,以及評估本集團財務 表現,旨在提升股東價值。董事會目前由七 位執行董事以及四位獨立非執行董事組成。 董事會組成載列於本年報第28頁。董事及 彼此之間的關係(如有)詳情載於本年報第 17頁至第22頁。



With effect from 23 August 2024, Mr. YANG Hongjun and Ms. LI Guiying have been appointed as independent nonexecutive Directors. On 21 August 2024, each of Mr. YANG Hongjun and Ms. LI Guiying (i) has obtained the legal advice referred to in Rule 5.02D of the GEM Listing Rules and (ii) has confirmed he/she understood his/her obligations as the Director.

Four board meetings were held during the Year. The attendance of the relevant Directors are set out on page 69 of this report.

#### Independent non-executive Directors

In compliance with Rules 5.05(1) and (2), and 5.05A of the GEM Listing Rules, the Company has appointed four independent non-executive Directors representing not less than one-third of the Board with all of them having appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise. The Company has, through the Nomination Committee, reviewed the independence of, and received the confirmation of independence from each of Mr. ZENG Liang, Mr. WANG Li, Mr. YANG Hongjun and Ms. LI Guiying, and considers all of them independent in accordance with the guidelines set out in Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules.

The Company is committed to ensuring that the independent non-executive Directors will be given the opportunity and channel for Directors to communicate and express their independent views and inputs to the Board and its Committees. The Company has established channels through formal and informal means whereby independent non-executive Directors can express their views in an open and candid manner and in a confidential manner, should circumstances require; these include dedicated meeting sessions with the Chairman and interaction with management and other Board Members including the Chairman outside the boardroom. The implementation and effectiveness of these mechanism(s) will be reviewed on an annual basis by the Board through the Nomination Committee.

自2024年8月23日起,楊洪軍先生及李桂 英女士已獲委任為獨立非執行董事。於2024 年8月21日,楊洪軍先生及李桂英女士均(i) 已取得GEM上市規則第5.02D條所述的法律 意見及(ii)已確認彼等明白身為董事的責任。

本年度舉行四次董事會會議。有關董事的出 席率載於本報告第69頁。

#### 獨立非執行董事

為符合 GEM 上市規則第5.05(1) 及(2) 條以及 第5.05A 條的規定,本公司已委任四位獨立 非執行董事,不少於董事會人數三分之一, 全部具備適當的專業資格或具備會計或相關 的財務管理專長。本公司已透過提名委員會 檢討曾良先生、王力先生、楊洪軍先生及李 桂英女士各自的獨立性,及收到彼等就其獨 立性提交之確認書,並認為彼等根據 GEM 上市規則第5.09條所載的指引均屬獨立人士。

本公司致力確保獨立非執行董事將有機會及 渠道向董事會及其委員會溝通及表達其獨立 意見及建議。本公司已建立正式及非正式渠 道,可讓獨立非執行董事於情況需要時以公 開、坦誠及保密的方式表達意見;該等措施 包括與主席的專門會議以及與管理層及其他 董事會成員(包括主席)於董事會會議室外的 交流。董事會將透過提名委員會每年檢討該 等機制的實施及成效。

# Delegation to Board committees and management

The Board is ultimately accountable for the Group's activities, strategies and financial performance, which includes formulating business development strategies, directing and supervising the Group's affairs, reviewing the financial statements of the Company, approving interim reports, annual reports and announcements of interim results and annual results, considering dividend policy, reviewing the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems and so on.

The Board has established three committees, namely, the Remuneration Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Audit Committee with written terms of reference set out in accordance with the CG Code. More details of these committees are set out in separate sections of this report.

The Board delegates necessary powers and authorities to the executive Directors to facilitate the efficient day to day management of the Group's business. Investment decisions were made by the executive Directors pursuant to the procedures and limits adopted by the Group. Delegated authorities in the form of monetary limits were set for the executive Directors and management of the Group for financial commitments and capital expenditures so that they could apply their discretion and respond swiftly to investment opportunities and business needs.

In addition, the Board delegates to the Remuneration Committee authorities to determine remuneration for individual executive Directors and members of senior management.

#### 董事會的權力轉授予轄下委員會及 管理層

董事會對本集團之業務、策略及財務表現承 擔最終責任,當中包括制訂業務發展策略; 領導及督導本集團事務;審閱本公司的財務 報表;批准中期報告、年報以及中期業績及 年度業績之公告;考慮股息政策;檢討風險 管理及內部監控系統之成效等。

董事會成立了三個委員會,即薪酬委員會、 提名委員會及審核委員會,該等委員會已根 據企業管治守則訂有書面的職權範圍。該等 委員會的進一步詳情分別載於本報告個別章 節內。

董事會將必要的權力及職權轉授予執行董 事,以便有效率地管理本集團的日常業務。 投資決策是由執行董事根據本集團採納的程 序和限額作出。有關財務承擔及資本開支方 面的權力轉授則以設置財務限額方式授予本 集團執行董事及管理層,使他們運用其酌情 權對投資機遇及商業需求迅速作出回應。

此外,董事會授權薪酬委員會釐定個別執行 董事及高級管理層的薪酬。

#### **Corporate governance functions**

The Company is committed to maintaining the highest standards of corporate governance yet being pragmatic on business decisions and management efficiency. The independent non-executive Directors were members, and represent the majority, of all the Board committees of the Company, namely, the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. Whilst the Board was ultimately responsible for corporate governance matters, it delegated much of these functions to the Audit Committee which comprised only of independent nonexecutive Directors and was assisted by the Compliance and Risk Control Department performing the internal audit function.

During the Year, the Board, among other things, reviewed the policies and practices on corporate governance, reviewed and monitored the policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; reviewed the Group's compliance manual; reviewed and monitored the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management; and reviewed the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report.

#### **Continuous Professional Development**

Reading materials relevant to the Board's duties and responsibilities and/or the Group's businesses are provided to the Board from time to time to develop, refresh and update their knowledge and skills and to keep them abreast of the latest developments.

Each Directors has also provided to the Company a record of the training he/she has received during the Year, which is set out on page 69 of this annual report.

#### 企業管治職能

本公司致力維持最高水準的企業管治,而在 業務決策及管理效率方面則務實行事。獨立 非執行董事均為所有董事會轄下委員會,即 審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會的成 員,並佔各委員會的過半數成員。儘管企業 管治事宜的最終責任乃由董事會負責,惟董 事會將大部分這些職能轉授予僅由獨立非執 行董事組成的審核委員會,並由合規風控部 協助審核委員會履行內部審核功能。

於本年度,董事會(其中包括)檢討有關企業 管治的政策及常規;檢討及監察有關遵守法 定及監管規定的政策及常規;檢討本集團的 合規手冊;檢討及監察董事及高級管理人員 的培訓及持續專業發展;以及檢討本公司遵 守企業管治守則的情況及在企業管治報告內 的披露。

#### 持續專業發展

有關董事會職務及責任及/或本集團業務的 材料已不時提供予董事會,以發展、補充並 更新其知識及技能,並讓其時刻知悉最新發 展。

各董事亦已向本公司提供其於本年度接受的 培訓記錄(載於本年報第69頁)。



### (D) CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Under code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

Mr. QIU Xiaojian is the chairman of the Company who is responsible for overseeing the function of the Board.

Mr. HU Shilong is the chief executive officer of the Company who is responsible to the Board for managing the business of the Group.

### (E) NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The terms of appointment of the independent non-executive Directors are for a period of three years. All of them are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company pursuant to the Articles of Association and the GEM Listing Rules.

#### (F) **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The Remuneration Committee was established with written terms of reference. It currently comprises three member, Mr. QIU Xiaojian and two independent non-executive Directors namely, Mr. ZENG Liang (Chairman of the Remuneration Committee) and Mr. YANG Hongjun. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee included, among other things, (i) formulating, reviewing and making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration policy and structure for all Directors and members of senior management; (ii) reviewing and approving the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives; (iii) determining the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and members of senior management; and (iv) making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of non- executive Directors. The Remuneration Committee held two meetings during the Year.

## (D) 主席及行政總裁

根據企業管治守則的守則條文第C.2.1條, 主席及行政總裁的角色應有區分,不應由一 人同時兼任。

邱曉健先生為本公司主席,負責監察董事會 職能。

胡仕龍先生為本公司行政總裁,對董事會負 責,管理本集團業務。

### (E) 非執行董事

根據委任條款,獨立非執行董事的任期為三 年。彼等均須按組織章程細則及GEM上市 規則於本公司的股東週年大會上輪值退任及 重新選舉。

### (F) 薪酬委員會

本公司已成立薪酬委員會,並已書面訂明其 職權範圍。薪酬委員會目前包括三名成員, 即邱曉健先生以及兩名獨立非執行董事曾良 先生(薪酬委員會主席)及楊洪軍先生。薪酬 委員會的主要職責包括(其中包括)(i)制定、 檢討並就董事及高級管理人員的全體薪酬政 策及架構向董事會提出建議;(ii)因應董事會 所訂企業方針及目標而檢討及批准管理層的 薪酬建議;(iii)釐定個別執行董事及高級管 理層的薪酬待遇;以及(iv)就非執行董事的 薪酬向董事會提出建議。薪酬委員會於本年 度舉行了兩次會議。



During the Year, the Remuneration Committee reviewed the Group's remuneration policy and structure, determined the remuneration packages of the executive Directors and made recommendation to the Board in relation to the adjustment of the director fee of the independent non-executive Directors, having regard to comparable companies and other relevant factors.

於本年度,薪酬委員會檢討本集團的薪酬政 策及架構、釐定執行董事之薪酬待遇及就調 整獨立非執行董事的董事袍金向董事會提出 建議,當中已考慮可資比較公司及其他相關 因素而作出。

## (G) NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee was established with written terms of reference. It currently comprises three members, Mr. QIU Xiaojian (Chairmen of the Nomination Committee) and two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. YANG Hongjun and Ms. LI Guiying. The primary duties of the Nomination Committee covered, among other things, (i) the reviewing of the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge, experience and diversity of perspectives) of the Board; (ii) identifying and nominating suitably qualified candidates for directorship; and (iii) making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or reappointment of Directors. The Nomination Committee held two meetings during the Year.

During the Year, the Nomination Committee reviewed the established policy and procedure for the nomination and appointment of new Directors, reviewed the structure, size, composition and diversity of the Board, assessed the independence of the independent non-executive Directors, made recommendations to the Board on the reappointment of retiring Directors at the annual general meeting in 2024, and nominated the appointment of Directors.

### (G) 提名委員會

本公司已成立提名委員會,並已書面訂明其 職權範圍。提名委員會目前包括三名成員, 即邱曉健先生(提名委員會主席)以及兩名獨 立非執行董事楊洪軍先生及李桂英女士。提 名委員會的主要職責包括(其中包括)(i)檢討 董事會的架構、人數及組成(包括技能、知 識、經驗及多元化的角度);(ii)物色及提名 具備合適資格的董事人選;及(iii)就董事委 任或重新委任向董事會提出建議。提名委員 會於本年度舉行了兩次會議。

於本年度,提名委員會檢討已制定之提名及 委任新董事的政策及程序,檢討董事會的架 構、人數、組成及多元化、評估獨立非執行 董事的獨立性、就於2024年股東週年大會 上重新委任退任董事向董事會提出建議,以 及提名委任董事。



According to the Nomination Policy adopted by the Company, the Nomination Committee shall review the structure, size, composition and diversity (including the evaluation of skills, knowledge, professional experience, cultural and educational background, gender and age of the Board members and assessment on the independence of the independent non-executive Directors) of the Board at least annually. It is responsible for making recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy and succession planning for the Directors from time to time and selecting suitable and gualified individuals to become Board members. In evaluating and selecting candidate(s) for directorship, the Nomination Committee considers various factors including but not limited to: the character and integrity; skills and expertise; professional and educational background; potential time commitment for the board and/or committee responsibilities; and the elements of our Board Diversity Policy as stated below etc. The Nomination Committee makes recommendation to the Board to appoint the appropriate person among the candidates nominated for directorship. The Board appoints suitable candidate(s) in accordance with the Articles of the Association and the GEM Listing Rules.

#### **Board Diversity Policy**

The Company recognises and embraces the benefit of having a diverse board, and sees increasing diversity at board level as an essential element in maintaining a competitive advantage and achieving long-term sustainable growth for the Group. A balanced and diversified Board brings a broad range of views to bear upon discussions and critical decision-making, and balances against "group thinking". Our Board Diversity Policy is multi-faceted stressing business experience, skill-sets, knowledge and professional expertise in addition to gender, ethnicity and age. The said elements have substantially been included in the current Board composition.

Having reviewed the Board composition, the Nomination Committee recognises the importance and benefits of the gender diversity at the Board level. In order to enhance the gender diversity among the Board members, one more female director has been appointed during the Year.

根據本公司採納的提名政策,提名委員會須 最少每年檢討董事會的架構、人數、組成及 多元化(包括對董事會成員之技能、知識、 專業經驗、文化及教育背景、性別及年齡作 評估, 及對獨立非執行董事之獨立性作評 核)。提名委員會負責不時就任何為配合本 公司之企業策略而擬對董事會作出的變動及 就董事之繼任計劃提出建議並挑選合適及合 資格人士成為董事會成員。於評估及挑選董 事職位之人選時,提名委員會會考慮不同因 素(包括但不限於):其品格及誠信、技能及 專長、專業及學術背景、就履行董事會 及/或委員會職責承諾能投放之時間,以及 下述我們的董事會多元化政策之元素等。提 名委員會在董事職位之候選名單中挑選合適 人選並向董事會提供建議。董事會根據章程 細則及GEM上市規則委任合適之人士。

### 董事會多元化政策

本公司認同及相信多元化董事會帶來之裨 益,並視董事會日益多元化為維持本集團競 爭優勢及實現長遠可持續增長之必須元素。 一個均衡且多元化的董事會可帶來多角度的 觀點,有助於討論和作出重要決策,並通過 「集體思維」令意見持平。我們的董事會成員 多元化政策是多方面的,除了性別、種族和 年齡外,同時強調業務經驗、專長、知識與 專業經驗。董事會目前之組成已大致包含上 述元素。

在審閱董事會組成後,提名委員會了解性別 多元化於董事會層面的重要性及好處。為加 強董事會成員的性別多元化,本年度已額外 委任一名女性董事。



For the detailed gender ratio in the workforce (including senior management), please refer to the 2024/2025 Environmental, Social and Governance Report of the Company.

### (H) AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee was established with written terms of reference. It currently comprises three independent nonexecutive Directors namely, Ms. LI Guiying (Chairman of the Audit Committee), Mr. YANG Hongjun and Mr. ZENG Liang in compliance with Rules 5.28 and 5.29 of the GEM Listing Rules. The primary duties of the Audit Committee include, among other things, (i) reviewing and supervising the financial reporting process; (ii) reviewing internal control as well as risk management systems of the Group; (iii) reviewing the consolidated financial statements and the interim and annual reports of the Group; and (iv) reviewing the terms of engagement and scope of audit work of the external auditor and ensure their coordination. The Audit Committee held two meetings during the Year.

During the Year, the Audit Committee was engaged in, among other duties, receiving and reviewing reports from the Compliance and Risk Control Department, reviewing interim and annual results of the Group and providing advice and comments thereon to the Board. The Audit Committee also reviewed the Group's internal control and risk management systems and made recommendations to the Board for improvements. The Audit Committee considered and approved the terms of engagement and remuneration of the external auditor, and discussed with them the nature and scope of their audits before the audits commenced. In discharging its duties, the Audit Committee met with the Group's management and external auditor several times during the Year.

At the meeting held in June 2025 among other things, the Audit Committee has reviewed this annual report and recommended it for the Board's approval. 有關員工(包括高級管理人員)的性別比例詳 情,請參閱本公司2024/2025年環境、社會 及管治報告。

## (H) 審核委員會

本公司已成立審核委員會,並已書面訂明其 職權範圍。審核委員會目前包括三位獨立非 執行董事李桂英女士(審核委員會主席)、楊 洪軍先生及曾良先生,符合GEM上市規則 第5.28條及第5.29條之規定。審核委員會 的主要職責包括(其中包括)(i)檢討及監察財 務匯報程序;(ii)檢討本集團內部監控及風險 管理制度;(iii)審閱本集團的綜合財務報表 以及中期及年度報告;以及(iv)檢閱外部核 數師的聘用條款及審核工作範疇,及確保他 們的工作得到協調。審核委員會於本年度舉 行了兩次會議。

於本年度,審核委員會(其中職責包括)接收 及審閱合規風控部報告、審閱本集團的中期 及年度業績並就此向董事會提供建議及意 見。審核委員會亦檢討本集團的內部監控及 風險管理制度,並向董事會提供改進建議。 審核委員會考慮及批准外部核數師的聘用條 款及薪酬,並於審核工作開始前就審核性質 及範疇跟他們作出討論。為履行其職責,審 核委員會與本集團的管理層及外部核數師於 本年度舉行了數次會議。

於2025年6月舉行的會議上,除其他事項 外,審核委員會已審閱本年報並建議董事會 批准。



# (I) ATTENDANCE AT MEETINGS AND TRAINING

During the Year, the attendance records of the Directors at Board Meeting, Audit Committee Meeting, Remuneration Committee Meeting, Nomination Committee Meeting, the 2024 Annual General Meeting, Extraordinary General Meeting and their training records are as follows:

# (I) 出席會議及培訓

於本年度,各董事出席董事會會議、審核委員會會議、薪酬委員會會議、提名委員會會議及2024年股東週年大會、股東特別大會,以及培訓之記錄如下:

		Number of meetings attended/held 出席/舉行會議次數						
Name of Directors during the Year	_	Board Meeting 董事會	Committee Meeting 審核委員會	Remuneration Committee Meeting 薪酬委員會	Nomination Committee Meeting 提名委員會	2024 Annual General Meeting 2024年 股東週年	Extraordinary General Meeting 股東特別	Training
本年度董事姓名		會議	會議	會議	會議	大會	大會	培訓
Executive Directors:	執行董事:							
Mr. QIU Xiaojian	邱曉健先生	4/4	-	2/2	2/2	1/1	-	1
Mr. HU Shilong	胡仕龍先生	4/4	-	-	-	1/1	-	1
Mr. LI Xiang	李響先生	4/4	-	-	-	1/1	-	1
Ms. ZHOU Fang	周芳女士	4/4	-	-	-	1/1	-	1
Ms. LIU Xiaochen	劉小琛女士	4/4	-	-	-	1/1	-	1
Mr. XU Gang	徐剛先生	4/4	-	-	-	1/1	-	1
Mr. WANG Rui	王睿先生	4/4	-	-	-	1/1	-	1
Independent non-executive Directors:	獨立非執行董事:							
Mr. Stephen MARKSCHEID	Stephen MARKSCHEID先生							
(resigned on 23 August 2024)	(於2024年8月23日辭任)	1/1	1/1	-	2/2	1/1	-	1
Mr. ZHANG Weidong	張衛東先生							
(resigned on 23 August 2024)	(於2024年8月23日辭任)	1/1	1/1	2/2	2/2	1/1	-	1
Mr. ZENG Liang	曾良先生	4/4	2/2	2/2	-	1/1	-	1
Mr. WANG Li	王力先生	4/4	-	-	-	1/1	-	1
Mr. YANG Hongjun	楊洪軍先生							
(appointed on 23 August 2024)	(於2024年8月23日獲委任)	3/3	1/1	-	-	-	-	1
Ms. LI Guiying	李桂英女士							
(appointed on 23 August 2024)	(於2024年8月23日獲委任)	3/3	1/1	-	-	-	-	1



### (J) RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Group places high importance on internal control which is the foundation of the Group's reputation and maintenance of clients' confidence. The Board is responsible for supervising a sound and effective internal control system in order to safeguard the interests of the shareholders of the Company and the assets of the Group against improper use or disposition, ensuring maintenance of proper books and records for the provision of reliable financial information, and ensuring compliance with relevant rules and regulations. The Board has delegated responsibility to its Audit Committee to review the Group's risk management and internal control matters. The risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate risks of failure in operational systems so that the Group's objectives can be achieved, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Audit Committee is assisted by the Compliance and Risk Control Department, to assess and review if a sound and effective risk management and internal control system are in place at least once a year. The Compliance and Risk Control Department reported to and met with the Audit Committee to review internal audit findings on enterprise risk and internal control matters.

#### **Risk management system**

Based on the Group's business and operations, Compliance and Risk Control Department, using risk-based approach, has identified and carried out review on four areas covering financial, operational, strategies and compliance.

The approach used by the Compliance and Risk Control Department comprises the following phases:

- Obtaining an understanding of the existing procedures, systems and controls established by the Group through enquiries and discussion with management and appropriate personnel;
- Identifying and classifying the key risks faced by the Group;
- Assessing the likelihood and impact of each risk factor;

### (J) 風險管理及內部監控

本集團高度重視內部監控,認為此乃本集團 贏得聲譽及維持客戶信任的基礎。董事會負 責督導內部監控系統穩健妥善而且有效,以 保障本公司股東利益及本集團資產免受不當 使用或處置,確保妥善保存賬冊及記錄以提 供可靠財務資料,及確保遵守相關規則及法 規。董事會已下放職責予其審核委員會,檢 視本集團的風險管理及內部監控事宜。風險 管理及內部監控系統乃為管理而非消除營運 系統失效之風險而設,令本集團可達成目 標,惟僅可就重大錯誤陳述或虧損提供合理 惟非絕對之保證。

審核委員會由合規風控部協助每年最少一次 評估及檢視是否已設有健全及有效的風險管 理及內部監控系統。合規風控部向審核委員 會匯報並與審核委員會會晤以審閲對企業風 險的審核發現及內部監控事宜。

#### 風險管理系統

基於本集團的業務及營運,合規風控部利用 風險為本的方法,已識別四大領域並加以檢 視,涵蓋財務、營運、策略及合規。

合規風控部所使用方法包括以下步驟:

- 通過向管理層及適當人員作出查詢並
  與之討論,瞭解本集團制定的現有程
  序、制度及控制措施;
- 識別及分類本集團所面臨的主要風險;
- 評估各風險因素發生的可能性及其影響;


- Carrying out review and assessment on the those critical aspects of the key procedures, systems and controls of the Group to address the risk factors;
- Evaluating the residual risks with the relevant control measures taken into account; and
- Making recommendations, based on Compliance and Risk Control Department's observations, documentation and review of the procedures, systems and controls that could improve the effectiveness and/or efficiency of the procedures, systems and controls to mitigate the risks to which the Group is subjected.

Based on the report done by the Compliance and Risk Control Department, the Group has been reminded that the risk in maintaining, obtaining and renewal of certain qualification certificates, licenses and intellectual property rights should be carefully managed since it could materially and adversely affect the Group's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Moreover, any leakage of personal data or client information could bring a significant risk and impact to the Group's business and reputation, and therefore the Group has implemented strict internal control procedures to safeguard the security and confidentiality of its databases.

The analysis and opinions from in-depth industry knowledge and relevant-experienced professional third parties should be taken into consideration.

#### Internal control system

The Group has set up an effective internal control mechanism which is sufficient to enable the Directors to make a proper assessment of the financial position and prospect of the Group.

Compliance and Risk Control Department has conducted a review of the Group's internal control system by conducting interviews, walkthroughs and tests on the effectiveness of the procedures, systems and controls established by the Group in its operating cycles, in particular, revenue and receipt cycle, treasury management cycle and compliance management cycle.

- 對本集團主要程序、制度及控制措施 的該等關鍵層面進行檢討及評估,以 解決風險因素;
- 評估剩餘風險並考慮相關控制措施;
   及
- 根據合規風控部的觀察、文件證據以 及對檢討程序、制度及控制措施所提 出可提升有關程序、制度及控制措施 的成效及/或效率的推薦建議,以減 低本集團所面對的風險。

根據合規風控部所作的報告,本集團已獲提 醒應審慎管理維持、取得及重續若干資質證 書、牌照及知識產權的風險,因為其可能對 本集團的業務、財務狀況、經營業績及前景 產生重大不利影響。

此外,個人數據或客戶資料的任何洩露可能 對本集團的業務及聲譽產生重大風險及影 響,因此本集團已實施嚴格的內部監控程序 以保障其數據庫的安全性及機密性。

於考慮項目時,亦會納入擁有行業深入知識 和相關經驗的專業第三方的分析和意見。

#### 內部監控系統

本集團已建立有效的內部監控機制,足以讓 董事對本集團的財務狀況及前景作出適當評 定。

合規風控部已透過對本集團於其營運週期(尤 其是收入及收款週期、財務管理週期及合規 管理週期)建立的程序、系統及監控有效性 進行訪談、進行測試及檢測,檢視本集團的 內部監控系統。



With respect to the internal control review done by the Compliance and Risk Control Department, no major issues on control failure is noted during the Year.

The Board has conducted a review and is of the view that both risk management and internal control systems are effective and adequate for the Group to achieve its objectives during the Year. The Board will continue to assess the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems taking into consideration the results of reviews and audits performed by the Compliance and Risk Control Department, external auditor and Audit Committee and making sure that all significant legal and regulatory requirements are adhered to.

#### **Dissemination of inside information**

In order to enhance the Group's system of handling inside information and enable a consistent practice of timely, accurate and complete disclosure of material information of the Group, the Group has adopted policies and procedures which set out guidelines and procedures as well as measures to handle and disseminate inside information as well as to establish minimum standards for handling of material nonpublic information to protect client-sensitive data and avoid violating any applicable laws or internal policies. With these procedures and measures in place, the Group is able to control and properly discharge its reporting obligation, especially in relation to inside information disclosure obligations, in a timely and effective manner and in accordance with the requirements under applicable laws.

#### (K) AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

During the Year, the remuneration in respect of audit service provided by the Company's external auditor was approximately HK\$4.00 million (approximately RMB3.84 million). No non-audit service was provided by the Company's external auditor. 就合規風控部完成的內部監控檢視而言,於 本年度概無發現監控失誤造成的重大事宜。

於本年度董事會已審核並認為風險管理和內 部監控系統有效及足夠為本集團達成其目 標。董事會會繼續考慮合規風控部、外部核 數師及審核委員會所履行檢視及審計的結 論,評估風險管理及內部監控系統的有效 性;以及確保已遵守所有重大法律及法規規 定。

#### 發佈內幕消息

為強化本集團處理內幕消息的制度,令本集 團的重大資料可一直得以及時、準確及完整 地披露,本集團已採納載列指引及程序以及 處理及發佈內幕消息措施的政策及程序,以 及建立處理重大非公開資料的最低標準,以 保障客戶敏感資料及避免違反任何適用法律 或內部政策。憑藉該等程序及措施,本集團 能依照適用法律要求,及時及有效地控制及 妥善履行其申報責任,尤其是關於內幕消息 的披露責任。

#### (K) 核數師酬金

於本年度,有關本公司外部核數師就提供核 數服務所得的酬金約為4,000,000港元(約人 民幣3,840,000元)。本公司外部核數師未提 供非核數服務。

#### (L) DIRECTORS' AND AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements which give a true and fair view in accordance with the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, Chapter 622 of the laws of Hong Kong. The statement of the Company's auditor about its reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements is set out in the "Independent Auditor's Report" on pages 77 to 84 of this annual report.

#### (M) COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. TUNG Sze Ho Dicky, who is delegated by an external secretarial service provider, Angela Ho & Associates, has been appointed as the company secretary of the Company since 17 January 2022. Mr. TUNG's primary contact person at the Company is Mr. LI Xiang, the executive Director. Mr. TUNG undertook not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the year ended 31 March 2025.

#### (N) DIVIDEND POLICY

The Board has approved and adopted the Dividend Policy on 21 June 2019 that aims to set out the principles and guidelines of the Company in relation to the declaration, recommendation and payment of dividends to its shareholders.

Under the Dividend Policy, the Company does not have any predetermined dividend payout ratio. Distribution of dividends should be in the interests of the Company and its shareholders as a whole. When considering dividend declaration or recommendation, the Board shall take into account the following factors:-

- (1) business condition and strategy of the Group;
- (2) capital requirement for the Group's existing/potential project or investment;

#### (L) 董事及核數師對綜合財務報表的 責任

董事承認彼等編製綜合財務報表之責任,該 等綜合財務報表須根據香港會計師公會所頒 佈的香港財務報告準則及香港法例第622章 香港公司條例的披露規定作出真實公平的反 映。本公司核數師有關其綜合財務報表申報 責任的聲明載於本年報第77頁至第84頁的 「獨立核數師報告」內。

### (M) 公司秘書

獲外部秘書服務提供商何文琪律師事務所委派的董思浩先生已自2022年1月17日起獲 委任為本公司的公司秘書。董先生於本公司 的主要聯繫人為執行董事李響先生。董先生 於截至2025年3月31日止年度已接受至少 15個小時的相關專業培訓。

#### (N) 股息政策

董事會於2019年6月21日批准並採納股息 政策,旨在列明有關本公司向其股東宣派、 建議及派發股息之原則及指引。

根據股息政策,本公司並無任何預定的派息 比率。派發股息應符合本公司及其股東的整 體利益。當考慮宣派或建議派發股息時,董 事會應考慮以下因素:一

- (1) 本集團的業務狀況及策略;
- (2) 本集團現有/潛在項目或投資的資本 需求;



- earnings, financial and cash flow position and distributable reserves of the Company and the Group; and
- (4) other factors that the Board deems relevant.

The declaration and payment of dividends is subject to the provisions of the Articles of Association and any other applicable laws, rules and regulations.

The Company's dividend distribution record in the past may not be used as a reference or basis to determine the level of dividends that may be declared or paid by the Company in future.

The Board has the sole discretion to recommend or not to recommend final dividends to the shareholders for approval; and to declare or not to declare any other dividends, including but not limited to interim and/or special dividends, after taking into consideration the factors as stated in (1) to (4) above.

The Dividend Policy may be updated, amended, modified and/or cancelled from time to time as the Board may think fit and necessary.

### **(O) CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS**

There was no change in the Company's constitutional documents during the Year.

- (3) 本公司及本集團的盈利、財務及現金 流量狀況以及可供分派儲備;及
- (4) 董事會認為相關的其他因素。

宣派及派付股息受限於組織章程細則及任何 其他適用法律、規則及法規。

本公司過往的股息分派記錄不可用作釐定本 公司日後可能宣派或派付之股息水平之參考 或基準。

董事會經考慮上述(1)至(4)項因素後,可全 權酌情建議或不建議向股東派發末期股息; 及宣派或不宣派任何其他股息,包括但不限 於中期及/或特別股息。

董事會認為適當和必要時,可不時更新、修 訂、修改及/或取消股息政策。

### (O) 章程文件

於本年度,本公司章程文件並無變動。



#### (P) SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

# Convening of extraordinary general meeting and putting forward proposals

Pursuant to the Articles of Association, any two or more registered members of the Company (the "Shareholders") or any one Shareholder which is a recognised clearing house (or its nominee(s)) holding not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company which carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company, shall have the right, by written requisitions, to put forward proposals and require an extraordinary general meeting (the "EGM") to be convened. Subject to applicable legislations and regulations, the procedures for Shareholders to convene and put forward proposals at an EGM are as follows:

- The written requisitions shall be deposited at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong situated at Unit 1608, Level 16, Tower 1, Grand Century Place, 193 Prince Edward Road West, Mongkok, Kowloon, Hong Kong (for the attention of the Company Secretary), specifying the objects of the meeting and signed by the requisitionists.
- 2. The Company will then verify the request with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong and upon its confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the Company Secretary will then ask the Board to convene an EGM by serving sufficient notice in accordance with the regulatory requirements and the Articles of Association to all the Shareholders. If the request has been verified as not in order, the Shareholders concerned will be advised of the outcome and an EGM will not be convened as requested.
- 3. If within 21 days from the date of deposit of the requisition, the Board fails to proceed to convene the meeting to be held within a further 21 days, the requisitionist(s) themselves or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, may convene the general meeting but any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of deposit of the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board to convene the meeting shall be reimbursed to them by the Company.

#### (P) 股東權利

#### 召開股東特別大會及提出建議

根據組織章程細則,任何兩名或以上本公司 登記股東(「股東」)或任何一位股東(為一間 認可結算所(或其提名人))持有本公司不少 於十分之一繳足股本而附有權利於本公司股 東大會上投票,有權以書面要求提出動議及 要求召開股東特別大會(「股東特別大會」)。 受限於適用的法律及規例,股東召開股東特 別大會及於股東特別大會提出動議的程序載 列如下:

- 書面要求須送達本公司的香港主要辦 事處,地址為香港九龍旺角太子道西 193號新世紀廣場1座16樓1608室, 抬頭註明公司秘書收,並須列明會議 目的及由遞呈要求人士簽署。
- 本公司會向其香港股份過戶登記分處 核實有關要求,並於獲得股份過戶登 記分處確認有關要求為恰當及符合程 序後,本公司秘書會要求董事會召開 股東特別大會,並根據法定要求及組 織章程細則向所有股東發出充分通知。 反之,若有關要求經核實為不符合程 序,有關股東將獲知會結果,而股東 特別大會將不會按要求而召開。
- 若在送達有關要求之日起計二十一日 內,董事會未有召開於隨後的二十一 日內舉行之大會,則遞呈要求人士本 身或其中任何代表彼等合共投票表決 權超過一半的遞呈要求人士可自行召 開股東大會,惟按此召開的任何大會 不得於送達有關要求之日起計三個月 屆滿後舉行,而遞呈要求人士因董事 會未有召開大會而產生的所有合理開 支將由本公司向遞呈要求人士償付。



#### (Q) INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company is committed to maintaining a high level of transparency and employs a policy of open and timely disclosure of relevant information to its Shareholders. The Board strives to encourage and maintain regular communication with Shareholders through various means. The Company has established a shareholders' communication policy to ensure that appropriate steps are taken to provide effective communication with its Shareholders. The Company encourages all Shareholders to attend general meetings, which provide opportunities for direct dialogue between the Board and the Shareholders, and for Shareholders to stay informed of the Group's strategy and goals.

At the annual general meeting held 14 August 2024, the Chairman of the Board, the chairman of audit, remuneration and nomination committees and representatives from the auditor of the Company, Ernst & Young, were present to attend to possible questions from Shareholders.

The Company updates its Shareholders on its latest business developments and financial performance through its notices, announcements and circulars, as well as interim and annual reports. The corporate website maintained by the Company at www.kwtech-group.com provides an effective communication platform to the public and the Shareholders. Shareholders and investors may at any time send their enquiries to the Board by addressing them to the Company Secretary by post at Unit 1608, Level 16, Tower 1, Grand Century Place, 193 Prince Edward Road West, Mongkok, Kowloon, Hong Kong or by email at infohk@kwtech-group.com.

The Board will review the shareholders' communication policy at least annually to ensure its effectiveness. Having considered the different channels of communication with Shareholders, the Board is satisfied that the shareholders' communication policy has been properly implemented during the Year and is appropriate.

#### (Q) 投資者關係

本公司致力維持高透明度,並採納公開和及 時向其股東披露相關資料的政策。董事會致 力鼓勵及通過多種方式與股東保持定期溝 通。本公司已制定股東通訊政策,以確保採 取適當措施與股東進行有效溝通。本公司鼓 勵所有股東出席股東大會,大會提供董事會 與股東直接對話的機會,並讓股東了解本集 團的策略及目標。

於2024年8月14日舉行的股東週年大會, 董事會主席、審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提 名委員會各自的主席,以及本公司核數師安 永會計師事務所之代表,均有出席回答股東 可能提出的問題。

本公司通過其通告、公告、通函以及中 期及年度報告,向股東匯報其最新的業 務發展及財務表現。本公司的公司網站 www.kwtech-group.com為公眾人士及股 東提供有效的溝通平台。股東及投資者可隨 時將有關向董事會提出的查詢透過 郵寄方式發送至香港九龍旺角太子道西193 號新世紀廣場1座16樓1608室或電郵至 infohk@kwtech-group.com,註明公司秘書 收。

董事會將至少每年檢討一次股東通訊政策, 以確保其有效性。經考慮與股東溝通的不同 渠道後,董事會信納股東通訊政策於本年度 已妥為實施及適當執行。





Ernst & Young 27/F, One Taikoo Place 979 King's Road Quarry Bay, Hong Kong

To the shareholders of Kingwisoft Technology Group Company Limited (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Kingwisoft Technology Group Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 85 to 218, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2025, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2025, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

安永會計師事務所 香港鰂魚涌 英皇道 979號 太古坊一座 27樓 Tel 電話: +852 2846 9888 Fax 傳真: +852 2868 4432 ey.com

**致** 金慧科技集團股份有限公司股東 (於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

#### 意見

我們已審核金慧科技集團股份有限公司(「貴公司」) 及其附屬公司(「貴集團」)列載於第85頁至第218 頁的綜合財務報表,包括於2025年3月31日的綜 合財務狀況表、截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其 他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量 表及綜合財務報表附註,包括重大會計政策資料。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師 公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報告準 則會計準則真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於2025 年3月31日的綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止年度 的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港 公司條例的披露規定妥為擬備。



#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") as issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for *Professional Accountants* (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

#### 意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則 (「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下 承擔的責任已在本報告核數師就審計綜合財務報 表承擔的責任部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會 計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守則》(以下簡稱 「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中 的其他專業道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的 審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供 基礎。

#### 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本 期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。該等事 項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及形成意見時 進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意 見。就以下各事項而言,我們在該背景下提供我 們如何在審計中處理該事項的描述。

我們已履行本報告核數師就審計綜合財務報表承 擔的責任部分所述的責任,包括與該等事項有關 的責任。因此,我們的審計包括執行程序,旨在 應對我們對綜合財務報表中的重大錯誤陳述風險 的評估。我們的審計程序(包括為處理下列事項而 執行的程序)結果,為我們對隨附綜合財務報表的 審計意見提供了基礎。

#### KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

#### 關鍵審計事項(續)

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Impairment of goodwill and intangible asset with indefinite useful life 商譽及具無限可使用年期的無形資產的減值

As at 31 March 2025, the cost of the Group's goodwill, net of the accumulated impairment brought forward from prior years, was approximately RMB57 million, and the cost of the Group's intangible asset with indefinite useful life, i.e., brand, was approximately RMB62 million.

於2025年3月31日,本集團的商譽成本(扣除過往年度 結轉的累計減值)約為人民幣57,000,000元,而本集團具 無限可使用年期的無形資產(即品牌)的成本約為人民幣 62,000,000元。

In accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard ("HKAS") 36 *Impairment of Assets*, the Group is required to annually test goodwill and intangible asset with indefinite useful life for impairment. The calculation of recoverable amounts of goodwill and intangible asset with indefinite useful life is complex and involves significant management's judgements and estimates, such as the forecasted cash flows, discount rates and perpetual growth rates.

根據香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」)第36號資產減值, 本集團須每年測試商譽及具無限可使用年期的無形資產 的減值。計算商譽及具無限可使用年期的無形資產的可 收回金額十分複雜,涉及管理層的重大判斷及估計,如 預測現金流量、貼現率及永續增長率。

Relevant disclosures are included in notes 3, 17 and 18 to the financial statements.

相關披露載於財務報表附註3、17及18。

We performed the following procedures to address the impairment of goodwill and intangible asset with indefinite useful life:

我們執行以下程序以處理商譽及具無限可使用年期的無 形資產的減值:

- Evaluated the competency, capabilities and objectivity of the independent valuer;
- 評估獨立估值師的資格、能力及客觀性;
- Assessed reasonableness of forecasted cash flows by making enquiries with management and with reference to historical information and macro economic or country specific data;
- 透過向管理層查詢,並參考歷史資料及宏觀經濟或國家特定數據,評估預測現金流量的合理性;
- With the assistance of our internal valuation specialists, examined the valuation methodologies and evaluated the assumptions and estimates used, including the discount rates and perpetual growth rates;
- 在我們內部估值專家的協助下,審閱估值方法及評估 所用假設及估計,包括貼現率及永續增長率;
- Checked the mathematical accuracy of management's valuation schedules; and
- 檢查管理層估值表的算術準確性;及
- Evaluated the adequacy of the relevant disclosures in the financial statements.
- 評估財務報表中相關披露的充分性。



#### KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

#### Impairment of accounts receivable 應收賬款減值

As at 31 March 2025, the carrying amount of the Group's accounts receivable before impairment was approximately RMB569 million, and the Group was exposed to credit risks arising therefrom.

於2025年3月31日, 貴集團扣除減值前應收賬款的賬 面值約為人民幣569,000,000元, 貴集團面臨由此產生 的信貸風險。

The Group recognises impairment allowances of accounts receivable based on the expected credit loss ("ECL") approach under HKFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*. The measurement of ECL requires the application of significant management's judgements and estimates. The ECL is assessed collectively using a provision matrix, and the provision rates are based on the Group's internal credit risk grading assessment and the estimated loss rates.

貴集團根據香港財務報告準則第9號*金融工具*的預期信 貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)法確認應收賬款的減值撥備。 計量預期信貸虧損須應用管理層的重大判斷及估計。預 期信貸虧損乃使用撥備矩陣進行集體評估,而撥備率乃 基於 貴集團內部信貸風險評級評估及估計虧損率得出。

Relevant disclosures are included in notes 3, 22 and 40 to the financial statements. 相關披露載於財務報表附註3、22及40。

### **關鍵審計事項**(續)

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

We performed the following procedures to address the impairment of accounts receivable: 我們執行以下程序以處理應收賬款減值:

- Evaluated the competency, capabilities and objectivity of the independent valuer;
- 評估獨立估值師的資格、能力及客觀性;
- Evaluated the ECL determined by management by examining, on a sample basis, the information used to form such judgements and estimates, including the ageing categories, historical credit loss information and forward-looking factors;
- 通過抽樣檢查用於形成有關判斷及估計的資料(包括 賬齡類別、歷史信貸虧損資料及前瞻性因素),評估管 理層釐定的預期信貸虧損;
- Compared key debtors' internal credit risk grading assessment result categories to the corresponding relevant credit rating grades published by external credit rating agencies;
- 將主要債務人的內部信貸風險評級評估結果分類與外 部信貸評級機構公布的相應相關信貸評級等級進行比 較;
- With the assistance of our internal valuation specialists, examined the ECL methodology and evaluated the probability of default rates and loss given default rates;
- 在我們內部估值專家的協助下,審閱預期信貸虧損方
   法及評估違約率及違約率項下的虧損概率;
- Evaluated the impairment provision of accounts receivable by reference to the Group's subsequent collection; and
- 參考 貴集團的後續收款情況,評估應收賬款的減值 準備;及
- Evaluated the adequacy of the relevant disclosures in the financial statements.
- 評估財務報表中相關披露的充足性。

### OTHER INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of the auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the Company are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### 年報所載列的其他資料

貴公司董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括年 報內的資料,不包括綜合財務報表及我們的核數 師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資料, 我們亦不對該等其他資料發表任何形式的鑒證結 論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任是 閱讀其他資料及,在此過程中,考慮其他資料是 否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了解的 情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的 情況。基於我們根據在本核數師報告日期前取得 的其他資料已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他資 料存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。在 這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

#### 董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香 港財務報告準則會計準則及香港公司條例的披露 規定擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並對其認 為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯 誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時, 貴公司董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非 貴公司董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

審核委員會協助 貴公司董事履行監督 貴集團 財務報告過程的責任。



#### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

#### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責 任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在 由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理 保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。我們 的報告僅向 閣下(作為整體)作出,除此之外本 報告別無其他目的。我們不會就本報告的內容向 任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按照香港 審計準則進行的審計,在某一重大錯誤陳述存在 時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起, 如果合理預期它們單獨或滙總起來可能影響綜合 財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務報表所作出的經濟 決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據香港審計準則進行審計的過程中,我們運 用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務 報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行 審計程序以應對這些風險,以及獲取充足和 適當的審計憑證,作為我們意見的基礎。由 於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛 假陳述,或凌駕於內部控制之上,因此未能 發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高 於未能發現因失誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的 風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當的 審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部控制 的有效性發表意見。
- 評估董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出會 計估計和相關披露的合理性。

#### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the Group as a basis for forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

#### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責 任(續)

- 根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定是否存在與事 項或情況有關的重大不確定性,從而可能導 致對 貴集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑 慮。如果我們認為存在重大不確定性,則有 必要在核數師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財 務報表中的相關披露。假若有關的披露不 足,則我們應當發表有保留意見。我們的結 論是基於核數師報告日止所取得的審計憑 證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導致 貴集 團不能持續經營。
- 評估綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和 內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否中 肯反映交易和事項。
- 計劃及執行集團審計,以就 貴集團內實體 或業務單元的財務信息獲取充足、適當的審 計憑證,作為對綜合財務報表形成意見的基 礎。我們負責集團審計的方向、監督及覆核 為集團審計而執行的審計工作。我們為審計 意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通了計劃的 審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括我 們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷。

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明, 説明我們已符合 有關獨立性的相關道德規定, 並與他們溝通有可 能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和 其他事項, 以及在適用的情況下, 為消除威脅所 採取的行動或所應用的防範措施。



#### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Ng Siu Ki Ricky (practicing certificate number: P05575).

#### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責 任(續)

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事 項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構 成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些 事項,除非法律或法規不允許公開披露這些事項, 或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報 告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾 利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人為吳紹 祺(執業證書編號: P05575)。

**Ernst & Young** *Certified Public Accountants* 

Hong Kong 26 June 2025 **安永會計師事務所** 執業會計師

香港 2025年6月26日

### Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

		Notes 附註	2025年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2024年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
REVENUE	收入	5	1,240,654	1,240,904
Cost of services	服務成本		(1,199,889)	(1,113,027)
Gross profit	毛利		40,765	127,877
Other income and gains	其他收入及收益	6	19,552	74,518
Marketing expenses	營銷開支		(7,607)	(8,389)
Research and development expenses	研發開支		(60,252)	(43,572)
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(95,816)	(79,609)
Impairment loss of goodwill	商譽減值虧損	17	(56,742)	(224,838)
Impairment losses on financial assets, net	金融資產減值虧損淨額		(23,267)	(19,020)
Gain on recovery of accounts receivable	收回已撇銷應收賬款的收益			
written-off			24	21
Other expenses and losses	其他開支及虧損		(1,347)	(1,896)
Finance costs	財務成本	8	(19,455)	(24,310)
Share of loss of an associate	應佔一間聯營公司虧損	19	(2,918)	(699)
LOSS BEFORE TAX	除税前虧損	7	(207,063)	(199,917)
Income tax credit/(expense)	所得税抵免/(開支)	11	3,680	(5,030)
LOSS FOR THE YEAR	年內虧損		(203,383)	(204,947)

### Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

		Note 附註	<b>2025</b> 年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2024年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	其他全面收益			
Other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:	於往後期間或會重新分類至 損益的其他全面收益:			
Exchange differences on translation of subsidiaries not established in Mainland China	換算並非於中國內地成立 的附屬公司產生的匯兑 差額		341	251
Deregistration of subsidiaries not established in Mainland China	註銷並非於中國內地成立 的附屬公司		_	122
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR, NET OF TAX	年內其他全面收益,扣除 税項		341	373
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE YEAR	年內全面虧損總額		(203,042)	(204,574)
Loss for the year attributable to:	以下人士應佔年內虧損: * <sup>本へ司擁左人</sup>		(207 720)	(107.202)
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人 非控股權益		(207,729) 4,346	(197,382) (7,565)
			(203,383)	(204,947)
Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to:	以下人士應佔年內全面虧損 總額:			
Owners of the Company	<b>總額</b> , 本公司擁有人		(207,388)	(197,009)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		4,346	(7,565)
			(203,042)	(204,574)
LOSS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY	本公司普通權益持有人應佔 每股虧損			
Basic and diluted (RMB cents)	基本及攤薄(人民幣分)	13	(4.35)	(4.13)

## **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

### 綜合財務狀況表

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

		Notes 附註	2025年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2024年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
		PIJ pI	入氏带十九	八氏市1九
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產			
Property and equipment	物業及設備	14	62,082	94,313
nvestment properties	投資物業	15	12,280	12,020
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	16(a)	67,347	68,819
Goodwill	商譽	17	-	56,742
Other intangible assets	其他無形資產	18	131,090	162,143
nvestment in an associate	於一間聯營公司的投資	19	24,734	27,652
Equity investments designated at	指定為按公平值計入			
fair value through other comprehensive	其他全面收益的			
income	權益投資	20	-	-
Prepayments, other receivables and	預付款項、其他應收			
other assets	款項及其他資產	23	6,135	3,750
Pledged deposits	質押存款	25	2,865	-
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	31	16,925	15,083
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額		323,458	440,522
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	21	86	24
Accounts receivable	應收賬款	22	537,343	668,208
Prepayments, other receivables and	預付款項、其他應收			
other assets	款項及其他資產	23	58,639	77,881
Financial assets at fair value through	按公平值計入損益的			
profit or loss	金融資產	24	-	4,812
Prepaid tax	預付税項		1,529	414
Restricted cash	受限制現金	25	11	594
Pledged deposits	質押存款	25	3,257	3,157
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	25	104,758	82,673
Total current assets	流動資產總額		705,623	837,763
	<b>这</b> 到 <i>台</i> 库			
	<b>流動負債</b> 應付賬款	26	0.334	20.020
Accounts payable		26 27	9,334	28,639
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用 今約90億		69,766	103,368
Contract liabilities	合約負債	28	1,867	1,029
Consideration payables	應付代價	29	-	28,038
nterest-bearing bank and other	計息銀行及其他借款	20		
borrowings		30	26,000	198,044
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	16(b)	28,809	22,448
Tax payable	應付税項		12,067	6,412
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		147,843	387,978



### Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

			<b>2025</b> 年	2024年
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		557,780	449,785
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	總資產減流動負債			
LIABILITIES			881,238	890,307
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債			
Other payables and accruals	<b>并加到</b> 員員 其他應付款項及應計費用	27	626	1,147
Interest-bearing bank and other	計息銀行及其他借款	27	0LU	1,147
borrowings		30	208,644	_
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	16(b)	40,377	45,020
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	31	13,942	23,449
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		263,589	69,616
Net assets	資產淨值		617,649	820,691
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人應佔			
the Company	權益			
Share capital	股本	32	40,442	40,442
Reserves	儲備	33	568,771	776,159
			609,213	816,601
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		8,436	4,090
Total equity	權益總額		617,649	820,691

QIU Xiaojian 邱曉健 Director 董事 LI Xiang 李響 Director 董事

## **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity** 綜合權益變動表

Year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

		Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔										
		Notes 附註	Share capital 股本 <i>RMB'000 人民幣千元</i>	Share premium account^ 股份溢價賬 ^ <i>RMB'000 人民幣千元</i>	Statutory reserves <sup>^</sup> 法定儲備 <sup>^</sup> <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Revaluation reserve <sup>^</sup> 重估儲備 <sup>^</sup> <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Translation reserve <sup>^</sup> 匪兑儲備 <sup>^</sup> <i>RMB'</i> 000 人民幣千元	Other reserve <sup>^</sup> 其他儲備 <sup>^</sup> <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Accumulated losses^ 累計虧損^ RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Non- controlling interests 非控股權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total equity 權益總額 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
At 1 April 2024 Loss for the year Other comprehensive income for the year:	於2024年4月1日 年內虧損 年內其他全面收益:		40,442	1,125,077	21,270	(18,499)	23,337	(421)	(374,605) (207,729)	816,601 (207,729)	4,090 4,346	820,691 (203,383)
Exchange differences on translation of subsidiaries not established in Mainland China Deregistration of subsidiaries not	換算並非於中國內地成立的 附屬公司產生的匯兑差額 註銷並非於中國內地成立的		-	-	-	-	341	-	-	341	-	341
established in Mainland China	附屬公司		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year Appropriation of statutory reserves	年內全面收益/(虧損)總額 提取法定儲備		-	-	26,607	-	341	-	(207,729) (26,607)	(207,388) _	4,346	(203,042) _
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日		40,442	1,125,077	47,877	(18,499)	23,678	(421)	(608,941)	609,213	8,436	617,649

	Attributable to owners of the parent 母公司擁有人應佔											
		Notes 附註	Share capital 股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Share premium account <sup>A</sup> 股份溢價賬 <sup>A</sup> RMB'000 人民幣千元	Statutory reserves <sup>A</sup> 法定儲備 <sup>A</sup> RMB'000 人民幣千元	Revaluation reserve <sup>^</sup> 重估儲備 <sup>^</sup> <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Translation reserve <sup>^</sup> 匯兑儲備 <sup>^</sup> RMB'000 人民幣千元	Other reserve <sup>A</sup> 其他儲備 <sup>A</sup> <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Accumulated losses^ 累計虧損^ RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>Total</b> 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元	interests equit 非控股權益 權益總額 RMB'000 RMB'00	Total equity 權益總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 April 2023	於2023年4月1日		40,442	1,125,077	14,577	(18,499)	22,964	(421)	(170,530)	1,013,610	11,667	1,025,277
Loss for the year	年內虧損		-	-	-	-	-	-	(197,382)	(197,382)	(7,565)	(204,947)
Other comprehensive income for the year: Exchange differences on translation of subsidiaries not established in Mainland	年內其他全面收益: 換算並非於中國內地成立的 附屬公司產生的匯兑差額											
China			-	-	-	-	251	-	-	251	-	251
Deregistration of subsidiaries not established in Mainland China	註銷並非於中國內地成立的 附屬公司		-	-	-	-	122	-	-	122	-	122
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	年內全面收益/(虧損)											
for the year	總額		-	-	-	-	373	-	(197,382)	(197,009)	(7,565)	(204,574)
Disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司	34	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(12)	(12)
Appropriation of statutory reserves	提取法定儲備		-	-	6,693	-	-	-	(6,693)	-	-	-
At 31 March 2024	於2024年3月31日		40,442	1,125,077	21,270	(18,499)	23,337	(421)	(374,605)	816,601	4,090	820,691

Λ (2024: RMB776, 159,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

568,771,000元(2024年:人民幣776,159,000元)。



## Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

		Notes 附註	2025年 <i>RMB′000</i> 人民幣千元	2024年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動所得現金流量			
oss before tax	除税前虧損		(207,063)	(199,917
Adjustments for:	就以下各項作出調整:			
Finance costs	財務成本	8	19,455	24,310
Share of loss of an associate	應佔一間聯營公司虧損		2,918	699
Interest income	利息收入	6	(591)	(1,257
Dividend income	股息收入	6	-	(58
Depreciation of property and equipment	物業及設備折舊	7	45,955	39,224
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	7	29,209	30,593
Amortisation of other intangible assets	其他無形資產攤銷	7	31,205	28,237
Loss on disposal of property and	出售物業及設備虧損			
equipment		7	496	386
Fair value losses on financial assets at	按公平值計入損益的金融			
fair value through profit or loss	資產的公平值虧損	6	3,729	2,575
Fair value loss on contingent	或然代價的公平值虧損			
consideration		6	-	27,623
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司收益	6	-	(52,269
Fair value loss/(gain) on investment	投資物業的公平值			
properties	虧損/(收益)	6	1,354	(7,957
Impairment loss of goodwill	商譽減值虧損	7	56,742	224,838
Impairment losses on financial assets,	金融資產減值虧損淨額			
net		7	23,267	19,020
Gain on recovery of accounts receivable	收回已撇銷應收賬款的			
written-off	收益		(24)	(21
Loss/(gain) on early termination of leases	提前終止租賃的虧損/			
	(收益)	6,7	(237)	38
			6,415	136,064

## Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

		2025年	2024年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Increase in inventories	存貨增加	(62)	(140)
Decrease/(increase) in accounts receivable	應收賬款減少/(增加)	111,726	(89,934)
Increase in prepayments, other receivables	預付款項、其他應收款項及		
and other assets	其他資產增加	(2,164)	(28,517)
Increase in pledged deposits	質押存款增加	(2,965)	(100)
Decrease/(increase) in restricted cash	受限制現金減少/(增加)	583	(594)
Increase/(decrease) in accounts payable	應付賬款增加/(減少)	(3,247)	1,526
Increase/(decrease) in other payables and	其他應付款項及應計費用		
accruals	增加/(減少)	(34,123)	45,651
Increase in contract liabilities	合約負債增加	838	1,207
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	匯率變動的影響	256	(1,677)
Cash generated from operations	經營所得現金	77,257	63,486
Income tax paid	已付所得税	(3,129)	(3,219)
Net cash flows generated from	經營活動所得現金流量淨額		
operating activities		74,128	60,267



## Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

		Note	2025年 <i>RMB'000</i>	2024年 <i>RMB'000</i>
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動所得現金流量			
Interest received	已收利息		591	923
Dividend received	已收股息		-	58
Purchase of property and equipment	購置物業及設備		(31,826)	(25,113)
Proceeds from disposal of property and	出售物業及設備所得款項			
equipment			1,548	947
Purchase/additions of investment	購買/添置投資物業			
properties			(1,614)	(774)
Purchase of other intangible assets	購買其他無形資產		(152)	(794)
Development costs paid for other	就其他無形資產支付的開發			
intangible assets	成本		-	(11,035)
Acquisition of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司		-	(1,000)
Disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司	34	15,300	15,134
Disposal of financial assets at fair value	出售按公平值計入損益的			
through profit or loss	金融資產		700	2,738
Net cash flows used in investing	投資活動所用現金流量淨額			
activities			(15,453)	(18,916)

# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

		Notes 附註	2025年 <i>RMB′000</i> 人民幣千元	2024年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動所得現金流量			
Interest paid	已付利息		(510)	(1,891)
New bank borrowings	新增銀行借款		5,000	5,000
Repayment of bank borrowings	償還銀行借款		(5,000)	(68,500)
New other borrowings	新增其他借款		25,000	_
Repayment of other borrowings	償還其他借款		(4,000)	_
Interest portion of lease payments	租賃付款的利息部分		(2,649)	(2,900)
Principal portion of lease payments	租賃付款的本金部分		(25,782)	(27,495)
Payment of consideration payables	支付應付代價	29	(28,734)	(28,519)
	珥◆及珥◇竿 <i>画</i> ┉楢╖ /		(36,675)	(124,305)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND	現金及現金等價物增加/			
CASH EQUIVALENTS	(減少)淨額		22,000	(82,954)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	匯率變動的影響		85	1,930
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of	年初現金及現金等價物			
year			82,673	163,697
	左十五人又五人卒便而			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END	年末現金及現金等價物			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	午木况並及况並守慎初		104,758	82,673
•	<ul> <li>午末現金及現金等領物</li> <li>綜合財務狀況表及綜合現金</li> <li>流量表中所列的現金及</li> <li>現金等價物</li> </ul>		104,758	82,673



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### **1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION**

Kingwisoft Technology Group Company Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law, Cap 22 (Law 3 of 1961 as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The registered address and principal place of business of the Company is P.O. Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1–1104, Cayman Islands and Unit 1608, Level 16, Tower 1, Grand Century Place, 193 Prince Edward Road West, Mongkok, Kowloon, Hong Kong, respectively. The shares of the Company are listed on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

As at 31 March 2025, the directors of the Company considered that the Company's immediate holding company is Zhong Zhi Xin Zhuo Capital Company Limited and the Company's ultimate holding company is Zhong Zhi Ze Yun Capital Company Limited. Pursuant to a voting rights entrustment deed entered into between Zhong Zhi Xin Zhuo Capital Company Limited, Kang Bang Qi Hui (HK) Company Limited and Mr. HU Shilong, who is an executive director and the chief executive officer of the Company, on 28 August 2023, each of Zhong Zhi Xin Zhuo Capital Company Limited and Kang Bang Qi Hui (HK) Company Limited agreed to entrust the voting rights over all of its 2,409,823,718 shares of the Company and 455,820,525 shares of the Company, respectively, to Mr. HU Shilong. Through NINEGO Corporation which holds 212,640,219 shares of the Company and is held as to 40.60% by Mr. HU Shilong and 59.40% by Ms. LIU Yingying, who is the spouse of Mr. HU Shilong, and the virtue of the aforementioned voting rights entrustment deed, Mr. HU Shilong controls the voting rights of 3,078,284,462 shares of the Company, representing approximately 64.45% of all the issued shares of the Company.

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") are principally engaged in investment holding, provision of back-office services (primarily provision of customer service solutions, and setting up of contact service systems and centres), comprehensive marketing and agency services and data centre services.

#### 1. 公司及集團資料

金慧科技集團股份有限公司(「本公司」)為根 據開曼群島法例第22章公司法(1961年法例 第3冊,經合併及修訂)在開曼群島註冊成 立的獲豁免有限公司。本公司註冊地址及主 要營業地點分別為P.O. Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands及香港九龍旺角太子道西193號新世 紀廣場1座16樓1608室。本公司股份於香 港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)GEM上 市。

於2025年3月31日,本公司董事認為本公 司的直接控股公司為Zhong Zhi Xin Zhuo Capital Company Limited 及本公司的最終控 股公司為Zhong Zhi Ze Yun Capital Company Limited。根據Zhong Zhi Xin Zhuo Capital Company Limited、康邦齊輝(香港)有限公 司及胡仕龍先生(本公司執行董事兼行政總 裁)於2023年8月28日訂立的《投票表決權 委 託 契 據》, Zhong Zhi Xin Zhuo Capital Company Limited 及康邦齊輝(香港)有限公 司各自同意分別將其於本公司的全部 2,409,823,718股股份及本公司的 455,820,525股股份的投票表決權委託予胡 仕龍先生。透過NINEGO Corporation (持有 本公司212,640,219股股份,其中胡仕龍先 生持有40.60%權益及劉瑩瑩女士(胡仕龍先 生的配偶)持有59.40%權益)及根據《投票 表決權委託契據》,胡仕龍先生控制本公司 3,078,284,462 股股份的投票權,佔本公司 全部已發行股份約64.45%。

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。本公司及其 附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主要從事投資控 股、提供後台服務(主要提供客戶服務解決 方案及設立聯絡服務系統及中心)、全面營 銷及代理服務及數據中心服務。



#### 31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION**

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) as issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for investment properties, equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and contingent consideration, which have been measured at fair value. These financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

#### **Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 March 2025. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

#### 2. 會計政策

#### 2.1 編製基準

該等綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會 (「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報告準 則會計準則(包括所有香港財務報告準則、 香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」)及詮釋)及 香港公司條例之披露規定而編製。財務報表 乃根據歷史成本慣例編製,惟投資物業、按 公平值計入其他全面收益之股權投資、按公 平值計入其他全面收益之股權投資、按公 平值計量。該等財務報表以人民幣(「人民 幣」)呈列,除另有指明外,所有金額均四舍 五入至最接近的千位數。

#### 綜合基準

綜合財務報表載有本公司及其附屬公司截至 2025年3月31日止年度的財務報表。附屬 公司指由本公司直接或間接控制的實體(包 括結構性實體)。當本集團因參與投資對象 的業務而承受或有權獲得可變回報,並有能 力透過其對投資對象的權力(即賦予本集團 目前主導投資對象相關業務的能力之現有權 利)影響該等回報時,即取得控制權。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

#### Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights results in control. When the Company has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the noncontrolling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

- 2. 會計政策(續)
- 2.1 編製基準(續)

#### 綜合基準(續)

一般而言,存在多數投票表決權形成控制權 之假設。當本公司擁有少於投資對象大多數 投票權或類似權利,本集團於評估其是否對 投資對象擁有權力時會考慮所有相關事實及 情況,包括:

- (a) 與投資對象其他投票權持有人的合約 安排;
- (b) 其他合約安排產生的權利;及
- (c) 本集團的投票表決權及潛在投票表決權。

附屬公司的財務報表按與本公司相同之報告 期,並運用一致會計政策編製。附屬公司之 業績自本集團取得控制權當日起綜合入賬, 並繼續綜合入賬直至該控制權終止當日為止。

損益及其他全面收益各組成部分歸屬於本公 司擁有人及非控股權益,即使此舉導致非控 股權益出現虧絀結餘。本集團成員公司間有 關交易的所有集團內公司間資產及負債、權 益、收入、開支以及現金流量已於綜合入賬 時全數對銷。

倘有事實及情況顯示上文所述三項控制因素 中有一項或多項出現變化,則本集團會重新 評估其是否對投資對象擁有控制權。附屬公 司擁有權權益變動(並無失去控制權)入賬列 作權益交易。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

#### **Basis of consolidation** (Continued)

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the related assets (including goodwill), liabilities, any noncontrolling interest and the exchange fluctuation reserve; and recognises the fair value of any investment retained and any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

#### 2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The Group has adopted the following revised HKFRS Accounting Standards for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

Amendments to HKFRS 16	Lease Liability in a Sale and
	Leaseback
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as
	Current or Non-current (the
	"2020 Amendments")
Amendments to HKAS 1	Non-current Liabilities with
	Covenants (the "2022
	Amendments")
Amendments to HKAS 7 and	Supplier Finance Arrangements
HKFRS 7	

#### 2. 會計政策(續)

- 2.1 編製基準(續)
  - 綜合基準(續)

倘本集團失去對附屬公司的控制權,則終止 確認相關資產(包括商譽)、負債、任何非控 股權益及匯率波動儲備;及確認任何保留投 資的公平值及損益中任何由此產生的盈餘或 虧絀。先前於其他全面收益確認的本集團應 佔部分按倘本集團直接出售相關資產或負債 所需的相同基準重新分類至損益或保留溢利 (如適用)。

#### 2.2 會計政策及披露變動

本集團已於本年度財務報表首次採納以下經 修訂香港財務報告準則會計準則。

香港財務報告準則第16號	售後租回的租賃負
(修訂本)	債
香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)	負債分類為流動或
	非流動(「2020
	年修訂本」)
香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)	附帶契諾的非流動
	<i>負債</i> ([2022年
	修訂本」)
香港會計準則第7號及	供應商融資安排
香港財務報告準則第7號	
(修訂本)	



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# 2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (Continued)

The nature and the impact of the revised HKFRS Accounting Standards that are applicable to the Group are described below:

- (a) Amendments to HKFRS 16 specify the requirements that a seller-lessee uses in measuring the lease liability arising in a sale and leaseback transaction to ensure the seller-lessee does not recognise any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use it retains. Since the Group has no sale and leaseback transactions with variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate occurring from the date of initial application of HKFRS 16, the amendments did not have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.
- (b) The 2020 Amendments clarify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current, including what is meant by a right to defer settlement and that a right to defer must exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification of a liability is unaffected by the likelihood that the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement. The amendments also clarify that a liability can be settled in its own equity instruments, and that only if a conversion option in a convertible liability is itself accounted for as an equity instrument would the terms of a liability not impact its classification. The 2022 Amendments further clarify that, among covenants of a liability arising from a loan arrangement, only those with which an entity must comply on or before the reporting date affect the classification of that liability as current or non-current. Additional disclosures are required for non-current liabilities that are subject to the entity complying with future covenants within 12 months after the reporting period.

#### 2. 會計政策(續)

#### 2.2 會計政策及披露變動(續)

適用於本集團的經修訂香港財務報告準則會 計準則的性質及影響載述如下:

- (a) 香港財務報告準則第16號(修訂本)訂 明賣方 一承租人用於計量售後租回交 易產生的租賃負債的規定,以確保賣 方一承租人不會確認與其保留的使用 權相關的任何收益或虧損金額。由於 自首次應用香港財務報告準則第16號 日期起,本集團並無可變租賃付款並 非取決於指數或利率的售後租回交易, 故該等修訂本對本集團的財務狀況或 表現並無任何影響。
- 2020年修訂本澄清將負債分類為流動 (b) 或非流動的規定,包括遞延結算權的 涵義及遞延結算權須於報告期末存在。 負債的分類不受實體行使其遞延結算 權的可能性影響。該等修訂本亦澄清 負債可以其本身的權益工具結算,且 僅當可轉換負債的轉換選擇權本身入 賬列為權益工具時,負債的條款方不 會影響其分類。2022年修訂本進一步 澄清在貸款安排產生的負債契諾中, 只有實體必須於報告日期或之前遵守 的契諾才會影響該負債分類為流動或 非流動。須就實體於報告期後12個月 內須遵守未來契諾的非流動負債作出 額外披露。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# 2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (Continued)

(b) (Continued)

The Group has reassessed the terms and conditions of its liabilities as at 1 April 2023 and 2024 and concluded that the classification of its liabilities as current or non-current remained unchanged upon initial application of the amendments. Accordingly, the amendments did not have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

(c) Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7 clarify the characteristics of supplier finance arrangements and require additional disclosure of such arrangements. The disclosure requirements in the amendments are intended to assist users of financial statements in understanding the effects of supplier finance arrangements on an entity's liabilities, cash flows and exposure to liquidity risk. As the Group does not have supplier finance arrangements, the amendments did not have any impact on the Group's financial statements.

#### 2. 會計政策(續)

#### 2.2 會計政策及披露變動(續)

- (b) *(續)* 
  - 本集團已重新評估於2023年及2024 年4月1日的負債條款及條件,認為在 首次應用該等修訂本後,負債分類為 流動或非流動保持不變。因此,該等 修訂本對本集團的財務狀況或表現並 無任何影響。
- (c) 香港會計準則第7號及香港財務報告 準則第7號(修訂本)澄清供應商融資 安排的特徵,並要求對該等安排作出 額外披露。該等修訂本的披露規定旨 在協助財務報表使用者了解供應商融 資安排對實體負債、現金流量及流動 資金風險的影響。由於本集團並無供 應商融資安排,故該等修訂本對本集 團的財務報表並無任何影響。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### **ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued) 2.

#### **2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS**

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRS Accounting Standards, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements. The Group intends to apply these new and revised HKFRS Accounting Standards, if applicable, when they become effective.

### 2. 會計政策(續)

#### 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報 告準則會計準則

本集團並無於該等財務報表應用下列已頒佈 但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準 則會計準則。本集團擬於該等新訂及經修訂 香港財務報告準則會計準則(如適用)生效時 應用。

HKFRS 18	Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements <sup>3</sup>	香港財務報告準則 第18號	財務報表的呈列及披露。
HKFRS 19	Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures <sup>3</sup>	香港財務報告準則 第19號	無公共問責性的附屬公 司:披露 <sup>3</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7	Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments <sup>2</sup>	香港財務報告準則 第9號及香港財務 報告準則第7號 (修訂本)	金融工具的分類及計量 (修訂本) <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7	Contracts Referencing Nature- dependent Electricity <sup>2</sup>	香港財務報告準則 第9號及香港財務 報告準則第7號 (修訂本)	涉及依賴自然能源生產 電力的合約 <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture⁴	香港財務報告準則 第10號及香港會計 準則第28號 (修訂本)	投資者與其聯營公司或 合營企業之間資產出售 或投入 <sup>4</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 21	Lack of Exchangeability <sup>1</sup>	香港會計準則第21號 (修訂本)	缺乏可兑换性!
Annual Improvements to HKFRS Accounting Standards — Volume 11	Amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 9, HKFRS 10 and HKAS 7 <sup>2</sup>	香港財務報告準則 會計準則的年度 改進 — 第11卷	香港財務報告準則 第1號、香港財務報告 準則第7號、香港財務 報告準則第9號、 香港財務報告準則 第10號及香港會計 準則第7號(修訂本) <sup>2</sup>
<ul> <li>Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025</li> <li>Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>於2025年1月1日或之後開始之年度期間生效</li> <li>於2026年1月1日或之後開始之年度期間生效</li> </ul>	
<sup>3</sup> Effective for annual/reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027		<ul> <li>3 於2027年1月1日或之後開始之年度/報告期間</li> <li>生效</li> </ul>	
<sup>4</sup> No mandatory effective date yet determined but available for		4 尚未釐定強制生效日期,但可供採納	

adoption



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

Further information about those HKFRS Accounting Standards that are expected to be applicable to the Group is described below.

HKFRS 18 replaces HKAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements. While a number of sections have been brought forward from HKAS 1 with limited changes, HKFRS 18 introduces new requirements for presentation within the statement of profit or loss, including specified totals and subtotals. Entities are required to classify all income and expenses within the statement of profit or loss into one of the five categories: operating, investing, financing, income taxes and discontinued operations and to present two new defined subtotals. It also requires disclosures about management-defined performance measures in a single note and introduces enhanced requirements on the grouping (aggregation and disaggregation) and the location of information in both the primary financial statements and the notes. Some requirements previously included in HKAS 1 are moved to HKAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors, which is renamed as HKAS 8 Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements. As a consequence of the issuance of HKFRS 18, limited, but widely applicable, amendments are made to HKAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows, HKAS 33 Earnings per Share and HKAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting. In addition, there are minor consequential amendments to other HKFRS Accounting Standards. HKFRS 18 and the consequential amendments to other HKFRS Accounting Standards are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027 with earlier application permitted. Retrospective application is required. The Group is currently analysing the new requirements and assessing the impact of HKFRS 18 on the presentation and disclosure of the Group's financial statements.

#### 2. 會計政策(續)

#### 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報 告準則會計準則(續)

有關預期將適用於本集團的該等香港財務報 告準則會計準則的進一步資料説明如下。

香港財務報告準則第18號取代香港會計準 則第1號財務報表的呈報。儘管香港會計準 則第1號的多個章節已被納入而變動有限, 香港財務報告準則第18號就損益表內呈列 方式引入新規定,包括指定的總計及小計。 實體須將損益表內所有收益及開支分類為以 下五個類別之一:經營、投資、融資、所得 税及已終止經營業務,並呈列兩項新界定小 計。其亦規定於單一附註中披露管理層界定 的績效指標,並對主要財務報表及附註中資 料的組合(合併及分類)及位置引入更嚴格的 要求。若干先前已納入香港會計準則第1號 的規定移至香港會計準則第8號會計政策、 *會計估計變更及差錯*,並更名為香港會計準 則第8號財務報表的呈列基準。由於頒佈香 港財務報告準則第18號,對香港會計準則 第7號現金流量表、香港會計準則第33號每 股盈利及香港會計準則第34號中期財務報 告作出有限但廣泛適用的修訂。此外,其他 香港財務報告準則會計準則亦有輕微的相應 修訂。香港財務報告準則第18號及其他香 港財務報告準則會計準則的相應修訂於 2027年1月1日或之後開始之年度期間生效, 須追溯應用,並可提早應用。本集團現正分 析新訂規定並評估香港財務報告準則第18 號對本集團財務報表的呈列及披露的影響。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

HKFRS 19 allows eligible entities to elect to apply reduced disclosure requirements while still applying the recognition, measurement and presentation requirements in other HKFRS Accounting Standards. To be eligible, at the end of the reporting period, an entity must be a subsidiary as defined in HKFRS 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements*, cannot have public accountability and must have a parent (ultimate or intermediate) that prepares consolidated financial statements available for public use which comply with HKFRS Accounting Standards. Earlier application is permitted. As the Company is a listed company, it is not eligible to elect to apply HKFRS 19. Some of the Company's subsidiaries are considering the application of HKFRS 19 in their specified financial statements.

Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments clarify the date on which a financial asset or financial liability is derecognised and introduce an accounting policy option to derecognise a financial liability that is settled through an electronic payment system before the settlement date if specified criteria are met. The amendments clarify how to assess the contractual cash flow characteristics of financial assets with environmental, social and governance and other similar contingent features. Moreover, the amendments clarify the requirements for classifying financial assets with non-recourse features and contractually linked instruments. The amendments also include additional disclosures for investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial instruments with contingent features. The amendments shall be applied retrospectively with an adjustment to opening retained profits (or other component of equity) at the initial application date. Prior periods are not required to be restated and can only be restated without the use of hindsight. Earlier application of either all the amendments at the same time or only the amendments related to the classification of financial assets is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

#### 2. 會計政策(續)

#### 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報 告準則會計準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第19號允許合資格實體 選擇應用經削減的披露規定,同時仍應用其 他香港財務報告準則會計準則的確認、計量 及呈列規定。為符合資格,於報告期末,實 體須為香港財務報告準則第10號綜合財務 報表所界定的附屬公司,且毋須作出公共問 責,並須擁有一間編製符合香港財務報告問 則會計準則的綜合財務報表供公眾使用的母 公司(最終或中間公司)。允許提早應用。由 於本公司為上市公司,並不符合資格選擇應 用香港財務報告準則第19號。本公司若干 附屬公司正考慮於其特定財務報表中應用香 港財務報告準則第19號。

香港財務報告準則第9號及香港財務報告準 則第7號(修訂本)金融工具的分類及計量(修 訂本)澄清終止確認金融資產或金融負債的 日期,並引入一項會計政策選擇,在符合特 定條件的情況下,終止確認於結算日期前透 過電子付款系統結算的金融負債。該等修訂 澄清如何評估具有環境、社會及管治以及其 他類似或然特徵的金融資產的合同現金流量 特徵。此外,該等修訂澄清具有無追索權特 徵的金融資產及合同掛鈎工具的分類規定。 該等修訂亦包括指定以公平值計量並計入其 他全面收益的權益工具投資及具有或然特徵 的金融工具的額外披露。該等修訂須追溯應 用,並於首次應用日期對期初留存溢利(或 權益的其他組成部分)進行調整。過往期間 毋須重列,且僅可在不作出預知的情況下重 列。允許同時提早應用所有修訂,或僅允許 提早應用與金融資產分類相關的修訂。該等 修訂預期不會對本集團的財務報表產生任何 重大影響。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity clarify the application of the "own-use" requirements for in-scope contracts and amend the designation requirements for a hedged item in a cash flow hedging relationship for in-scope contracts. The amendments also include additional disclosures that enable users of financial statements to understand the effects these contracts have on an entity's financial performance and future cash flows. The amendments relating to the own-use exception shall be applied retrospectively. Prior periods are not required to be restated and can only be restated without the use of hindsight. The amendments relating to the hedge accounting shall be applied prospectively to new hedging relationships designated on or after the date of initial application. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 shall be applied at the same time. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 address an inconsistency between the requirements in HKFRS 10 and in HKAS 28 in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The amendments require a full recognition of a gain or loss resulting from a downstream transaction when the sale or contribution of assets constitutes a business. For a transaction involving assets that do not constitute a business, a gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognised in the investor's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investor's interest in that associate or joint venture. The amendments are to be applied prospectively. The previous mandatory effective date of amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 was removed by the HKICPA. However, the amendments are available for adoption now.

#### 2. 會計政策(續)

#### 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報 告準則會計準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號及香港財務報告準 則第7號(修訂本)涉及依賴自然能源生產電 力的合約澄清範圍內合同「自用」規定的應 用,並修訂範圍內合同現金流量對沖關係中 被對調理自的指定規定。該等修訂亦包括額 外披露財務報表使用者能了解該等。 對實體財務表現及未來現金流量的影響。過 用例外情況相關的修訂須追溯應用。過 調間毋須重列,且僅可在不作出預知的情況 期間毋須重列,且僅可在不作出預知的情況 期間毋須重列,且僅可在不作出預知的情況 下重列。與對沖會計相關的修訂須追溯應用 於首次應用日期或之後指定的新對沖關係。 允許提早應用。香港財務報告準則第9號及 香港財務報告準則第7號(修訂本)須同時應 用。該等修訂預期不會對本集團的財務報表 產生任何重大影響。

香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則 第28號(修訂本)針對香港財務報告準則第 10號與香港會計準則第28號之間有關投資 者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間的資產出售 或投入兩者規定的不一致性。該等修訂規 定,當資產出售或投入構成一項業務時,須 委數確認下游交易產生的收益或虧損。當交 易涉及不構成一項業務的資產時,由該交易 產生的收益或虧損於該投資者的損益內確 認,惟僅以不相關投資者於該聯營公司或合 營企業的權益為限。該等修訂將於未來期間 應用。香港會計師公會已取消以往對香港財 務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號 (修訂本)的強制生效日期。然而,該等修訂 目前可供採納。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 21 specify how an entity shall assess whether a currency is exchangeable into another currency and how it shall estimate a spot exchange rate at a measurement date when exchangeability is lacking. The amendments require disclosures of information that enable users of financial statements to understand the impact of a currency not being exchangeable. Earlier application is permitted. When applying the amendments, an entity cannot restate comparative information. Any cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments shall be recognised as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained profits or to the cumulative amount of translation differences accumulated in a separate component of equity, where appropriate, at the date of initial application. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

Annual Improvements to HKFRS Accounting Standards — Volume 11 set out amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 7 (and the accompanying Guidance on implementing HKFRS 7), HKFRS 9, HKFRS 10 and HKAS 7. Details of the amendments that are expected to be applicable to the Group are as follows:

• HKFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures: The amendments have updated certain wording in paragraph B38 of HKFRS 7 and paragraphs IG1, IG14 and IG20B of the Guidance on implementing HKFRS 7 for the purpose of simplification or achieving consistency with other paragraphs in the standard and/or with the concepts and terminology used in other standards. In addition, the amendments clarify that the Guidance on implementing HKFRS 7 does not necessarily illustrate all the requirements in the referenced paragraphs of HKFRS 7 nor does it create additional requirements. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

#### 2. 會計政策(續)

#### 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報 告準則會計準則(續)

香港會計準則第21號(修訂本)訂明一間實 體如何評估貨幣是否可兑換為另一種貨幣及 於缺乏可兑換性的情況下,其於計量日期如 何估計即期匯率。該等修訂要求披露資料, 使財務報表使用者了解貨幣不可兑換性的影 響。該等修訂允許提前應用。當應用該等修 訂時,一間實體不能重列比較資料。初始應 用該等修訂的任何累積影響應確認為留存溢 利期初結餘或權益單獨組成部分於初始應用 日期(如適用)應計累計匯兑差額的調整。該 等修訂預期不會對本集團的財務報表產生任 何重大影響。

香港財務報告準則會計準則的年度改進 — 第11卷載列香港財務報告準則第1號、香港 財務報告準則第7號(及隨附實施香港財務 報告準則第7號的指引)、香港財務報告準 則第9號、香港財務報告準則第10號及香港 會計準則第7號(修訂本)。預期適用於本集 團的該等修訂詳情如下:

香港財務報告準則第7號金融工具:披露:該等修訂已更新香港財務報告準則第7號第B38段及實施香港財務報告準則第7號的指引第IG1、IG14及IG20B段的若干措辭,以簡化或與標準的其他段落及/或其他標準所用的概念及術語達致一致性。此外,該等修訂澄清實施香港財務報告準則第7號的指引未必説明香港財務報告準則第7號參考段落的所有規定,亦未必增設額外規定。允許提早應用。預期該等修訂不會對本集團的財務報表產生任何重大影響。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

- HKFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*: The amendments clarify that when a lessee has determined that a lease liability has been extinguished in accordance with HKFRS 9, the lessee is required to apply paragraph 3.3.3 of HKFRS 9 and recognise any resulting gain or loss in profit or loss. In addition, the amendments have updated certain wording in paragraph 5.1.3 of HKFRS 9 and Appendix A of HKFRS 9 to remove potential confusion. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.
- HKFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements: The amendments clarify that the relationship described in paragraph B74 of HKFRS 10 is just one example of various relationships that might exist between the investor and other parties acting as de facto agents of the investor, which removes the inconsistency with the requirement in paragraph B73 of HKFRS 10. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.
- HKAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows: The amendments replace the term "cost method" with "at cost" in paragraph 37 of HKAS 7 following the prior deletion of the definition of "cost method". Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any impact on the Group's financial statements.

### 2. 會計政策(續)

#### 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報 告準則會計準則(續)

- 香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具:該 等修訂澄清當承租人釐定租賃負債已 根據香港財務報告準則第9號終止時, 承租人須應用香港財務報告準則第9 號第3.3.3段,並於損益中確認所產生 的任何收益或虧損。此外,該等修訂 已更新香港財務報告準則第9號常5.1.3 段及香港財務報告準則第9號附錄A的 若干措辭,以消除潛在混淆。允許提 早應用。預期該等修訂不會對本集團 的財務報表產生任何重大影響。
- 香港財務報告準則第10號綜合財務報 表:該等修訂澄清香港財務報告準則 第10號第B74段所述的關係僅為投資 者與作為投資者實際代理的其他各方 之間可能存在的各種關係的其中一個 例子,消除與香港財務報告準則第10 號第B73段規定的不一致之處。允許 提早應用。預期該等修訂不會對本集 團的財務報表產生任何重大影響。
- 香港會計準則第7號現金流量表:於先前刪除「成本法」的定義後,該等修訂於香港會計準則第7號第37段以「按成本」一詞取代「成本法」。允許提早應用。預期該等修訂不會對本集團的財務報表產生任何影響。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Investments in an associate

An associate is an entity in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The Group's investment in an associate is stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses.

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and other comprehensive income of associate is included in profit or loss and other comprehensive income, respectively. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associate are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investment in the associate, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the assets transferred. Goodwill arising from the acquisition of associate is included as part of the Group's investment in an associate.

Upon loss of significant influence over the associate, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate upon loss of significant influence and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 2. 會計政策(續)

#### 2.4 重大會計政策

#### 於一間聯營公司的投資

聯營公司指本集團擁有一般不少於20%股 本投票表決權的長期權益,並對其有重大影 響力的實體。重大影響力指參与投資對象財 務及經營政策決策的權力,但並非控制或共 同控制該等政策。

本集團於一間聯營公司的投資乃按權益會計 法按本集團應佔資產淨值減任何減值虧損於 綜合財務狀況表列賬。

本集團應佔聯營公司收購後業績及其他全面 收益分別計入損益及其他全面收益。此外, 當直接於聯營公司權益確認變動時,本集團 於綜合權益變動表確認其應佔任何變動(如 適用)。本集團與其聯營公司之間交易所產 生的未變現收益及虧損以本集團於聯營公司 的投資為限對銷,除非有證明未變現虧損所 轉讓資產出現減值。收購聯營公司所產生之 商譽計入本集團於一間聯營公司的投資之一 部分。

於失去對聯營公司的重大影響力時,本集團 按其公平值計量及確認任何保留投資。於失 去重大影響力時,聯營公司的賬面值與保留 投資及出售所得款項的公平值之間的任何差 額於損益中確認。


31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Business combinations and goodwill**

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

The Group determines that it has acquired a business when the acquired set of activities and assets includes an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts of the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss or other comprehensive income, as appropriate.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

#### 業務合併及商譽

業務合併採用收購法入賬。所轉讓代價按收 購日期之公平值計量,該公平值為本集團所 轉讓資產、本集團向被收購方前擁有人承擔 之負債及本集團為交換被收購方控制權而發 行之股本權益於收購日期之公平值的總和。 就各業務合併而言,本集團選擇是否以公平 值或被收購方可識別資產淨值的應佔比例, 計量於被收購方的非控股權益。非控股權益 的所有其他組成部分按公平值計量。收購相 關成本於產生時支銷。

當所收購的一組活動及資產包括一項投入及 一項實質性過程,共同對創造產出的能力作 出重大貢獻時,本集團確定其已收購一項業 務。

當本集團收購一項業務時,其根據於收購日 期的合約條款、經濟環境及相關條件評估所 承擔的金融資產及負債,以作出適當分類及 指定。此包括分離被收購方主合約中的嵌入 式衍生工具。

倘業務合併分階段進行,先前持有的股權按 收購日期的公平值重新計量,而所產生的任 何收益或虧損於損益或其他全面收益(如適 用)確認。

收購方將予轉讓的任何或然代價於收購日期 按公平值確認。分類為資產或負債的或然代 價按公平值計量,而公平值變動於損益確 認。分類為權益的或然代價不予重新計量, 其後結算於權益內入賬。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Business combinations and goodwill** (Continued)

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 31 March. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cashgenerating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cashgenerating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

### 業務合併及商譽(續)

商譽初步按成本計量,即所轉讓代價、就非 控股權益確認的金額及本集團先前持有的被 收購方股權的任何公平值的總和超出所收購 可辨認資產及所承擔負債的差額。倘該代價 及其他項目之總和低於所收購資產淨值的公 平值,則於重新評估後,差額於損益確認為 議價購買收益。

於初步確認後,商譽按成本減任何累計減值 虧損計量。商譽每年進行減值測試,或倘有 事件或情況變動顯示賬面值可能出現減值, 則更頻密地進行減值測試。本集團每年於3 月31日對商譽進行減值測試。就減值測試 而言,於業務合併中收購的商譽自收購日期 起分配至預期可從合併協同效益中獲益的本 集團各現金產生單位或現金產生單位組別, 而不論本集團其他資產或負債是否分配至該 等單位或單位組別。

減值乃透過評估與商譽有關之現金產生單位 (現金產生單位組別)之可收回金額而釐定。 倘現金產生單位(現金產生單位組別)之可收 回金額低於賬面值,則確認減值虧損。就商 譽確認之減值虧損不會於往後期間撥回。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Business combinations and goodwill** (Continued)

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on the disposal. Goodwill disposed of in these circumstances is measured based on the relative value of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cashgenerating unit retained.

#### Fair value measurement

The Group measures its investment properties, equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and contingent consideration at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

#### 業務合併及商譽(續)

倘商譽已分配至現金產生單位(或現金產生 單位組別),而該單位內的部分業務已出售, 則於釐定出售的收益或虧損時,與所出售業 務有關的商譽會計入該業務的賬面值。於該 等情況下出售之商譽乃根據所出售業務及所 保留現金產生單位部分之相對價值計量。

## 公平值計量

本集團於各報告期末投資物業、按公平值計 入其他全面收益之權益投資、按公平值計入 損益之金融資產及或然代價按公平值計員。 公平值是於計量日市場參與者間於有序交易 中出售資產所收取或轉讓負債須支付之價 格。公平值計量乃基於假設出售資產或轉讓 負債的交易於資產或負債的主要市場進行, 或在並無主要市場的情況下,於資產或負債 的最有利市場進行。主要或最有利市場須為 本集團可進入之市場。資產或負債的公平值 乃使用市場參與者在為資產或負債定價時所 用的假設計量,並假設市場參与者以其最佳 經濟利益行事。

非金融資產的公平值計量考慮市場參與者透 過最大限度及最佳使用該資產或透過將該資 產出售予將最大限度及最佳使用該資產的另 一市場參與者而產生經濟利益的能力。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Fair value measurement (Continued)

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

#### 公平值計量(續)

本集團採用適用於有關情況且有足夠數據可 供計量公平值的估值技術,盡量使用相關可 觀察輸入數據及盡量減少使用不可觀察輸入 數據。

於財務報表計量或披露公平值的所有資產及 負債乃根據對公平值計量整體而言屬重大的 最低層級輸入數據,於下文所述的公平值層 級內分類:

- 第一級 一 根據相同資產或負債於活躍市 場的報價(未經調整)
- 第二級 基於對公平值計量而言屬重大 的最低級別輸入數據可直接或 間接觀察的估值技術
- 第三級 一 基於對公平值計量而言屬重大 的最低層級輸入數據且不可觀 察的估值技術

就按經常性基準於財務報表確認的資產及負 債而言,本集團於各報告期末透過重新評估 分類(根據對公平值計量整體而言屬重大的 最低層級輸入數據)釐定各層級之間是否發 生轉移。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for a non-financial asset is required (other than inventories, investment properties and deferred tax assets), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

#### 非金融資產減值

倘出現減值跡象,或須對非金融資產(存貨、 投資物業及遞延税項資產除外)進行年度減 值測試,則會估計資產的可收回金額。資產 的可收回金額為資產或現金產生單位的使用 價值與其公平值減出售成本兩者中的較高 者,並就個別資產釐定,除非資產並無產生 大致獨立於其他資產或資產組別的現金流 入,在此情況下,可收回金額就資產所屬的 現金產生單位釐定。

減值虧損僅於資產賬面值超過其可收回金額 時確認。在評估使用價值時,估計未來現金 流量採用税前貼現率貼現至其現值,該税前 貼現率反映當前市場對貨幣時間價值及資產 特定風險的評估。減值虧損於其產生期間在 與減值資產功能一致的開支類別中自損益扣 除。

本集團於各報告期末評估是否有跡象顯示先 前確認的減值虧損可能不再存在或可能已減 少。倘存在有關跡象,則會估計可收回金 額。先前確認之資產(商譽除外)減值虧損僅 於用以釐定該資產可收回金額之估計出現變 動時方可撥回,惟撥回金額不得高於假設過 往年度並無就該資產確認減值虧損而應釐定 之賬面值(扣除任何折舊/攤銷)。有關減值 虧損的撥回於其產生期間計入損益。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

2.

**ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) **Related parties** A party is considered to be related to the Group if: the party is a person or a close member of that (a) person's family and that person (j) has control or joint control over the Group; (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group; or the party is an entity where any of the following (b) conditions applies: the entity and the Group are members of the (i) same group; one entity is an associate or joint venture of the (ii) other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity); (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party; (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity; the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for (v) the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;

2. 會計政策(續)

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

## 關聯方

在下列情況下,一方被視為與本集團有關 聯:

- (a) 該方為一名人士或該人士之近親,而 該人士
  - (i) 對本集團擁有控制權或共同控制 權;
  - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力;或
  - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司的主要 管理人員;
- 或
- (b) 該方為符合以下任何條件的實體:
  - (i) 該實體與本集團為同一集團的成員公司;
  - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體(或另一實 體的母公司、附屬公司或同系附 屬公司)的聯營公司或合營企業;
  - (iii) 該實體與本集團為同一第三方的 合營企業;
  - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體的合營企 業,而另一實體為該第三方實體 的聯營公司;
  - (v) 該實體為本集團或與本集團有關 連的實體為僱員福利而設的離職 後福利計劃;



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Related parties (Continued)

- (b) (Continued)
  - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
  - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
  - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

#### Property and equipment and depreciation

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

## 關聯方(續)

- (b) *(續)* 
  - (vi) 該實體受(a)所識別人士控制或共同控制;
  - (vii) 於(a)(i)所識別人士對該實體有重 大影響力或為該實體(或該實體 母公司)的主要管理人員;及
  - (viii) 該實體或其所屬集團的任何成員 公司向本集團或本集團母公司提 供主要管理人員服務。

#### 物業及設備以及折舊

物業及設備按成本減累計折舊及任何減值虧 損列賬。物業及設備項目的成本包括其購買 價及使資產達致其運作狀況及地點作擬定用 途的任何直接應佔成本。

物業及設備項目投入運作後產生的開支,如 維修及保養,一般於產生期間自損益扣除。 在符合確認條件的情況下,重大檢查的開支 於資產賬面值撥充資本作為重置成本。倘物 業及設備的主要部分須不時更換,本集團將 該等部分確認為具有特定可使用年期的個別 資產,並相應折舊。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

# **Property and equipment and depreciation** *(Continued)*

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates, after taken into residual values, are as follows:

Leasehold improvements	Over the shorter of
	lease terms and 20%
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	19% to 32%
Electronic and other equipment	19% to 48%
Motor vehicles	19%

Where parts of an item of property and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

#### 物業及設備以及折舊(續)

折舊按直線法計算,以於各物業及設備項目 的估計可使用年期內撇銷其成本至其剩餘價 值。計入剩餘價值後的主要年度比率如下:

租賃物業裝修	按租期及20%
	(以較短者為準)
傢俬、裝置及設備	19%至32%
電子及其他設備	19%至48%
汽車	19%

倘物業及設備項目各部分具有不同可使用年期,則該項目的成本按合理基準分配至各部分,而各部分則分開折舊。剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊方法至少於各財政年度末進行檢討及調整(如適用)。

物業及設備項目(包括初步確認的任何重大 部分)於出售或預期其使用或出售不會產生 未來經濟利益時終止確認。於資產終止確認 年度於損益中確認的出售或報廢的任何收益 或虧損為相關資產的銷售所得款項淨額與賬 面值之間的差額。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Investment properties**

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings (including right-of-use assets) held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation. Such properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the end of the reporting period.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in profit or loss in the year of the retirement or disposal.

#### Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is the fair value at the date of acquisition. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually either individually or at the cashgenerating unit level. Such intangible assets are not amortised. The useful life of an intangible asset with an indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life assessment continues to be supportable. If not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is accounted for on a prospective basis.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

#### 投資物業

投資物業為持有以賺取租金收入及/或資本 增值的土地及樓字權益(包括使用權資產)。 該等物業初步按成本(包括交易成本)計量。 於初步確認後,投資物業按公平值列賬,反 映報告期末的市況。

投資物業公平值變動產生的收益或虧損於產 生年度計入損益。

報廢或出售投資物業之任何收益或虧損於報 廢或出售年度於損益確認。

#### 無形資產(商譽除外)

單獨收購的無形資產於初步確認時按成本計 量。於業務合併中收購的無形資產的成本為 收購日期的公平值。無形資產的可使用年期 被評估為有限或無限。年期有限的無形資產 其後於可使用經濟年期內攤銷,並於有跡象 顯示無形資產可能出現減值時評估減值。可 使用年期有限的無形資產的攤銷期及攤銷方 法至少於各財政年度末進行檢討。

具有無限可使用年期的無形資產每年單獨或 按現金產生單位層級進行減值測試。該等無 形資產不予攤銷。具有無限年期的無形資產 的可使用年期每年進行檢討,以釐定無限年 期評估是否繼續有據可依。否則,可使用年 期評估由無限變更為有限按前瞻性基準入賬。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Intangible assets (other than goodwill) (Continued)

#### Research and development costs

All research costs are charged to profit or loss as incurred. Expenditure incurred on projects to develop new products and services is capitalised and deferred only when the Group can demonstrate the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale, its intention to complete and its ability to use or sell the asset, how the asset will generate future economic benefits, the availability of resources to complete the project and the ability to measure reliably the expenditure during the development. Development expenditure which does not meet these criteria is expensed when incurred.

#### Other intangible assets

Other than the brand arising from the Group's acquisition of KingNine Holdings Limited in the prior year, which is considered by the management of the Group as having indefinite useful life and therefore not subject to amortisation, the Group's other intangible assets are amortised on the straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Customer relationship	7 years
Technology know-how	5 years
Patent	5 years
Software	3 to 7 years

#### Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. 2. 會計政策(續)

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

無形資產(商譽除外)(續)

#### 研究及開發成本

所有研究成本於產生時自損益扣除。開發新 產品及服務的項目所產生的開支,僅於本集 團能證明完成無形資產以使其可供使用或出 售的技術可行性、其完成的意向及使用或出 售資產的能力、資產將如何產生未來經濟利 益、完成項目的可用資源及於開發期間可靠 計量開支的能力時,方會撥充資本及遞延。 不符合該等標準的開發開支於產生時支銷。

#### 其他無形資產

除本集團於過往年度收購KingNine Holdings Limited所產生品牌(本集團管理層認為該品 牌具有無限可使用年期,因此毋須攤銷)外, 本集團其他無形資產按直線法於其估計可使 用年期攤銷如下:

客戶關係	7年
技術專業知識	5年
專利	5年
軟件	3至7年

#### 租賃

本集團於合約開始時評估合約是否為租賃或 包含租賃。倘合約為換取代價而讓渡在一段 時間內使用控制已識別資產的權利,則該合 約屬於或包含租賃。



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

#### Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

#### (a) Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are recognised at the commencement date of the lease (that is the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Office premises and staff quarters 1.33 to 10 years

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

#### 本集團作為承租人

除短期租賃外,本集團對所有租賃採用單一 確認及計量方法。本集團確認租賃負債以作 出租賃付款及使用權資產(指使用相關資產 的權利)。

#### (a) 使用權資產

使用權資產於租賃開始日期(即相關資 產可供使用當日)確認。使用權資產按 成本減累計折舊及任何減值虧損計量, 並就租賃負債的任何重新計量作調整。 使用權資產的成本包括已確認的租賃 負債金額、已產生的初始直接成本及 於開始日期或之前作出的租賃付款減 任何已收取的租賃優惠。使用權資產 按直線法於租期及資產估計可使用年 期(以較短者為準)內折舊如下:

辨公室物業及員工宿舍 1.33至10年



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Leases (Continued)

Group as a lessee (Continued)

#### (b) Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are recognised at the commencement date of the lease at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for termination of a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate the lease. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in lease payments (e.g., a change to future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate) or a change in assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset. 2. 會計政策(續)

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(b) 租賃負債

租賃負債於租賃開始日期按租賃期內 將作出的租賃付款的現值確認。租賃 付款包括固定付款(包括實質固定付款) 減任何應收租賃優惠、取決於指數或 利率的可變租賃付款,以及根據剩餘 價值擔保預期支付的金額。租賃付款 亦包括本集團合理確定將行使的購買 選賃期反映本集團行使終止租賃的罰款(倘 程權)。不取決於指數或利率的可變租 賃付款於觸發付款的事件或條件發生 期間確認為開支。

在計算租賃付款的現值時,由於租賃 中隱含的利率難以確定,則本集團在 租賃開始日使用增量借款利率。於開 始日期後,租賃負債金額會增加以反 映利息的增加,並會減少已作出的租 賃付款。此外,倘出現修訂、租賃期 變動、租賃付款變動(如指數或利率變 動導致未來租賃付款變動)或購買相關 資產的選擇權評估變動,則租賃負債 的賬面值將重新計量。



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

#### Group as a lessee (Continued)

#### (c) Short-term leases

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of properties (that is those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). Lease payments on short-term leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### Group as a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it classifies at lease inception (or when there is a lease modification) each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease.

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. When a contract contains lease and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each component on a relative standalone selling price basis. Rental income is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease term and is included in revenue in the statement of profit or loss due to its operating nature. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Leases that transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee are accounted for as finance leases.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

#### (c) 短期租賃

本集團將短期租賃確認豁免應用於其 短期物業租賃(即自開始日期起租期為 12個月或以下且不包含購買選擇權的 租賃)。短期租賃的租賃付款乃以直線 法於有關租期內確認為開支。

#### 本集團作為出租人

倘本集團作為出租人行事時,其於租 賃開始時(或倘出現租賃修改時)將各 租賃分類為經營租賃或融資租賃。

所有本集團並未轉讓資產所有權所附 帶的絕大部分風險及回報的租賃歸類 為經營租賃。倘合約包括租賃及非租 賃部分時,則本集團按相對獨立售價 基準將合約中的代價分配至各個部分。 由於其經營性質,租金收入於租期內 會按直線法列賬並計入損益表之收入。 於磋商及安排經營租賃時產生的初始 直接成本乃計入租賃資產的賬面值, 並於租期內按相同方法確認為租金收 入。或然租金乃於所賺取的期間內確 認為收入。

轉移相關資產所有權所附帶的絕大部 分風險及回報至承租人之租賃作為融 資租賃入賬。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Investments and other financial assets

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income, and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of accounts receivable that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value, plus in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Accounts receivable that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under HKFRS 15 in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. 2. 會計政策(續)

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

#### 投資及其他金融資產

#### 初步確認及計量

金融資產於初步確認時分類為其後按攤銷成 本、按公平值計入其他全面收益及按公平值 計入損益計量。

金融資產於初步確認時的分類取決於金融資 產的合約現金流量特徵及本集團管理該等資 產的業務模式。除不包含重大融資成分或本 集團已應用不調整重大融資成分影響的可行 權宜方法的應收賬款外,本集團初步按公平 值加上(倘金融資產並非按公平值計入損益) 交易成本計量金融資產。並不包含重大融資 成分或本集團已應用可行權宜方法的應收賬 款,根據下文「收入確認」所載政策按香港 財務報告準則第15號釐定的交易價格計量。

為使金融資產按攤銷成本或按公平值計入其 他全面收益分類及計量,其需要產生僅為支 付本金及未償還本金利息(「僅支付本金及利 息」)的現金流量。現金流量並非僅支付本金 及利息的金融資產按公平值計入損益分類及 計量,而不論業務模式如何。



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

#### Initial recognition and measurement (Continued)

The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling. Financial assets which are not held within the aforementioned business models are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

#### Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

#### Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

#### 初步確認及計量(續)

本集團管理金融資產的業務模式指其如何管 理其金融資產以產生現金流量。業務模式決 定現金流量是否來自收取合約現金流量、出 售金融資產或兩者兼有。按攤銷成本分類及 計量的金融資產乃於以持有金融資產以收取 合約現金流量為目標的業務模式內持有,而 按公平值計入其他全面收益分類及計量的金 融資產乃於以持有以收取合約現金流量及出 售為目標的業務模式內持有。並非於上述業 務模式內持有的金融資產按公平值計入損益 分類及計量。

一般須於市場規定或慣例制定的期間內交付 資產的金融資產買賣於交易日(即本集團承 諾買賣資產之日)確認。

### 後續計量

金融資產的後續計量取決於其分類如下:

#### 按攤銷成本計量的金融資產(債務工具)

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產其後採用實際利 率法計量,並須作出減值。當資產終止確 認、修訂或減值時,收益及虧損於損益中確 認。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

**Investments and other financial assets** (Continued)

#### Subsequent measurement (Continued)

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (debt instruments)

For debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income, interest income, foreign exchange revaluation and impairment losses or reversals are recognised in profit or loss and computed in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortised cost. The remaining fair value changes are recognised in other comprehensive income. Upon derecognition, the cumulative fair value change recognised in other comprehensive income is recycled to profit or loss.

# Financial assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income (equity investments)

Upon initial recognition, the Group can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity investments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income when they meet the definition of equity under HKAS 32 *Financial Instruments: Presentation* and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrumentby-instrument basis.

Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognised as other income in profit or loss when the right of payment has been established, except when the Group benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case such gains are recorded in other comprehensive income. Equity investments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income are not subject to impairment assessment. 2. 會計政策(續)

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

#### **後續計量**(續)

#### 按公平值計入其他全面收益的金融資產(債 務工具)

就按公平值計入其他全面收益的債務投資而 言,利息收入、外匯重估及減值虧損或撥回 於損益確認,並按與按攤銷成本計量的金融 資產相同的方式計算。餘下公平值變動於其 他全面收益確認。於終止確認時,於其他全 面收益確認的累計公平值變動會轉回損益。

#### 指定為按公平值計入其他全面收益的金融資 產(權益投資)

於初步確認時,倘股權投資符合香港會計準 則第32號金融工具:呈列項下權益的定義 且並非持作買賣,本集團可選擇不可撤回地 將其股本投資分類為指定按公平值計入其他 全面收益的權益投資。分類乃按個別工具基 準釐定。

該等金融資產的收益及虧損不會轉回至損 益。當支付權確立時,股息於損益中確認為 其他收入,惟當本集團因收回金融資產部分 成本而從該等所得款項中獲益時除外,在此 情況下,該等收益於其他全面收益中入賬。 指定為按公平值計入其他全面收益的權益投 資毋須進行減值評估。



## 綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

**Investments and other financial assets** (Continued)

#### Subsequent measurement (Continued)

#### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. This category includes derivative instruments and equity investments which the Group had not irrevocably elected to classify at fair value through other comprehensive income. Dividends on the equity investments are also recognised as other income in profit or loss when the right of payment has been established.

#### **Derecognition of financial assets**

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

#### **後續計量**(續)

#### 按公平值計入損益的金融資產

按公平值計入損益之金融資產按公平值於財 務狀況表列賬,而公平值變動淨額於損益確 認。此類別包括本集團並無不可撤回地選擇 按公平值計入其他全面收益分類之衍生工具 及權益投資。權益投資股息亦於支付權確立 時,於損益中確認為其他收入。

#### 終止確認金融資產

金融資產(或(如適用)一項金融資產的一部 分或一組類似金融資產的一部分)主要在下 列情況下終止確認(即從本集團的綜合財務 狀況表中刪除):

- 自資產收取現金流量的權利已屆滿;
  或
- 本集團已轉讓其自資產收取現金流量的權利,或已根據「轉付」安排承擔在 無重大延誤情況下向第三方悉數支付 已收取現金流量的責任;及(a)本集團
   已轉讓該資產的絕大部分風險及回報, 或(b)本集團並無轉讓或保留該資產的
   絕大部分風險及回報,但已轉讓該資 產的控制權。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Derecognition of financial assets (Continued)

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognise an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

#### 終止確認金融資產(續)

倘本集團已轉讓其自資產收取現金流量的權 利或已訂立轉付安排,則會評估其是否保留 資產擁有權的風險及回報,以及保留程度。 倘本集團並無轉讓或保留該資產的絕大部分 風險及回報,亦無轉讓該資產的控制權,則 本集團繼續確認已轉讓資產,惟以本集團持 續參與為限。在此情況下,本集團亦確認相 關負債。已轉讓資產及相關負債按反映本集 團保留之權利及責任之基準計量。

以對已轉讓資產提供擔保的形式持續參與, 按資產的原賬面值與本集團可能須償還的最 高代價金額兩者中的較低者計量。

## 金融資產減值

本集團就並非按公平值計入損益持有的所有 債務工具確認預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧 損」)撥備。預期信貸虧損乃基於根據合約到 期的合約現金流量與本集團預期收取的所有 現金流量之間的差額得出,並按原實際利率 的近似值貼現。預期現金流量將包括出售所 持抵押品或構成合約條款一部分的其他信貸 增強措施所產生的現金流量。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for accounts receivable. The ECL on these assets are assessed using a provision matrix with reference to internal credit rating of the receivables.

Where ECL is measured on a collective basis or cater for cases where evidence at the individual instrument level may not yet be available, the financial instruments are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and days past due. The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure the constituents of each group continue to share similar credit risk characteristics.

For all other instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12-month ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

#### 金融資產減值(續)

預期信貸虧損分為兩個階段確認。就自初步 確認以來信貸風險並無大幅增加的信貸風險 而言,預期信貸虧損乃就未來12個月內可 能發生的違約事件所導致的信貸虧損計提撥 備(12個月預期信貸虧損)。就自初步確認 以來信貸風險大幅增加的信貸風險而言,不 論違約時間為何,須就風險餘下年期內的預 期信貸虧損計提虧損撥備(全期預期信貸虧 損)。

本集團一直就應收賬款確認全期預期信貸虧 損。該等資產的預期信貸虧損乃參考應收款 項的內部信貸評級採用撥備矩陣進行評估。

倘預期信貸虧損按集體基準計量或迎合個別 工具水平證據未必存在的情況,則金融工具 按共有之信貸風險特點及逾期日數歸類。管 理層定期檢討分組,以確保各組別的組成部 分繼續擁有類似的信貸風險特徵。

至於所有其他工具,本集團計量相等於12 個月預期信貸虧損的虧損撥備,除非自初步 確認以來信貸風險大幅上升,則本集團會確 認全期預期信貸虧損。是否應確認全期預期 信貸虧損乃根據自初步確認以來出現違約事 件的可能性或風險大幅上升進行評估。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

At the end of each reporting period, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the end of the reporting period with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort, including historical and forward-looking information.

The Group considers that there has been a significant increase in credit risk when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers the event of default occurs when the information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full. The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate. In certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group.

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events of default that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

#### 金融資產減值(續)

於各報告期末,本集團評估金融工具的信貸 風險自初步確認以來是否大幅增加。於作出 評估時,本集團將金融工具於報告期末發生 違約的風險與金融工具於初步確認日期發生 違約的風險進行比較,並考慮毋須付出過多 成本或努力即可獲得的合理及有理據支持的 資料,包括過往及前瞻性資料。

本集團認為,倘合約付款逾期超過30日, 則信貸風險大幅增加,除非本集團有合理及 有理據支持的資料證明並非如此。

就內部信貸風險管理而言,本集團認為,違 約事件在內部制訂或得自外界來源的資料顯 示債務人不大可能悉數向債權人(包括本集 團)還款時發生。倘合約付款逾期90日,則 本集團認為金融資產違約,除非本集團有合 理及有理據的資料顯示較滯後的違約標準更 為合適。在若干情況下,倘內部或外部資料 顯示本集團不大可能在計及本集團持有的任 何信貸增強措施前悉數收取未償還合約金 額,則本集團亦可能認為金融資產違約。

當一項或多項對金融資產估計未來現金流量 造成負面影響的違約事件發生時,即代表金 融資產已出現信貸減值。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

#### **Financial liabilities**

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and financial liabilities at amortised cost.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include accounts payable, other payables and accruals, consideration payables, interest-bearing bank and other borrowings and lease liabilities.

#### Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

#### 金融資產減值(續)

當有資料顯示對手方陷入嚴重財政困難,且 並無實際收回款項的可能時(例如對手方被 清盤或進入破產程序),本集團會撇銷金融 資產。經計及在適當情況下的法律意見後, 已撇銷的金融資產可能仍可於本集團收回程 序下被強制執行。撇銷構成終止確認事件。 之後所收回的任何款項於損益內確認。

#### 金融負債

#### 初步確認及計量

金融負債於初步確認時分類為按公平值計入 損益之金融負債及按攤銷成本列賬之金融負 債。

所有金融負債初步按公平值確認,如屬貸款 及借款及應付款項,則扣除直接應佔交易成 本。

本集團的金融負債包括應付賬款、其他應付 款項及應計費用、應付代價、計息銀行及其 他借款以及租賃負債。

#### 後續計量

金融負債的後續計量取決於如下分類:



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial liabilities (Continued)

Subsequent measurement (Continued)

#### Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by HKFRS 9. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in profit or loss. The net fair value gain or loss recognised in profit or loss does not include any interest charged on these financial liabilities.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in HKFRS 9 are satisfied. Gains or losses on liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss, except for the gains or losses arising from the Group's own credit risk which are presented in other comprehensive income with no subsequent reclassification to profit or loss. The net fair value gain or loss recognised in profit or loss does not include any interest charged on these financial liabilities. 2. 會計政策(續)

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

金融負債(續)

後續計量(續)

#### 按公平值計入損益的金融負債

按公平值計入損益的金融負債包括持作交易 的金融負債及初步確認時指定為按公平值計 入損益的金融負債。

倘金融負債乃為於短期內購回而產生,則分 類為持作交易的金融負債。此類別亦包括本 集團所訂立並無指定為香港財務報告準則第 9號所界定之對沖關係中對沖工具的衍生金 融工具。獨立嵌入式衍生工具亦分類為持作 買賣負債的收益或虧損於損益確認。於損益 確認的公平值收益或虧損淨額不包括就該等 金融負債收取的任何利息。

於初步確認時指定為按公平值計入損益的金 融負債,僅於符合香港財務報告準則第9號 之標準時,方會於初步確認日期指定為按公 平值計入損益的金融負債。指定按公平值計 入損益的負債之收益或虧損於損益確認,惟 本集團自身信貸風險產生的收益或虧損於其 他全面收益呈列,其後不會重新分類至損 益。於損益確認的公平值收益或虧損淨額不 包括就該等金融負債收取的任何利息。



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial liabilities (Continued)

Subsequent measurement (Continued)

# Financial liabilities at amortised cost (accounts and other payables, and borrowings)

After initial recognition, accounts and other payables, and interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

#### **Derecognition of financial liabilities**

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

金融負債(續)

**後續計量**(續)

#### 按攤銷成本計量的金融負債(應付賬款及其 他應付款項及借款)

於初步確認後,應付賬款及其他應付款項, 以及計息借款其後採用實際利率法按攤銷成 本計量,除非貼現影響並不重大,在此情況 下,則按成本列賬。收益及虧損於負債終止 確認時透過實際利率攤銷流程於損益中確認。

攤銷成本乃經計及收購的任何折讓或溢價及 作為實際利率組成部分的費用或成本計算。 實際利率攤銷計入損益中的財務成本。

### 終止確認金融負債

金融負債於負債項下之責任獲解除、取消或 屆滿時終止確認。

當一項現有金融負債被同一貸款人按實質上 不同條款提供的另一項金融負債取代,或現 有負債的條款被大幅修改時,有關交換或修 改被視為終止確認原有負債及確認新負債, 而各自賬面值的差額於損益中確認。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## **Offsetting of financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the first-in, first-out basis. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash on hand and at banks, and shortterm highly liquid deposits with a maturity of generally within three months that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, and short-term deposits as defined above, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

#### **Income tax**

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. 2. 會計政策(續)

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具抵銷

倘現時有可強制執行的法定權利抵銷已確認 金額,並有意按淨額基準結算,或同時變現 資產及清償負債,則金融資產及金融負債可 互相抵銷,而淨額於財務狀況表內呈報。

#### 存貨

存貨乃按成本及可變現淨額之較低者列賬。 成本按先進先出基準釐定。可變現淨值乃根 據估計售價減完成及出售將產生的任何估計 成本計算。

#### 現金及現金等價物

財務狀況表中的現金及現金等價物包括手頭 及銀行現金,以及一般於三個月內到期、可 隨時轉換為已知金額現金、價值變動風險不 大及為滿足短期現金承擔而持有的高流動性 短期存款。

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等價物 包括手頭及銀行現金以及上文所界定的短期 存款,減須按要求償還並構成本集團現金管 理不可或缺部分的銀行透支。

## 所得税

所得税包括即期及遞延税項。與於損益以外 確認之項目有關的所得税於損益以外的其他 全面收益或直接於權益確認。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Income tax (Continued)

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and an associate, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

#### 所得税(續)

即期税項資產及負債乃根據於報告期末已頒 佈或實質上已頒佈的税率(及税法),經考慮 本集團經營所在國家的現行詮釋及慣例,按 預期可自税務機關收回或向税務機關支付的 金額計量。

遞延税項採用負債法就資產及負債之税基與 其就財務報告而言的賬面值於報告期末之所 有暫時差額作出撥備。

遞延税項負債一般就所有應課税暫時差額作 出確認,惟不包括以下事項:

- 倘遞延税項負債來自於並非業務合併 的交易中初步確認商譽或資產或負債, 且於交易時並不影響會計溢利或應課 税溢利或虧損及不產生相等的應課税 及可扣減暫時差額;及
- 就與於附屬公司及一間聯營公司之投 資有關之應課税暫時差額而言,撥回 暫時差額之時間可予控制,且暫時差 額於可見將來可能不會撥回。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Income tax** (Continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and an associate, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

#### 所得税(續)

遞延税項資產乃就所有可扣減暫時差額、結 轉未動用税項抵免及任何未動用税項虧損確 認。遞延税項資產乃於可能有應課税溢利以 抵銷可扣減暫時差額、結轉未動用税項抵免 及未動用税項虧損時確認,惟下列情況除 外:

- 與可扣減暫時差額有關的遞延税項資 產乃因初步確認並非業務合併的交易 中的資產或負債而產生,且於交易時 並不影響會計溢利或應課税溢利或虧 損及不產生相等的應課税及可扣減暫 時差額;及
- 就與於附屬公司及一間聯營公司之投 資有關之可扣減暫時差額而言,遞延 税項資產僅於暫時差額可能於可見將 來撥回及將有應課税溢利以抵銷暫時 差額時確認。

遞延税項資產的賬面值於各報告期末作檢 討,如不再可能取得足夠應課税溢利以動用 全部或部分遞延税項資產,則會作出調減。 未確認遞延税項資產於各報告期末重新評 估,並於可能有足夠應課税溢利以收回全部 或部分遞延税項資產時確認。

遞延税項資產及負債是根據預期在變現資產 或清償負債期間的税率計算,而該税率乃基 於報告期末已頒佈或實質已頒佈的税率(及 税法)釐定。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

#### **Government grants**

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed. Where the grant relates to an asset, the fair value is credited to a deferred income account and is released to profit or loss over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual instalments.

#### **Revenue recognition**

#### Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers, i.e., a performance obligation is satisfied, at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. A performance obligation represents a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

#### 所得税(續)

當及僅當本集團有合法可執行權利將即期税 項資產與即期税項負債抵銷,且遞延税項資 產及遞延税項負債與同一税務機關對同一應 課税實體或不同應課税實體徵收的所得税相 關,而該等不同的應課税實體於各未來期間 預期有大額遞延税項負債或資產將予結算或 清償時,擬按淨額基準結算即期税務負債及 資產或同時變現資產及結算負債,則遞延税 項資產與遞延税項負債可予抵銷。

### 政府補貼

政府補助於可合理確認將會收取補助及將符 合所有附帶條件時按公平值確認。如補助涉 及開支項目,則於其擬補助的成本產生期間 內有系統地確認為收入。倘補助與資產有 關,則公平值計入遞延收入賬,並於有關資 產的預期可使用年期內每年等額分期撥入損 益。

#### 收入確認

#### 來自客戶合約之收入

來自客戶合約之收入於貨品或服務的控制權 轉移至客戶(即履行履約責任)時確認,金額 反映本集團預期就交換該等貨品或服務有權 獲得的代價。履約責任指明確的單一貨品或 服務(或一批貨品或服務)或一系列大致相同 的明確貨品或服務。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

#### **Revenue from contracts with customers** (Continued)

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates and enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

When the consideration in a contract includes a variable amount, the amount of consideration is estimated to which the Group will be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods or services to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved. 2. 會計政策(續)

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

收入確認(續)

來自客戶合約之收入(續)

倘符合以下其中一項條件,控制權隨時間轉 移,收入則可參考完成相關履約責任的進度 而按時間確認:

- 於本集團履約時,客戶同時取得並耗
  用本集團履約所提供的利益;
- 本集團的履約產生及提升於本集團履約時由客戶控制的一項資產;或
- 本集團的履約並未產生對本集團有其 他用途的資產,且本集團對迄今已完 成履約的付款具有可強制執行的權利。

否則,收入會在客戶獲得明確貨品或服務的 控制權的時間點確認。

當合約中的代價包含可變金額時,代價金額 於本集團向客戶轉讓商品或服務而有權獲得 交換時估計。可變代價於合約開始時估計並 受到約束,直至與可變代價相關的不確定因 素得到解決時,確認的累積收入金額極有可 能不會發生重大收入回撥。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

#### **Revenue from contracts with customers** (Continued)

When the contract contains a financing component which provides the customer with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer for more than one year, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and the customer at contract inception. When the contract contains a financing component which provides the Group with a significant financial benefit for more than one year, revenue recognised under the contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. For a contract where the period between the payment by the customer and the transfer of the promised goods or services is one year or less, the transaction price is not adjusted for the effects of a significant financing component, using the practical expedient in HKFRS 15.

When another party is involved in providing goods or services to a customer, the Group determines whether the nature of its promise is a performance obligation to provide the specified goods or services itself (i.e., the Group is a principal) or to arrange for those goods or services to be provided by the other party (i.e., the Group is an agent). The Group is a principal if it controls the specified good or service before that good or service is transferred to a customer. The Group is an agent if its performance obligation is to arrange for the provision of the specified good or service by another party. In this case, the Group does not control the specified good or service provided by another party before that good or service is transferred to the customer. When the Group acts as an agent, it recognises revenue in the amount of any fee or commission to which it expects to be entitled in exchange for arranging for the specified goods or services to be provided by the other party.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

收入確認(續)

#### 來自客戶合約之收入(續)

當合約中包含融資成分,該融資成分為客戶 提供超過一年的商品或服務轉讓融資的重大 利益時,收入按應收款項的現值計量,使用 貼現率折現,該貼現率將反映在本集團與客 戶包含融資部分,該融資部分為在本集團 中包含融資部分,該融資部分為在本集團 中包含融資部分,該融資部分為在本集團 上的重大財務利益時,合約項下 確認的收入包括按實際利率法在合約負債上 加算的利息。就客戶付款至轉讓承諾商品或 者服務的期限為一年或者更短的合約而言, 交屬價樁採用香港財務報告準則第15號中 實際權宜之方法,不會對重大融資部分的影 響作出調整。

當另一方涉及向客戶提供貨品或服務時,本 集團釐定其承諾的性質是否為提供指定貨品 或废排由另一方提供該等貨品或服務(即本 集團為代理人)。倘本集團在向客戶轉 品或服務之前控制指定貨品或服務,則本 集團為代理人)。倘本集團在向客戶轉 品或服務之前控制指定貨品或服務,則本 集團為指定貨品或服務,則本集團為代理 人。在此情況下,在將貨品或服務轉讓予客 戶之前,本集團不控制另一方提供的指定貨 品或服務。當本集團為代理人時,應就為期有 權獲得的任何費用或佣金的金額確認收入。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Revenue recognition (Continued)

- **Revenue from contracts with customers** (Continued)
- (a) Back-office services

The Group provides a range of back-office services that help its customers to support their end-users. The back-office services include provision of customer service solutions which primarily provides round-theclock contact services in multiple languages and accessible from various channels and provision of solutions on project-based customer service software and system development and setup support services.

For the provision of customer service solutions related services, revenue is recognised and the performance obligation is satisfied when the relevant services are rendered. The provision of services is billed based on various measurement mainly taking into account the number of service staff involved, the quality of the tasks performed, the service hours provided with fixed hourly rates and performance based adjustments. Other than those with advance payments from customers, the Group has a right to invoice in an amount that corresponds directly with the value of the Group's performance completed to date. The directors of the Company have assessed that provision of customer service solutions represent one single performance obligation and the customers simultaneously receive and consume the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs. Therefore, the directors of the Company considered that the services are satisfied over time. Other than those with advance payments from customers, revenue from the provision of services is recognised in an amount to which the Group has a right to invoice. Customers are invoiced on a monthly basis or according to agreed payment terms.

2. 會計政策(續)

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

收入確認(續)

來自客戶合約之收入(續)

(a) 後台服務

本集團提供一系列後台服務,幫助其 客戶支持終端用戶。後台服務包括提 供客戶服務解決方案(即主要提供多種 語言的全天候聯絡服務,可通過多種 渠道獲得)及提供基於項目的客戶服務 軟件及系統開發及設置支援服務的解 決方案。

就提供客戶服務解決方案及相關服務 而言,於提供相關服務時確認收入並 完成履約責任。根據各種衡量標準開 出提供服務的賬單,主要考慮所涉及 的服務人員人數、所執行任務的質量、 以固定小時費率提供的服務時數及基 於績效的調整。除可就客戶墊款直接 相關金額開具發票外,本集團有權按 與本集團迄今為止完成的績效價值直 接相關的金額開具發票。本公司董事 已評估提供客戶服務解決方案指一項 單一履約責任,且於本集團履約時, 客戶同時取得並耗用本集團履約所提 供的利益。因此,本公司董事認為隨 時間達成服務。除可就客戶墊款直接 相關金額開具發票外,提供服務的收 入確認為本集團有權開具發票的金額。 發票每月或根據協定的付款條款向客 戶開具。



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Revenue recognition (Continued)

#### **Revenue from contracts with customers** (Continued)

(a) Back-office services (Continued)

For the provision of service for setting up contact services systems and centres, it includes a comprehensive set of activities in the contract, such as system design, implementation, installation, trial launch and software and hardware support, which are highly interdependent and interrelated. The directors of the Company have assessed that revenue from provision of the services is recognised and the performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time when the services are rendered according to the terms of the agreements which the control of the service is transferred when the Group has provided the related services.

Some contracts of back-office services require advance payments from customers and the portion of fee received in advance but not earned is recorded as contract liabilities and is reflected as a current liability as such amounts represent revenue that the Group expects to earn within one year. Payment of backoffice services is due generally within three months upon issuance of customer billings. 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

收入確認(續)

來自客戶合約之收入(續)

(a) 後台服務(續)

就提供建立聯絡服務系統及中心的服 務而言,其包括系統設計、執行、安 裝、試運行以及軟件及硬件支持等一 組全面的合約活動,彼等極度相互依 存且息息相關。本公司董事已評估提 供服務的收入根據本集團提供相關服 務時轉讓服務控制權的協議條款,於 提供服務的時間點確認並已履行履約 責任。

部分後台服務合約需要客戶墊款,而 預先收取但並未賺取的費用部分記賬 為合約負債並反映為流動負債,乃由 於該等款項指本集團預期將於一年內 賺取的收入。後台服務一般須於發出 客戶賬單後三個月內付款。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

- **Revenue from contracts with customers** (Continued)
- (b) Comprehensive marketing and agency services

The Group renders various marketing and agency services, including advertising, agency and verification services to brand owners on various platforms such as apps, social media and websites of which the performance obligation is to arrange for platforms to deliver advertising services, or to assist brand owners in completing the account verification applications in platforms. Revenue from provision of the advertising and agency services is recognised when the services are rendered according to the terms of the agreements over the service period and the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs. Billings are made to brand owners on an order basis and are generally due upon issuance of billings. While platforms usually agree rebate amounts with the Group on a quarterly basis and settlements are made within three months after the rebate amounts are finalised, some platform contracts provide the Group with annual volume rebates which give rise to variable consideration subject to constraint. Revenue from provision of the verification services is recognised at a point of time upon completion of the account verification process, and billings are issued accordingly and are generally due upon their issuance.

2. 會計政策(續)

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

收入確認(續)

來自客戶合約之收入(續)

(b) 全面營銷及代理服務

本集團於應用程序、社交媒體及網站 (其履約責任為安排平台交付廣告服務) 等各類平台向品牌擁有人提供各類營 銷及代理服務(包括廣告、代理及驗證 服務),或協助品牌擁有人完成平台的 賬戶驗證申請。提供廣告及代理服務 的收入根據本集團於服務期間的協議 條款,於提供服務時確認,而於本集 團履約時,客戶同時取得並耗用本集 團履約所提供的利益。賬單乃基於訂 單向品牌所有者作出,通常在賬單發 出時付款。儘管平台通常按季度與本 集團對返利金額達成一致,並於返利 金額最終確定後三個月內結算,但部 分平台合約向本集團提供年度銷量返 利,從而產生有所限制的可變代價。 提供驗證服務的收入於賬戶驗證流程 完成時按時間點確認,並相應發出賬 單,通常在賬單發出時付款。



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

**Revenue from contracts with customers** (Continued)

(c) Data centre services

The Group provides various corporate data centre services such as value-added services to internet data centres for securities houses, including their trading system, quotation system and data processing system. The revenue is recognised when the relevant services are rendered and the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group throughout the contract period. Thus, the Group satisfies a performance obligation and recognises revenue over time with reference to the actual service period passed relative to the total contract period. The portion of services fee received in advance but not earned is recorded as contract liabilities and is reflected as a current liability as such amounts represent revenue that the Group expects to earn within one year.

Performance obligations for the provision of back-office services, comprehensive marketing and agency services and data centre services are either for a period of one year or less or bill a fixed amount for each month of services provided. As permitted under HKFRS 15, the transaction price allocated to these unsatisfied contracts is not disclosed. 2. 會計政策(續)

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

收入確認(續)

來自客戶合約之收入(續)

(c) 數據中心服務

本集團為證券公司提供互聯網數據中 心增值服務等各類企業數據中心服務, 包括其交易系統、報價系統及數據處 理系統。收入於提供相關服務且客戶 於整個合約期間同時取得並耗用本集 團參考相對總合約期已過的實際服務 期履行履約責任並隨時間確認收入。 預先收取但並未賺取的服務費部分記 賬為合約負債並反映為流動負債,乃 由於該等款項指本集團預期將於一年 內賺取的收入。

提供後台服務、全面營銷及代理服務及數據 中心服務的履約責任的期限為一年或以下, 或就每月所提供服務的固定金額開出賬單。 誠如香港財務報告準則第15號項下所允許, 並無披露分攤至該等未完成合約的交易價格。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Revenue recognition (Continued)

#### Other income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Dividend income is recognised when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

### **Contract liabilities**

A contract liability is recognised when a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Group transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer). 2. 會計政策(續)

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

收入確認(續)

#### 其他收入

利息收入採用實際利率法按應計基準確認, 方法為應用將金融工具預計年期或較短期間 (如適用)內的估計未來現金收入準確貼現至 金融資產賬面淨值的利率。

股息收入於股東收取款項的權利確立、與股 息有關的經濟利益可能流入本集團及股息金 額能可靠計量時確認。

## 合約負債

合約負債於本集團轉讓相關貨品或服務前收 到客戶付款或付款到期(以較早者為準)時確 認。合約負債於本集團履行合約(即向客戶 轉讓相關貨品或服務的控制權)時確認為收 入。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Retirement benefit costs**

Retirement benefit costs include pension scheme contributions for the Group's employees in Hong Kong and Mainland China. The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those eligible Hong Kong employees. For members of the MPF Scheme, the Group contributes 5% of the relevant payroll costs to the MPF Scheme subject only to the maximum level of payroll costs of HK\$30,000 per employee, which contribution is matched by the employees. Contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operates in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the respective local municipal governments. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of its payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

#### 退休福利成本

退休福利成本包括本集團香港及中國內地僱 員的退休金計劃供款。本集團根據強制性公 積金計劃條例為合資格香港僱員設立定額供 款強制性公積金退休福利計劃(「強積金計 劃」)。就強積金計劃成員而言,本集團按相 關工資成本的5%向強積金計劃供款,惟以 每名僱員30,000港元的工資成本為限,且該 供款與僱員的供款一致。根據強積金計劃之 規則,供款於應付時自損益扣除。強積金計 劃之資產由獨立管理之基金與本集團之資產 分開持有。本集團的僱主供款於向強積金計 劃供款時全數歸屬僱員。

本集團於中國內地經營之附屬公司之僱員須 參与由當地市政府管理之中央退休金計劃。 該等附屬公司須按其薪金成本的若干百分比 向中央退休金計劃供款。根據中央退休金計 劃之規則,供款於應付時自損益扣除。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

#### Events after the reporting period

If the Group receives information after the reporting period, but prior to the date of authorisation for issue, about conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period, it will assess whether the information affects the amounts that it recognises in its financial statements. The Group will adjust the amounts recognised in its financial statements to reflect any adjusting events after the reporting period and update the disclosures that relate to those conditions in light of the new information. For non-adjusting events after the reporting period, the Group will not change the amounts recognised in its financial statements, but will disclose the nature of the non-adjusting events and an estimate of their financial effects, or a statement that such an estimate cannot be made, if applicable.

#### Dividends

Final dividends are recognised as a liability when they are approved by the shareholders in a general meeting.

Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's memorandum and articles of association grant the directors of the Company the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognised immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

#### 借款成本

收購、興建或生產合資格資產(即須經相當 長時間方可作擬定用途或銷售的資產)直接 應佔的借款成本資本化為該等資產成本的一 部分。當資產大致上可作擬定用途或出售 時,該等借款成本停止資本化。所有其他借 款成本於產生期間支銷。借款成本包括實體 因借入資金而產生的利息及其他成本。

#### 報告期後事項

倘本集團於報告期後但於授權刊發日期前接 獲有關報告期間結束時已存在情況的資料, 其將評估該資料是否會影響其於財務報表中 確認的金額。本集團將調整於財務報表中確 認的金額,以反映報告期後發生的任何調整 事件,並根據新資料更新與該等情況有關的 披露。對於報告期後發生的非調整事件,本 集團將不會更改於財務報表中確認的金額, 但會披露非調整事件的性質及其財務影響的 估計,或無法作出估計的聲明(如適用)。

### 股息

末期股息於股東大會上獲股東批准時確認為 負債。

中期股息同時建議及宣派,原因為本公司的 組織章程大綱和細則授予公司董事宣派中期 股息的權力。因此,中期股息於建議及宣派 時即時確認為負債。


31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Foreign currencies**

These financial statements are presented in RMB, which is the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

In determining the exchange rate on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income on the derecognition of a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to an advance consideration, the date of initial transaction is the date on which the Group initially recognises the nonmonetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, the Group determines the transaction date for each payment or receipt of the advance consideration.

#### 2. 會計政策(續)

### 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

#### 外幣

該等財務報表以本公司的功能貨幣人民幣呈 列。本集團各實體自行釐定功能貨幣,而各 實體財務報表所載項目均以該功能貨幣計 量。本集團內各實體所記錄之外幣交易初步 按交易日期各自之功能貨幣匯率入賬。以外 幣計值的貨幣資產及負債按報告期末適用的 功能貨幣匯率換算。結算或換算貨幣項目所 產生的差額於損益確認。

按歷史成本以外幣計量的非貨幣項目按初始 交易日的匯率換算。以外幣按公平值計量的 非貨幣項目按公平值計量當日的匯率換算。 換算按公平值計量的非貨幣項目所產生的收 益或虧損,視作與確認該項目公平值變動的 收益或虧損一致(即公平值收益或虧損於其 他全面收益或損益確認的項目的換算差額亦 分別於其他全面收益或損益確認)。

於釐定終止確認與預付代價有關的非貨幣資 產或非貨幣負債時初步確認相關資產、開支 或收入的匯率時,初步交易日期為本集團初 步確認預付代價產生的非貨幣資產或非貨幣 負債的日期。倘有多筆預付款項或預收款 項,本集團釐定每筆預付款項或預收款項的 交易日期。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Foreign currencies (Continued)

The functional currencies of certain subsidiaries not operating in Mainland China are currencies other than RMB. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into RMB at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their profit or loss are translated into RMB at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve, except to the extent that the differences are attributable to non-controlling interests. On disposal of an operation whose functional currency is not RMB, the cumulative amount in the reserve relating to that particular operation is recognised in profit or loss.

Any goodwill arising on the acquisition of an operation whose functional currency is not RMB and any fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities arising on acquisition are treated as assets and liabilities of that particular operation and translated at the closing rate.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of operations whose functional currencies are not RMB are translated into RMB at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of those particular operations which arise throughout the year are translated into RMB at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

#### 2. 會計政策(續)

#### 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

外幣(續)

若干並非於中國內地經營之附屬公司之功能 貨幣為人民幣以外之貨幣。於報告期末,該 等實體的資產及負債按報告期末的現行匯率 換算為人民幣,而其損益則按年內加權平均 匯率換算為人民幣。

所產生的匯兑差額於其他全面收益確認,並 於匯兑儲備累計,惟以非控股權益應佔的差 額為限者除外。於出售功能貨幣並非人民幣 的業務時,與該特定業務有關的儲備累計金 額於損益確認。

因收購功能貨幣並非人民幣的業務而產生的 任何商譽,以及因收購而產生的資產及負債 賬面值的任何公平值調整,均視為該特定業 務的資產及負債,並按收市匯率換算。

就綜合現金流量表而言,功能貨幣並非人民 幣的業務的現金流量按現金流量日期的適用 匯率換算為人民幣。該等特定業務於年內經 常產生之現金流量按年內加權平均匯率換算 為人民幣。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS 3. 3. **AND ESTIMATES**

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

#### **Judgements**

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

#### Accounting for companies governed under contractual arrangements as subsidiaries

The Company and some of its subsidiaries do not hold any equity interests in certain of their subsidiaries. Nevertheless, under the contractual agreements entered into between the Group and the shareholders who are the registered owners of those subsidiaries, the directors of the Company determine that the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of those subsidiaries so as to obtain benefits from their activities. As such, those subsidiaries are accounted for as subsidiaries of the Group for accounting purposes.

#### 重大會計判斷及估計

編製本集團的財務報表需要管理層作出判 斷、估計及假設,而該等判斷、估計及假設 會影響收入、開支、資產及負債的呈報金額 及其隨附的披露,以及或然負債的披露。該 等假設及估計的不確定性可能導致須於未來 對受影響資產或負債的賬面值作出重大調整。

#### 判斷

在應用本集團會計政策的過程中,除涉及估 計的判斷外,管理層已作出以下對財務報表 中確認的金額有最重大影響的判斷:

#### 受合約安排規管的公司作為附屬公司的 會計處理

本公司及其若干附屬公司並無持有其若干附 屬公司的任何股權。然而,根據本集團與作 為該等附屬公司登記擁有人的股東訂立的合 約協議,本公司董事認為本集團有權監管該 等附屬公司的財務及經營政策,以從其業務 中獲取利益。因此,就會計目的而言,該等 附屬公司入賬列作本集團附屬公司。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

Judgements (Continued)

# Determining the method to account for the revenue arising from provision of comprehensive marketing and agency services

The Group has entered into contracts with its customers in relation to its comprehensive marketing and agency services. The Group has determined, based on an assessment of the relevant terms and conditions of the contracts as well as the nature of services rendered in the transactions, that when it does not control the specified service before it is transferred to a customer without the involvement of another party, has no discretion in establishing the price for the service rendered, has no inventory risk, and is not primarily responsible for fulfilling the promise to deliver the service, the Group is an agent in the transaction and accounts for the corresponding comprehensive marketing and agency service on a net basis reflecting the margin earned.

#### Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits, together with future tax planning strategies.

The Group has tax losses of RMB805,074,000 (2024: RMB649,786,000) carried forward. These losses related to subsidiaries that either have a history of losses, have not expired, or become loss making in current year, and may not be used to offset taxable income elsewhere in the Group. The subsidiaries have neither any taxable temporary difference nor any tax planning opportunities available that could partly support the recognition of these losses as deferred tax assets. On this basis, the Group has determined that it cannot recognise deferred tax assets on the tax losses carried forward.

#### 3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

**判斷**(續)

釐定提供全面營銷及代理服務所產生收 入的入賬方法

本集團已與其客戶就其全面營銷及代理服務 訂立合約。根據對合約的相關條款及條件以 及交易中所提供服務性質的評估,本集團已 釐定,倘指定服務轉讓給客戶之前(並無另 一方參與),其並無控制該指定服務,且並 無酌情權釐定所提供服務的價格,並無存貨 風險,且並無履行提供服務承諾的主要責 任,則本集團為交易的代理人,並按反映所 賺取利潤的淨額基準將相應的全面營銷及代 理服務入賬。

#### 遞延税項資產

倘可能有應課税溢利以抵銷未動用税項虧 損,則就未動用虧損確認遞延税項資產。釐 定可確認的遞延税項資產金額時,管理層須 根據未來應課税溢利的可能時間及水平以及 未來税務規劃策略作出重大判斷。

本集團有結轉的税項虧損人民幣805,074,000 元(2024年:人民幣649,786,000元)。該等 虧損與有虧損歷史、未到期或於本年度出現 虧損的附屬公司有關,且不得用於抵銷本集 團其他地方應課税收入。該等附屬公司並無 任何應課税暫時差異,亦無任何可用税務籌 劃機會可部分支持將該等虧損確認為遞延税 項資產。在此基礎上,本集團釐定其不能就 結轉税項虧損確認遞延税項資產。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 51MalCi120252025年5月51日

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS : AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

#### **Estimation uncertainty**

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

# Impairment of goodwill and intangible asset with indefinite useful life

Determining whether goodwill and intangible asset with indefinite useful life are impaired requires an estimation of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated, and of the intangible asset with indefinite useful life, which is the higher of the value in use or fair value less costs of disposal. The value-in-use and/or fair value calculation requires the Group to estimate the expected future cash flows attributable to the individual asset, cashgenerating unit or group of cash-generating units and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the recoverable amount. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, or change in facts and circumstances which results in downward revision of future cash flows, a material impairment loss/further impairment loss may arise. As at 31 March 2025, the cost of goodwill, net of the accumulated impairment brought forward from prior years, was RMB56,742,000, and the cost of intangible asset with indefinite useful life was RMB61,900,000. Details of the recoverable amount calculations are disclosed in notes 17 and 18 to the financial statements.

#### 3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

#### 估計不確定性

有關日後之主要假設及於報告期末估計不確 定性之其他主要來源(具有導致下一個財政 年度之資產及負債賬面值出現大幅調整之重 大風險)載述如下。

#### 商譽及具有無限可使用年期之無形資產 減值

釐定商譽及具有無限可使用年期之無形資產 是否減值,須估計獲分配商譽之現金產生單 位或現金產生單位組別及具有無限可使用年 期之無形資產之可收回金額,即使用價值或 公平值減出售成本兩者中之較高者。計算使 用價值及/或公平值須本集團估計個別資 產、現金產生單位或現金產生單位組別應佔 的預期未來現金流量及合適貼現率,以計算 可收回金額。倘實際未來現金流量低於預 期,或事實及情況變動導致向下修訂未來現 金流量,則可能出現重大減值虧損/進一步 減值虧損。於2025年3月31日, 商譽成本 (扣除過往年度累計減值結轉)為人民幣 56,742,000元,而具有無限可使用年期之無 形資產成本為人民幣61,900,000元。可收回 金額之計算詳情於財務報表附註17及18披 露。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

#### Estimation uncertainty (Continued)

## Provision for expected credit losses on accounts receivable

The Group generally uses provision matrix to calculate ECL for the accounts receivable and the provision rates are determined for the Group's internal credit risk grading assessment result categories. The Group's internal credit risk grading assessment comprises four categories, i.e., low risk, watch list, doubtful and loss. The estimated loss rates are determined with reference to various factors, such as repayment histories and current past due exposure, taking into consideration forward-looking information that is available without undue costs or effort. At the end of each reporting period, the historical observed default rates are reassessed and changes in the forward-looking information are considered.

The provision of ECL is sensitive to changes in estimates. The information about the Group's accounts receivable and the ECL is disclosed in notes 22 and 40 to the financial statements, respectively.

#### 4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group is primarily engaged in the provision of valueadded telecommunications and related services, including back-office services, comprehensive marketing and agency services and data centre services. Given that the chief operating decision maker of the Company considers that the Group's business is operated and managed as a single segment, no further segment information is presented.

#### 3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計不確定性(續)

#### 應收賬款預期信貸虧損撥備

本集團通常使用撥備矩陣計算應收賬款的預 期信貸虧損,而撥備率乃基於本集團內部信 貸風險評級評估結果分類得出。本集團的內 部信貸風險評級評估包括四個類別,即低風 險、觀察名單、存疑及虧損。估計虧損率乃 參考客戶還款記錄及客戶當前逾期風險等多 項因素釐定,當中考慮在無需付出過多成本 或努力下即可獲得之前瞻性資料。於各報告 期末,本集團會重新評估過往已觀察之違約 率,並考慮前瞻性資料之變動。

預期信貸虧損撥備對估計值之變動較為敏 感。有關本集團應收賬款及預期信貸虧損的 資料分別於財務報表附註22及40披露。

#### 4. 經營分部資料

本集團主要從事提供增值電信及相關服務(包 括後台服務、全面營銷及代理服務及數據中 心服務)。鑒於本公司主要經營決策者認為 本集團業務以單一分部經營及管理,故並無 呈列進一步分部資料。



综合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### **OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION** 4. 經營分部資料(續) 4. (Continued)

#### **Geographical information**

(a) Revenue from external customers

## (a) 來自外部客戶的收入

地區資料

		2025年	2024年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Mainland China	中國內地	1,240,654	1,240,904
The revenue informatio	n above is based on the	上述收入資料乃基於? 列。	客戶所在地區呈

locations of the customers.

#### (b) Non-current assets

(b) 非流動資產

		<b>2025</b> 年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2024年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Mainland China Hong Kong	中國內地 香港	296,726 807	420,802 887
Total		297,533	421,689

The non-current asset information above is based on the locations of the assets and excludes financial instruments and deferred tax assets.

## 主要客戶資料

產。

#### Information about major customers

During the year, revenues from transactions with single external customers (including entities under common control with those customers) amounting to 10% or more of the Group's revenues are as follows:

年內,來自單一外部客戶(包括與該等客戶 受共同控制的實體)的交易佔本集團收入 10% 或以上的收入如下:

上述非流動資產資料乃按資產所在地

劃分,不包括金融工具及遞延税項資

		<b>2025</b> 年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2024年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Customer A	客戶A	432,096	414,628
Customer B	客戶B	259,012	283,693



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

E

REVENUE	5. 收入		
An analysis of revenue is as follows:	收入分析	行如下:	
		2025年 <i>RMB'000</i>	2024 年 <i>RMB'00</i>
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Revenue from contracts with customers Back-office services:	<i>來自客戶合約之收入</i> 後台服務:		
Provision of customer service solutions Set up of contact service system and	提供客戶服務解決方案 建立聯絡服務系統及中心	1,188,765	1,185,86
centres		1,690	9
Subtotal	//\言+	1,190,455	1,185,95
Comprehensive marketing and agency	全面營銷及代理服務	22.050	
services Data centre services	數據中心服務	22,859 26,423	32,58 22,36
		20,423	22,30
Total revenue from contracts with	來自客戶合約之總收入		
customers		1,239,737	1,240,90
Revenue from other sources	來自其他來源之收入		
Gross rental income from investment	來自投資物業經營租賃之租金		
property operating leases	收入總額	917	
Total revenue	總收入	1,240,654	1,240,90

Disaggregation of the Group's revenue from contracts with 本集團之客戶合約收入拆分載列如下: customers is set out below:

		2025年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2024年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Timing of revenue recognition	收入確認時間		
Over time	隨時間	1,215,188	1,240,813
At a point in time	某一時間點	24,549	91
Total	總計	1,239,737	1,240,904
Geographical markets Mainland China	<i>地區市場</i> 中國內地	1,239,737	1,240,904



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

			2025 5	200
		Natas	2025年 <i>RMB'000</i>	202 <i>RMB</i> ′
		Notes 附註		RIVIB 人民幣=
		四月19百土	人民幣千元	入氏常7
Investment return from financial	按公平值計入損益的			
assets at fair value through	金融資產的投資回報			
profit or loss, net	淨額			
Fair value losses	公平值虧損		(3,729)	(2,
Dividend income	股息收入		_	(-)
Interest income	利息收入			
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入		591	
Other interest income	其他利息收入		-	
Tainvalue loss an anationest	士妹化俩的公亚仿假招			
Fair value loss on contingent consideration	或然代價的公平值虧損			(27
Fair value gain/(loss) on investment	投資物業的公平值		-	(27,
properties	收益/(虧損)	15	(1,354)	7,
Government grants <sup>#</sup>	政府補貼#		18,906	35,
Value-added tax ("VAT") refund^	增值税(「增值税」)退税へ		4,457	2,
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司收益	34	-	52,
Foreign exchange differences, net	匯兑差額淨額	5,	76	4,0
Gain on early termination of leases	提前終止租賃的收益	16(c)	237	7,1
Others	其他	10(0)	368	
	,			
Total other income and gains	其他收入及收益總額		19,552	74,
# Government grants mainly represer	nted incentives received for	# 政府社	甫助主要指就本公司附	屬公司經營所ィ
investments in certain regions in M		内地表	吉干地區的投資所收取	的獎勵、僱傭補
Company's subsidiaries operate, emplo	-		说收優惠。該等補助並; -	無未達成之條
incentives. There are no unfulfilled cond to these grants.	itions or contingencies relating	然事工	負∘	
<ul> <li>Value-added tax refund mainly attribu</li> </ul>			说退税主要歸因於軟件	
Policy for Software Products (Cai Shui sale of self-developed software product			11年第100號),就一舶 開發的軟件產品,按17	
after VAT is levied at a tax rate of 179			●發刊軟件産品「投口」 怎採用先徵後退政策,	
policy shall be applied and the portion			迢過3%的部分;及進-	
is in excess of 3% shall be refunded;	and the Tax Policy for Further	群體	創業就業有關税收政策	휷(財税2019年
Supporting and Promoting Entrepren			該政策列明與重點群體	簽訂僱傭合同
Focus Group (Cai Shui 2019 No. 22		增值利	兑減免。	
deduction is granted for entering into e	mploymont contracts with the			



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 7. LOSS BEFORE TAX

7. 除税前虧損

供款水平。

The Group's loss before tax is arrived at after charging/ (crediting):

本集團除税前虧損已扣除/(計入)下列各 項:

		Notes 附註	<b>2025</b> 年 <i>RMB′000</i> 人民幣千元	2024年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Depreciation of property and	物業及設備折舊			
equipment	计,次十八个团	14	45,955	39,636
Less: Amount capitalised	減:資本化金額			(412)
Total	總計		45,955	39,224
Depreciation of right-of-use assets Amortisation of other intangible assets included in	使用權資產折舊 計入以下項目的其他無形 資產攤銷	16(a)	29,209	30,593
Cost of services	服務成本		13,714	10,745
Administrative expenses	行政開支		17,491	17,492
Total	總計	18	31,205	28,237
Impairment loss on goodwill Impairment losses on financial assets, net	商譽減值虧損 金融資產減值虧損淨額	17	56,742	224,838
Accounts receivable	應收賬款	22	19,163	5,953
Other receivables	其他應收款項	23	4,104	13,067
Total	總計		23,267	19,020
Loss on disposal of property and equipment* Loss on early termination of leases*	出售物業及設備的虧損* 提早終止租賃的虧損*		496 _	386 38
Lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities Auditor's remuneration Employee benefit expense (including directors' and chief executive's remuneration)	不計入租賃負債計量的 租賃付款 核數師酬金 僱員福利開支(包括董事及 最高行政人員酬金)	16(c)	7,495 3,840	11,103 3,808
Wages, salaries and other social welfare benefits Pension scheme contributions^ Termination benefits Less: Amount capitalised	工資、薪金及其他社會 福利 退休金計劃供款 ^ 離職福利 減:資本化金額		775,272 75,730 1,829 –	736,940 69,620 2,764 (8,103

the employer to reduce the existing level of contributions.



### 綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 8. FINANCE COSTS

#### 8. 財務成本

An analysis of finance costs is as follows:

財務成本分析如下:

			2025年	
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債之利息	16(b)	2,649	2,900
Interest on consideration payables	應付代價之利息	29	696	3,619
Interest on bank borrowings	銀行借款之利息		510	1,891
Interest on other borrowings	其他借款之利息		15,600	15,900
Total	總計		19.455	24.310

# 9. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION

Directors' and chief executive's remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange (the "GEM Listing Rules"), section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows:

### 9. 董事及最高行政人員酬金

根據聯交所創業板證券上市規則(「GEM上 市規則」)、香港公司條例第383(1)(a)、(b)、 (c)及(f)條及公司(披露董事利益資料)規例 第2部披露的本年度董事及最高行政人員酬 金如下:

		<b>2025</b> 年 <i>RMB′000</i> 人民幣千元	2024年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Fees	袍金	706	1,092
Other emoluments: Salaries, allowances and benefits in	其他酬金: 薪金、津貼及實物利益		
kind	新亚 件和决莫物有血	4,069	1,659
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	439	234
Termination benefits	離職福利	136	
Subtotal	小計	4,644	1,893
Total fees and other emoluments	袍金及其他酬金總額	5,350	2,985



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 9. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S 9. 董事及最高行政人員酬金(續) **REMUNERATION** (Continued)

		Fees 袍金 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼及 實物利益 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Pension scheme contributions 退休金 計劃供款 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Termination benefits 離職福利 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Total remuneration 總酬金 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
2025	2025年					
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
Mr. QIU Xiaojian	邱曉健先生	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. LI Xiang	李響先生	-	632	159	-	791
Mr. HU Shilong <i>(note (i))</i>	胡仕龍先生 <i>(附註(i))</i>	-	960	93	-	1,053
Ms. ZHOU Fang (note (i))	周芳女士 <i>(附註(i))</i>	-	960	93	-	1,053
Ms. LIU Xiaochen <i>(note (ii))</i>	劉小琛女士 <i>(附註(ii))</i>	-	597	32	-	629
Mr. XU Gang <i>(note (ii))</i>	徐剛先生 <i>(附註(ii))</i>	-	560	33	-	593
Mr. WANG Rui (note (ii))	王睿先生( <i>附註(ii))</i>	-	360	29	-	389
Subtotal	小計	-	4,069	439	-	4,508
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:					
Mr. ZENG Liang	曾良先生	178	_	_	_	178
Mr. WANG Li	王力先生	178	_	_	_	178
Mr. YANG Hongjun (note (iii))		67	_	_	_	67
Ms. LI Guiying (note (iii))	李桂英女士( <i>附註(iii)</i> )	67	-	-	-	67
Mr. Stephen MARKSCHEID	Stephen MARKSCHEID 先生					
(note (iii))	(附註(iii))	108	-	-	68	176
Mr. ZHANG Weidong (note (iii))	張衛東先生( <i>附註(iii))</i>	108	-	-	68	176
Subtotal	小計	706	_	-	136	842
Total	總計	706	4,069	439	136	5,350



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 9. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S 9. 董事及最高行政人員酬金(續) **REMUNERATION** (Continued)

			Salaries,			
			allowances	Pension		
			and benefits	scheme	Termination	Tota
		Fees	in kind	contributions	benefits	remuneration
			薪金、津貼及	退休金		
		袍金	實物利益	計劃供款	離職福利	總酬金
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
2024	2024年					
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
Mr. QIU Xiaojian	邱曉健先生	-	-	_	-	
Mr. LI Xiang	李響先生	-	610	147	-	75
Mr. HU Shilong <i>(note (i))</i>	胡仕龍先生 <i>(附註(i))</i>	-	400	38	-	43
Ms. ZHOU Fang (note (i))	周芳女士 <i>(附註(i))</i>	-	400	38	-	43
Ms. LIU Xiaochen <i>(note (ii))</i>	劉小琛女士 <i>(附註(ii))</i>	-	99	4	-	103
Mr. XU Gang <i>(note (ii))</i>	徐剛先生 <i>(附註(ii))</i>	-	90	4	-	94
Mr. WANG Rui (note (ii))	王睿先生( <i>附註(ii))</i>	_	60	3	_	63
Subtotal	小青	_	1,659	234	_	1,893
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:					
Mr. ZENG Liang	曾良先生	273	-	-	-	273
Mr. WANG Li	王力先生	273	-	_	-	273
Mr. Stephen MARKSCHEID	Stephen MARKSCHEID 先生					
(note (iii))	( <i>附註(iii))</i>	273	-	-	-	27.
Mr. ZHANG Weidong (note (iii))	張衛東先生( <i>附註(iii))</i>	273	_	-	-	273
Subtotal	小計	1,092	_	_	_	1,092
Total	總計	1,092	1,659	234	_	2,98



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

# 9. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (Continued)

Notes:

- On 7 November 2023, Mr. HU Shilong was appointed as an executive director and the chief executive officer of the Company, and Ms.
   ZHOU Fang was appointed as an executive director of the Company.
- On 8 February 2024, Ms. LIU Xiaochen, Mr. XU Gang and Mr. WANG Rui were appointed as executive directors of the Company.
- (iii) On 23 August 2024, Mr. Stephen MARKSCHEID and Mr. ZHANG Weidong resigned as independent non-executive directors, and Mr. YANG Hongjun and Ms. LI Guiying were appointed as independent non-executive directors of the Company.

There was no arrangement under which a director or the chief executive waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.

9. 董事及最高行政人員酬金(續)

附註:

- (i) 於2023年11月7日,胡仕龍先生獲委任為本公司
   執行董事兼行政總裁,而周芳女士獲委任為本公
   司執行董事。
- (ii) 於2024年2月8日,劉小琛女士、徐剛先生及王 睿先生獲委任為本公司執行董事。
- (iii) 於2024年8月23日,Stephen MARKSCHEID先生 及張衛東先生辭任本公司獨立非執行董事,而楊 洪軍先生及李桂英女士獲委任為本公司獨立非執 行董事。

年內並無董事或最高行政人員放棄或同意放 棄任何酬金的安排。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### **10. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES**

The five highest paid employees during the year included five (2024: three) directors of the Company, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 9 above. Details of the remuneration for the year ended 31 December 2024 of the remaining two highest paid employees who were neither a director nor chief executive of the Company are as follows:

#### 10. 五位最高薪酬僱員

年內五名最高薪酬僱員包括五名(2024年: 三名)本公司董事,其薪酬詳情載於上文附 註9。餘下兩名最高薪酬僱員(並非本公司董 事或最高行政人員)截至2024年12月31日 止年度的薪酬詳情如下:

		2025年	2024年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	薪金、津貼及實物利益	-	1,339
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	-	28
Termination benefits	離職福利		1,288
Total	總計	-	2,655
The number of non-director and non-chie paid employees whose remuneration following bands is as follows:	0	薪酬介乎以下範圍的非董事 員的最高薪酬僱員人數如下	

		2025年	2024年
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	-	1
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元		1
Total	總計	-	2



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### **11. INCOME TAX**

Pursuant to the Corporate Income Tax Law of the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and the respective regulations, the Group's entities which operate in Mainland China are subject to corporate income tax ("CIT") at a rate of 25% (2024: 25%) on the taxable income, except for certain subsidiaries which were entitled to a preferential tax rate of 15% (2024:15%) because they were regarded as "High and New Technology Enterprises", and certain subsidiaries which were entitled to an effective preferential tax rate of 5% (2024: 5%) of the taxable income between RMB1,000,000 and RMB3,000,000 because they were regarded as "small-scaled minimal profit enterprises", one of the criteria of which is with annual taxable income no more than RMB3,000,000 during the corresponding year. No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Group did not generate any assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year (2024: Nil).

#### 11. 所得税

根據中華人民共和國(「中國」)企業所得税法 及相關法規,本集團於中國內地經營的實體 須就應課税收入按25%(2024年:25%)的 税率繳納企業所得税(「企業所得税」),惟若 干附屬公司因被認定為「高新技術企業」而 享有15%(2024年:15%)的優惠税率及若 干附屬公司因被視為「小型微利企業」而享 有人民幣1,000,000元至人民幣3,000,000元 之間應課税收入的5%(2024年:5%)的有 效優惠税率,其中一條認定標準為於相應年 度的年度應課税收入不超過人民幣3,000,000 元。由於本集團於年內並無於香港產生任何 應課税溢利,故並無就香港利得税作出撥備 (2024年:無)。

		<b>2025</b> 年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2024年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Current tax — Mainland China	即期税項一中國內地		
Charge for the year	年內支出	4,307	8,297
Underprovision/(overprovision) in prior	過往年度撥備不足/(超額		
years	撥備)	3,362	(503)
		7,669	7,794
Deferred (note 31)	遞延(附註31)	(11,349)	(2,764)
Total tax charge/(credit) for the year	年內税項支出/(抵免)總額	(3,680)	5,030

The share of tax credit attributable to an associate amounting to RMB659,000 (2024: tax expense of RMB3,000) is included in "Share of loss of an associate" in profit or loss. 一間聯營公司應佔税項抵免人民幣659,000 元(2024年:税項開支人民幣3,000元)計入 損益之「應佔一間聯營公司虧損」。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### **11. INCOME TAX** (Continued)

A reconciliation of the tax expense/(credit) applicable to loss before tax at the statutory tax rate of the PRC in which the majority of the Group's subsidiaries are domiciled and/or operate to the tax expense/(credit) at the effective tax rate is as follows:

### 11. 所得税(續)

按本集團大部分附屬公司註冊及/或經營所 在中國的法定税率計算的除税前虧損適用的 税項開支/(抵免)與按實際税率計算的税項 開支/(抵免)的對賬如下:

		<b>2025</b> 年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2024年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Loss before tax	除税前虧損	(207,063)	(199,917)
Tax at the statutory rate of 25%	按法定税率25%(2024年:		
(2024: 25%)	25%)計算的税項	(51,766)	(49,979)
Lower tax rates for other jurisdictions or	其他司法權區或地方機關頒佈的		
enacted by local authorities	較低税率	18,999	5,032
Adjustments in respect of current tax of	過往期間即期税項調整		
pervious periods		3,362	(503)
Loss attributable to an associate	一間聯營公司應佔虧損	730	(175)
Expenses not deductible for tax	不可扣税開支	12,840	44,467
Tax losses utilised from previous periods	過往期間已動用税項虧損	(4,566)	(9,792)
Tax losses not recognised	未確認税項虧損	26,751	23,109
Tax effect of 100% relief with respect to	有關研發開支100%減免的		
research and development expenses	税務影響	(10,030)	(7,129)
Tax charge/(credit) at the Group's	按本集團實際税率計算的税項		
effective rate	支出/(抵免)	(3,680)	5,030



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### **12. DIVIDENDS**

No dividend was paid or proposed for ordinary shareholders of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2025, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting period (2024: Nil).

#### 13. LOSS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The calculation of the basic loss (2024: loss) per share amount is based on the loss (2024: loss) for the year attributable to owners, i.e., ordinary equity holders, of the Company of RMB207,729,000 (2024: RMB197,382,000), and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 4,776,019,590 outstanding during the year (2024: 4,776,019,590).

No adjustment has been made to the basic loss (2024: loss) per share amount presented for the year ended 31 March 2025 in respect of a dilution because the Group had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares in issue during the year ended 31 March 2025 (2024: Nil).

#### 12. 股息

截至2025年3月31日止年度並無向本公司 普通股股東支付或提議派付股息,自報告期 末以來亦無提議派發任何股息(2024年: 無)。

#### 13. 本公司普通權益持有人應佔每股 虧損

每股基本虧損(2024年:虧損)金額乃根據 本公司擁有人(即普通股權益持有人)應佔年 內虧損(2024年:虧損)人民幣207,729,000 元(2024年:人民幣197,382,000元)及年內 已發行普通股加權平均數4,776,019,590股 (2024年:4,776,019,590股)計算。

由於本集團於截至2025年3月31日止年度 並無已發行潛在攤薄普通股(2024年:無), 故並無就攤薄對截至2025年3月31日止年 度呈列的每股基本虧損(2024年:虧損)金 額作出調整。



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 14. 物業及設備 **14. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT** Furniture, Electronic Leasehold fixtures and and other Motor improvements equipment equipment vehicles Total 傢俬、裝置 電子及 租賃物業裝修 及設備 其他設備 汽車 總計 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 31 March 2025 2025年3月31日 At 1 April 2024 於2024年4月1日 12,909 49,836 4,954 184,843 Cost 成本 117,144 累計折舊 (52,236) (5,708) (29, 810)(2,776)(90,530) Accumulated depreciation 賬面淨值 64,908 7,201 20,026 2,178 94,313 Net carrying amount Cost at 1 April 2024, 於2024年4月1日 net of accumulated 的成本,扣除累計 depreciation 折舊 64,908 7,201 20,026 2,178 94,313 12,761 1,183 1,279 545 15,768 Additions 添置 Disposals 出售 (575) (139) (1,330) (2,044) \_ 年內計提折舊 Depreciation provided during the year (32,731) (3,479) (8,721) (1,024) (45,955) 於2025年3月31日 Cost at 31 March 2025, net of accumulated 的成本,扣除累計 折舊 44,363 4,766 11,254 1,699 62,082 depreciation At 31 March 2025 於2025年3月31日 成本 129,330 13,953 49,785 5,499 198,567 Cost 累計折舊 (84,967) (9,187) (38,531) (3,800)(136,485) Accumulated depreciation 賬面淨值 Net carrying amount 44,363 4,766 11,254 1,699 62,082



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (Contin		ontinued)	14.物	<b>業及設備</b> (編	賣)	
			Furniture,	Electronic		
		Leasehold	fixtures and	and other	Motor	_
		improvements	equipment 傢俬、裝置	equipment 電子及	vehicles	Tot
		租賃物業裝修	及設備	其他設備	汽車	緫
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'00
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千次
31 March 2024	2024年3月31日					
At 1 April 2023	於2023年4月1日					
Cost	成本	93,855	3,106	45,692	5,027	147,68
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(31,929)	(1,060)	(17,382)	(1,792)	(52,16
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	61,926	2,046	28,310	3,235	95,5
Cost at 1 April 2023,	於2023年4月1日					
net of accumulated	的成本,扣除累計					
depreciation	折舊	61,926	2,046	28,310	3,235	95,5 <sup>-</sup>
Additions	添置	32,645	2,569	5,959	268	41,44
Disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司					
(note 34)	(附註34)	(1,295)	_	(386)	-	(1,68
Disposals	出售	-	(2)	(990)	(341)	(1,33
Depreciation provided during	年內計提折舊					
the year		(23,389)	(2,396)	(12,867)	(984)	(39,6
Transfers	轉撥	(4,984)	4,984	-	-	
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	5	-		-	
Cost at 31 March 2024,	於2024年3月31日					
net of accumulated	的成本,扣除累計					
depreciation	折舊	64,908	7,201	20,026	2,178	94,3
At 31 March 2024	於2024年3月31日					
Cost	成本	117,144	12,909	49,836	4,954	184,84
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(52,236)	(5,708)	(29,810)	(2,776)	(90,53
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	64,908	7,201	20,026	2,178	94,3 <i>°</i>



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### **15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

15. 投資物業

		<b>2025</b> 年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2024年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Carrying amount at 1 April	於4月1日的賬面值	12,020	_
Amount transferred from prepayments	轉自預付款項的金額	-	3,289
Additions	添置	1,614	774
Net gain/(loss) from a fair value adjustment	公平值調整收益/(虧損)淨額		
(note 6)	(附註6)	(1,354)	7,957
Carrying amount at 31 March	於3月31日的賬面值	12,280	12,020

The Group's investment property consists of one industrial property in Mainland China, which were revalued on 31 March 2025 based on valuations performed by AVISTA Business Consulting (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd., an independent professionally qualified valuer, at RMB12,280,000. Each year, the Group's management decide to appoint which external valuer to be responsible for the external valuations of the Group's investment property. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. The Group's management have discussions with the valuer on the valuation assumptions and valuation results when the valuation is performed for annual financial reporting.

The investment property is leased to a third party under an operating lease to earn rental income.

The Group's investment property is categorised within Level 3 of the fair value measurement hierarchy. During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 (2024: Nil).

本集團的投資物業包括一項位於中國內地的 工業物業,該等物業於2025年3月31日根 據獨立專業合資格估值師艾華迪商務諮詢(深 圳)有限公司進行的估值重估為人民幣 12,280,000元。每年,本集團管理層決定委 任負責本集團投資物業外部估值的外部估值 師。甄選準則包括市場知識、聲譽、獨立性 及是否維持專業水準。本集團管理層就年度 財務報告進行估值時與估值師討論估值假設 及估值結果。

投資物業根據經營租約出租予第三方以賺取 租金收入。

本集團的投資物業屬於公平值計量層級第三 級分類。年內,公平值計量並無於第一級與 第二級之間轉移,亦無轉入或轉出第三級 (2024年:無)。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### **15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES** (Continued)

Below is a summary of the valuation technique used and the key inputs to the valuation of the Group's investment property:

#### 15. 投資物業(續)

以下為本集團投資物業估值所用估值技術及 主要輸入數據概要:

#### 31 March 2025

#### 2025年3月31日

Valuation techniques 估值技術		Significant unobservable 重大不可觀察輸入數據	Significant unobservable inputs 重大不可觀察輸入數據		
Term and reversion method	年期及復歸法	Reversionary yield	復歸收益率	6.8%	
		Contractual rent (per square metre per month) Market rent (per square metre per month)	合約租金 (每月每平方米) 市場租金 (每月每平方米)	RMB13.28 人民幣13.28元 RMB10.63 人民幣10.63元	

The term and reversion method measures the fair value of the property by taking into account the rental income derived from the lease contract during the leasing period, and the existing leases of comparable properties with due allowance for the reversionary income potential of the leases beyond the leasing period, which are then capitalised into the value at appropriate rates.

A significant increase (decrease) in the reversionary yield in isolation would result in a significant decrease (increase) in the fair value of the investment property. A significant increase (decrease) in the contractual/market rent would result in a significant increase (decrease) in the fair value of the investment property. 年期及復歸法計量物業的公平值,計入租賃 期內來自租賃合約的租金收入,以及可資比 較物業的現有租賃,並就租賃期後租賃的潛 在復歸收入作出適當撥備,其後按適當比率 將價值撥作資本。

單獨的復歸收益率大幅增加(減少)將導致投 資物業的公平值大幅減少(增加)。合約/市 場租金大幅增加(減少)將導致投資物業的公 平值大幅增加(減少)。



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### **15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES** (Continued)

significant increase (decrease) in the fair value of the

15. 投資物業(續)

#### 31 March 2024

investment property.

### 2024年3月31日

Valuation techniques 估值技術		Significant unobservable 重大不可觀察輸入數據		Rate or average value 比率或均值
Term and reversion method	年期及復歸法	Reversionary yield	復歸收益率	6.8%
		Market rent (per square metre per month)	市場租金 (每月每平方米)	RMB10.73 人民幣10.73元
The term and reversion the property by takin derived from the exist with due allowance for the leases, which are appropriate rates.	ng into account th ting leases of comp r the reversionary in	e rental income arable properties come potential of	年期及復歸法計量物業的 可資比較物業現有租賃的 賃的潛在復歸收入作出遊 當比率將價值撥作資本。	1租金收入,並就租
A significant increase isolation would result the fair value of the increase (decrease) ir	in a significant decr investment proper	ease (increase) in ty. A significant	單獨的復歸收益率大幅增 資物業的公平值大幅減少 大幅增加(減少)將導致投 幅增加(減少)。	>(增加)。市場租金



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### **16. LEASES**

#### The Group as a lessee

The Group has lease contracts for various buildings for office premises and staff quarters used in its operations, and the lease terms ranged from one year to ten years.

#### (a) Right-of-use assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's right-of-use assets, i.e., buildings, and the movements during the year are as follows:

#### 16. 租賃

#### 本集團作為承租人

本集團就其營運所使用的辦公室物業及員工 宿舍的多項樓宇訂立租賃合約,租期介乎一 年至十年。

#### (a) 使用權資產

本集團使用權資產(即樓宇)的賬面值 及年內變動如下:

		<b>2025</b> 年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2024年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Carrying amount at 1 April	於4月1日的賬面值	68,819	52,916
Additions	添置	34,875	40,662
Disposal of a subsidiary (note 34)	出售一間附屬公司 <i>(附註34)</i>	-	(317)
Depreciation charge	折舊費用	(29,209)	(30,593)
Lease extension	租賃延期	-	13,491
Lease termination	租賃終止	(7,138)	(7,340)
Carrying amount at 31 March	於3月31日的賬面值	67,347	68,819



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

16.	LEA	SES (Continued)	16.	租賃	<b>夏</b> (續)
	The	Group as a lessee (Continued)		本集	<b>ミ團作為承租人</b> (續)
	(b)	Lease liabilities		(b)	租賃負債
		The carrying amount of lease liabilities and the			年內租賃負債的賬面值及變動如下:

The carrying amount of lease liabilities and the movements during the year are as follows:

		2025年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2024年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Carrying amount at 1 April	於4月1日的賬面值	67,468	48,422
New leases	新租賃	34,875	40,662
Disposal of a subsidiary (note 34)	出售一間附屬公司 <i>(附註34)</i>	-	(310)
Accretion of interest recognised	年內確認的利息增加		
during the year		2,649	2,900
Payments	付款	(28,431)	(30,395)
Lease extension	租賃延期	-	13,491
Lease termination	租賃終止	(7,375)	(7,302)
Carrying amount at 31 March	於3月31日的賬面值	69,186	67,468
Analysed into:	分析為:		
Current portion	流動部分		
Repayable within one year	一年內償還	28,809	22,448
Non-current portion	非流動部分		
Repayable in the second year	於第二年償還	21,744	17,224
Repayable in the third to fifth years,	於第三至第五年(包括		
inclusive	首尾兩年)償還	18,571	27,504
Repayable beyond five years	五年後償還	62	292
Subtotal	小計	40,377	45,020
Total	總計	69,186	67,468

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities based on the contractual undiscounted payments is disclosed in note 40 to the financial statements.

基於合約未貼現付款的租賃負債到期 分析於財務報表附註40披露。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 16. LEASES (Continued)

16. 租賃(續)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

#### 本集團作為承租人(續)

- (c) The amounts charged/(credited) to profit or loss in relation to leases are as follows:
- (c) 於損益中扣除/(計入)有關租賃的 金額如下:

		2025年	2024年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債之利息	2,649	2,900
Depreciation charge of right-of-use	使用權資產折舊費用		
assets		29,209	30,593
Loss/(gain) on early termination of	提前終止租賃的虧損/(收益)		
leases		(237)	38
Expense relating to short-term leases	與短期租賃有關的開支	7,495	11,103
Total amount recognised in profit or	於損益確認的總額		
loss		39,116	44,634

(d) The total cash outflow for leases is disclosed in note 35(c) to the financial statements.

#### The Group as a lessor

The Group leases its investment property (note 15) under an operating lease arrangement. The terms of the lease require the tenant to pay a security deposit. Rental income recognised by the Group during the year was RMB917,000 (2024: Nil), details of which are included in note 5 to the financial statements.

At the end of the reporting period, the undiscounted lease payments receivable by the Group in future periods under the operating lease with its tenant are as follows: (d) 租賃現金流出總額於財務報表附註 35(c)披露。

#### 本集團作為出租人

本集團根據經營租賃安排租賃其投資物業(附 註15)。租賃條款亦要求租戶支付保證金。 本集團於年內確認租金收入為人民幣 917,000元(2024年:無),詳情載於財務報 表附註5。

於報告期末,本集團與其租戶所訂立經營租 賃項下於未來期限的應收未貼現租賃付款如 下:

		<b>2025</b> 年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2024年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Within one year	一年內	1,101	-
After one year but within two years	一年後兩年內	1,101	-
After two years but within three years	兩年後三年內	183	
Total	總計	2,385	_



### 綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 17. 商譽 17. GOODWILL 2025年 2024年 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 於4月1日的成本 630,965 Cost at 1 April 630,965 Accumulated impairment at 1 April 於4月1日的累計減值 (574, 223)(349, 385)Net carrying amount at 1 April 於4月1日的賬面淨值 56,742 281,580 Cost at 1 April, net of accumulated 於4月1日的成本,扣除累計 減值 56,742 impairment 281,580 (56,742) Impairment 減值 (224,838) 於3月31日的成本,扣除累計 Cost at 31 March, net of accumulated 減值 impairment 56,742 Cost at 31 March 於3月31日的成本 630,965 630,965 Accumulated impairment at 31 March 於3月31日的累計減值 (630,965) (574,223)

於3月31日的賬面淨值

#### Impairment testing of goodwill

Net carrying amount at 31 March

Goodwill acquired through business combinations is attributable to KingNine Holdings Limited ("KingNine") and its subsidiaries (collectively the "KingNine Group") which are principally engaged in the provision of back-office services (primarily provision of customer service solutions, and setting up of contact service systems and centres), comprehensive marketing and agency services and data centre services. As at 31 March 2025, the recoverable amount of the KingNine Group cash-generating unit ("CGU") has been determined based on a value-in-use calculation and this valuation was performed by an independent qualified professional valuer. The calculation uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by the management of the Group covering a 5-year period. The KingNine Group's cash flows beyond the 5-year period are extrapolated using a perpetual growth rate, which approximates the long term average growth rate of the relevant business in Mainland China, which is similar to the long term average inflation rate in Mainland China.

#### 商譽減值測試

透過業務合併獲得的商譽歸屬於KingNine Holdings Limited (「KingNine」)及其附屬公司 (統稱「KingNine集團」),該等公司主要從事 提供後台服務(主要提供客戶服務解決方案, 以及建立聯絡服務系統及中心)、全面營銷 及代理服務及數據中心服務。於2025年3月 31日,KingNine集團現金產生單位(「現金產 生單位」)之可收回金額乃按使用價值計算方 法釐定且有關估值由獨立合資格專業估值師 進行。該計算採用基於本集團管理層所批准 涵蓋五年期財務預算的現金流量預測。 KingNine集團5年期以外的現金流量採用永 續增長率推算,該增長率與中國內地國開業 務的長期平均增長率相若。

56,742



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 17. GOODWILL (Continued)

#### Impairment testing of goodwill (Continued)

Key assumptions used for the value-in-use calculation are as follows:

#### Revenue growth and perpetual growth rates

Revenue growth rates were estimated ranging from 2.5% to 6.4% (2024: 3.0% to 11.4%) per annum for the KingNine Group CGU throughout the 5-year budget plan, as determined by management with reference to the historical rates in prior years, adjusted by management's outlook of expected market development. Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated by using a steady perpetual growth rate of 2% (2024: 2.5%).

#### Discount rate

Discount rate was estimated to be 19.2% (2024: 21.6%) which is before tax and represents the current market assessment of the risks specific to the KingNine Group CGU, taking into consideration the time value of money and individual risks of the underlying assets that have not been incorporated in the cash flow estimates. The discount rate calculation is based on the specific circumstances of the Group and its operating segment and is derived from its weighted average cost of capital ("WACC"). The WACC takes into account both debt and equity. The cost of equity is determined using the Capital Asset Pricing Model ("CAPM"). The CAPM depends on a number of inputs reflecting financial and economic variables, including riskfree rate and a premium to reflect the inherent risk of the business being evaluated. These variables are based on the market's assessment of the economic variables and comparable listed companies with business scopes and operations similar to those of the CGU. The cost of debt is based on the interest-bearing borrowings the Group is obliged to service. Company specific risk is incorporated by valuer's professional judgement and experience, including the consideration of unlisted company risk premium and business risk in sustaining the future growth.

Such estimation is based on the KingNine Group CGU's past performance and management's expectations for the market development.

#### 17. 商譽(續)

商譽減值測試(續)

計算使用價值採用的主要假設如下:

#### 收入增長及永續增長率

於整個五年預算計劃內,KingNine集團現金 產生單位的收入增長率估計介乎每年2.5% 至6.4%(2024年:3.0%至11.4%),乃由管 理層參考往年的歷史增長率而釐定,並根據 管理層的預期市場發展前景進行調整。五年 期後的現金流量乃使用穩定永續增長率2% (2024年:2.5%)加以推算。

#### 貼現率

貼現率估計為19.2%(2024年:21.6%), 該貼現率乃除税前且指KingNine集團現金產 生單位特定風險的現行市場評估,當中考慮 到貨幣的時間價值及現金流量估計中並無涉 及的相關資產的個別風險。貼現率乃按本集 團及其經營分部的特定情況計算,並取自其 加權平均資金成本(「加權平均資金成本」)。 加權平均資金成本計及債務及權益。股權成 本透過資本資產定價模式(「資本資產定價模 式」) 釐定。資本資產定價模式取決於多個反 映財務及經濟變量的輸入數據,包括無風險 利率及反映所評估業務之固有風險的溢價。 該等變量乃基於對經濟變量以及業務範圍及 經營類似於現金產生單位的相若上市公司得 市場評估而定。債務成本乃根據本集團有責 任償還的計息借款計算。本公司的特定風險 由估值師的專業判斷及經驗加以考慮,當中 包括考慮未上市公司風險溢價及維持未來發 展的業務風險。

有關估計乃根據 KingNine 集團現金產生單位 之過往表現及管理層對市場發展之預期作出。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 17. GOODWILL (Continued)

#### Impairment testing of goodwill (Continued)

#### Discount rate (Continued)

Due to complex environmental factors such as the continuing downturn of the global economy and slowerthan-expected growth of certain consumer product/service segments in the PRC, the recovery of the PRC's overall economy was disturbed, and the growth of service demand from some of the KingNine Group's customers was at a slow pace, resulting in a slower growth rate of revenue generated from the main business of the Group. The recoverable amount of the KingNine Group CGU at 31 March 2025 was RMB177,714,000 (2024: RMB298,253,000), which was lower than the KingNine Group's carrying amount (before impairment) of goodwill and other assets including intangible assets at 31 March 2025 with an aggregate amount of RMB234,456,000 (2024: RMB523,091,000), resulting in an impairment loss on goodwill of RMB56,742,000 charged to profit or loss for the year ended 31 March 2025 (2024: RMB224,838,000). Accordingly, the Group's goodwill has become fully impaired as at 31 March 2025.

#### 17. 商譽(續)

#### 商譽減值測試(續)

#### **貼現率**(續)

由於全球經濟持續低迷及中國若干消費 品/服務分部增長低於預期等複雜環境因 素,中國整體經濟復甦受到干擾,KingNine 集團部分客戶的服務需求增長緩慢,導致本 集團主營業務產生的收入增速放緩。 KingNine集團現金產生單位於2025年3月 31日的可收回金額為人民幣177,714,000元 (2024年:人民幣298,253,000元),低於 KingNine集團於2025年3月31日的商譽及 其他資產(包括無形資產)的賬面值(減值前) 合共人民幣234,456,000元(2024年:人民 幣 523,091,000 元 ), 導致截至 2025 年 3 月 31日止年度商譽減值虧損人民幣56,742,000 元(2024年:人民幣224,838,000元)自損益 扣除。因此,於2025年3月31日,本集團 的商譽已全面減值。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### **18. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

18. 其他無形資產

		Customer		Technology		Development		
		Brand	relationship	<b>know-how</b> 技術	Patent	cost	Software	Total
		品牌	客戶關係	專業知識	專利	開發成本	軟件	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
31 March 2025	2025年3月31日							
At 1 April 2024	於2024年4月1日							
Cost	成本	61,900	60,700	44,100	2,396	1,750	71,773	242,619
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷	-	(29,989)	(30,503)	(2,396)	-	(17,588)	(80,476
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	61,900	30,711	13,597	-	1,750	54,185	162,143
Cost at 1 April 2024,	於2024年4月1日							
net of accumulated	的成本,扣除累計							
amortisation	攤銷	61,900	30,711	13,597	-	1,750	54,185	162,143
Additions	添置	-	-	-	-	-	152	152
Transfers	轉移	-	-	-	-	(1,750)	1,750	-
Amortisation provided	年內計提攤銷							
during the year		-	(8,671)	(8,820)	-	-	(13,714)	(31,205
Cost at 31 March 2025,	於2025年3月31日							
net of accumulated	的成本,扣除累計							
amortisation	攤銷	61,900	22,040	4,777	-	-	42,373	131,090
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日							
Cost	成本	61,900	60,700	44,100	2,396	_	72,220	241,316
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷	-	(38,660)	(39,323)	(2,396)	-	(29,847)	(110,226
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	61,900	22,040	4,777			42,373	131,090



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 18. 其他無形資產(續) **18. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS** (Continued) Customer Technology Development Brand relationship know-how Patent cost Software Total 技術 客戶關係 專利 軟件 品牌 專業知識 開發成本 總計 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 31 March 2024 2024年3月31日 At 1 April 2023 於2023年4月1日 成本 61,900 60,700 44,100 2,396 8,791 58,660 236,547 Cost Accumulated amortisation 累計攤銷 (21, 317)(21,683) (2,396) (11,030) (56,426) Net carrying amount 賬面淨值 61,900 39,383 22,417 \_ 8,791 47,630 180,121 Cost at 1 April 2023, 於2023年4月1日 的成本,扣除累計 net of accumulated amortisation 攤銷 61,900 22,417 47,630 180,121 39,383 8,791 Additions 添置 11,447 794 12,241 轉移 Transfers (18,488) 18,488 Disposal of a subsidiary 出售一間附屬公司 (note 34) (附註34) (1,982) (1,982)Amortisation provided 年內計提攤銷 during the year (8,672) (8,820) (10,745) (28,237) 於2024年3月31日 Cost at 31 March 2024, net of accumulated 的成本,扣除累計 amortisation 攤銷 61,900 30,711 13,597 1,750 54,185 162,143 At 31 March 2024 於2024年3月31日 Cost 成本 61,900 60,700 44,100 2,396 1.750 71,773 242,619 累計攤銷 Accumulated amortisation (29, 989)(30, 503)(2,396) (17,588) (80,476) Net carrying amount 賬面淨值 61,900 30,711 13,597 1,750 54,185 162,143

The brand is considered by the management of the Group as having indefinite useful life because it is expected to contribute to net cash inflows to the Group indefinitely. The brand is not amortised, and its recoverable amount has been assessed together with the goodwill arising from the acquisition of the KingNine Group, details of which are set out in note 17 to the financial statements. 本集團管理層認為品牌具無限可使用年期, 此乃由於其預期會無限期為本集團帶來現金 流入淨額。該品牌並無攤銷,其可收回金額 已連同收購KingNine集團所產生的商譽一併 評估,詳情載於財務報表附註17。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### **18. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS** (Continued)

As at 31 March 2025, in addition to the brand, the Group's other intangible assets included customer relationship, technology know-how, and software with carrying amounts amounting to RMB22,040,000, RMB4,777,000 and RMB7,220,000 (2024: RMB30,711,000, RMB13,597,000 and RMB9,628,000), respectively, arose from the acquisition of the KingNine Group, and their respective remaining amortisation periods were 3.54 years, 1.54 years and 3.54 years (2024: 4.54 years, 2.54 years and 4.54 years).

#### 18. 其他無形資產(續)

於2025年3月31日,除品牌外,本集團的 其他無形資產包括客戶關係、技術專業知識 及軟件,賬面值分別為人民幣22,040,000 元、人民幣4,777,000元及人民幣7,220,000 元(2024年:人民幣30,711,000元、人民幣 13,597,000元及人民幣9,628,000元),乃因 收購KingNine集團而產生,其各自的餘下攤 銷期分別為3.54年、1.54年及3.54年(2024 年:4.54年、2.54年及4.54年)。

#### **19. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE**

#### 19. 於一間聯營公司的投資

		2025年	2024年
		<b>RMB'000</b> 人民幣千元	<i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Share of net assets	應佔資產淨值	1,283	4,201
Goodwill on acquisition	收購的商譽	23,451	23,451
Total	總計	24,734	27,652
The Group held 49% equity interest in Ch Technology Co., Ltd., which used to be subsidiary of the Group. Details of the di are set out in note 34 to the financial state	e a wholly-owned sposal transaction	本集團持有成都融智互動科 股權,該公司曾為本集團的 出售交易之詳情載於財務報	全資附屬公司。
The following table illustrates the financ the Group's associate which is not consi material:		下表説明本集團個別被視為 公司的財務資料:	並不重大的聯營
		2025年	2024年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Share of the associate	應佔聯營公司		
	應佔聯營公司 年內虧損	2,918	699
Share of the associate Loss for the year Other comprehensive income for the year		2,918 _	699 –

		5			
С	arrying amount of the	e Group's	本集團於聯營公司投資的	賬面值	
_	investment in the as	sociate		24,734	27,652



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 20. EQUITY INVESTMENTS DESIGNATED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The Group's equity investments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income comprised equity interests in two unlisted entities (2024: two) established in the PRC, the fair values of whom were nil as at 31 March 2025 (2024: Nil).

# **20.** 指定為按公平值計入其他全面收益的權益投資

本集團指定為按公平值計入其他全面收益的 權益投資包括於中國成立的兩間非上市實體 (2024年:兩間)的股權,其於2025年3月 31日的公平值為零(2024年:零)。

#### **21. INVENTORIES**

#### 21. 存貨

		2025年	2024年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Accessories, phones and packages	配件、電話及包裝	86	24

### **22. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE**

#### 22. 應收賬款

		2025年	2024年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Accounts receivable	應收賬款	569,008	680,710
Impairment	減值	(31,665)	(12,502)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	537,343	668,208

The Group generally allows a credit period of within three months to its customers upon issuance of customer billings. The directors of the Company are of the view that there have been no significant increase in credit risk of default because the amounts are from customers with good credit rating and continuous repayment. Before accepting any new customer, the Group assesses the potential customer's credit quality and defines credit limits by customer. Limits and scoring attributed to customers are reviewed periodically. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its accounts receivable balances. Accounts receivable are non-interest-bearing. 本集團一般給予其客戶自發出客戶賬單後3 個月以內的信貸期。本公司董事認為違約信 貸風險並無大幅增加,乃由於該等款項來自 具良好信貸評級及持續還款的客戶。在接受 任何新客戶之前,本集團會評估潛在客戶的 信貸質素,並界定該客戶的信貸額度。授予 客戶之信貸額度及評分均會定期檢討。本集 團並無就其應收賬款結餘持有任何抵押品或 其他信用增強措施。應收賬款為免息。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 22. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

An ageing analysis of the accounts receivable as at the end of the reporting period, based on the date of services rendered and net of loss allowance for impairment, is as follows:

#### 22. 應收賬款(續)

於報告期末,應收賬款按提供服務日期及扣 除減值虧損撥備的賬齡分析如下:

		2025年	2024年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within 60 days	60日內	213,399	204,455
61 to 120 days	61至120日	155,083	178,874
121 to 180 days	121至180日	55,540	56,900
Over 180 days	180日以上	113,321	227,979
Total	總計	537,343	668,208

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of accounts receivable are as follows:

應收賬款減值虧損撥備變動如下:

		<b>2025</b> 年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2024年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
At beginning of the reporting period Impairment losses, net <i>(note 7)</i>	於報告期初 減值虧損淨額 <i>(附註7)</i>	12,502 19,163	6,629 5,953
Disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司	-	(80)
At end of the reporting period	於報告期末	31,665	12,502

The increase (2024: increase) in the loss allowance was mainly due to the increase in gross amount of accounts receivable categorised as loss (2024: watch list) under the Group's internal credit risk grading assessment, of which the corresponding loss allowance was RMB23,955,000 (2024: RMB3,683,000) for the year ended 31 March 2025. Details of impairment assessment of accounts receivable are set out in note 40 to the financial statements.

虧損撥備增加(2024年:增加)主要由於本 集團內部信貸風險評級評估中分類為虧損 (2024年: 觀察名單)的應收賬款總額增加, 其中截至2025年3月31日止年度相應的虧 損撥備為人民幣23,955,000元(2024年:人 民幣3,683,000元)。應收賬款減值評估詳情 載於財務報表附註40。



### 綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 23. PREPAYMENTS, OTHER RECEIVABLES AND OTHER ASSETS

**23.** 預付款項、其他應收款項及其他 資產

		2025年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2024年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Current:	流動:		
Prepayments	預付款項	20,135	16,369
Due from former subsidiaries	應收前附屬公司款項	26,831	25,032
Due from an associate	應收一間聯營公司款項	18,880	19,500
Deposits, other receivables and	按金、其他應收款項及其他		
other assets	資產	28,533	48,616
		94,379	109,517
Impairment	減值	(35,740)	(31,636)
Subtotal	小計	58,639	77,881
Non-current:	非流動:		
Rental and management fee deposits	租金及管理費按金	6,135	3,750
Total	總計	64,774	81,631

The amounts due from former subsidiaries before impairment are interest-bearing at a fixed rate of 6% per annum, unsecured and repayable on demand and the amount due from an associate is interest-free, unsecured and repayable within one year. 應收前附屬公司減值前款項按固定年利率 6%計息、無抵押及須按要求償還,而應收 一間聯營公司款項為免息、無抵押及須於一 年內償還。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 23. PREPAYMENTS, OTHER RECEIVABLES AND OTHER ASSETS (Continued)

#### 23. 預付款項、其他應收款項及其他 **資產**(續)

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of amounts due from former subsidiaries and other receivables are as follows:

應收前附屬公司款項及其他應收款項的減值 虧損撥備變動如下:

		2025年	2024年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At beginning of the reporting period	於報告期初	31,636	23,519
Impairment losses, net (note 7)	減值虧損淨額(附註7)	4,104	13,067
Disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司	-	(4,950)
At end of the reporting period	於報告期末	35,740	31,636

Details of impairment assessment of financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets are set out in note 40 to the financial statements.

計入預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產的 金融資產減值評估詳情載於財務報表附註

#### 24. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

The Group's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss comprise minority interests in three unlisted companies (2024: four) engaging in short-form video or live broadcasting and related businesses in Mainland China, the fair values of whom were nil as at 31 March 2025 (2024: RMB4,812,000). They are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as the Group has not elected to recognise the fair value gain or loss through other comprehensive income.

40 °

#### 24. 按公平值計入損益的金融資產

本集團按公平值計入損益的金融資產包括於 中國內地從事短片或直播及相關業務的三間 非上市公司(2024年:四間)的少數權益, 其於2025年3月31日的公平值為零(2024年: 人民幣4,812,000元)。由於本集團並無選擇 透過其他全面收益確認公平值損益,故該等 金融資產分類為按公平值計入損益的金融資 產。


綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 25. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, PLEDGED DEPOSITS AND RESTRICTED CASH

# 25. 現金及現金等價物、質押存款及 受限制現金

		2025年	2024年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	104,769	83,267
Time deposits	定期存款	6,122	3,157
Subtotal	小計	110,891	86,424
Less:	減:		
Pledged time deposits:	質押定期存款:		
Non-current portion	非流動部分	(2,865)	_
Current portion	流動部分	(3,257)	(3,157)
Subtotal	小計	(6,122)	(3,157)
Restricted cash	受限制現金	(11)	(594)
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	104,758	82,673

At the end of the reporting period, the cash and cash equivalents, pledged deposits and restricted cash of the Group denominated in RMB placed in Mainland China amounted to approximately RMB109,506,000 (2024: RMB77,611,000) is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement and Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at banks earns interest at rates based on daily bank deposit rates or respective time deposit rates ranging from 0.05% to 2.75% (2024: 0.01% to 2.75%).

The Group is required to pledge its time deposits at certain banks for the issuance of letters of guarantee to certain customers of the Group.

The Group's restricted cash mainly arose from the deposit requirements of an online platform and the control measures imposed in relation to the fulfillment of payment requirements of a contract. 於報告期末,本集團於中國內地以人民幣計 值的現金及現金等價物、質押存款及受限制 現金約為人民幣109,506,000元(2024年: 人民幣77,611,000元)。人民幣不可自由兑 換為其他貨幣,然而,根據中國內地的外匯 管理條例及結匯、售匯及付匯管理規定,本 集團獲准透過獲授權進行外匯業務的銀行將 人民幣兑換為其他貨幣。

銀行現金根據介乎0.05%至2.75%(2024年: 0.01%至2.75%)的每日銀行存款利率或相 應定期存款利率賺取利息。

本集團須質押其於若干銀行的定期存款,以 向本集團若干客戶開立保函。

本集團的受限制現金主要因一個網上平台的 存款規定及就履行一份合約付款規定施加的 監控措施而產生。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### **26. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE**

26. 應付賬款

An ageing analysis of the accounts payable as at the end of the reporting period, based on the date of service received, is as follows: 於報告期末,應付賬款按接受服務日期的賬 齡分析如下:

		<b>2025</b> 年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2024年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Within 60 days	60日內	4,011	7,487
61 to 120 days	61至120日	919	11,648
121 to 180 days	121至180日	150	826
Over 180 days	180日以上	4,254	8,678
Total	總計	9,334	28,639

The average credit period on accounts payable is 30 days. The accounts payable are non-interest-bearing. 應付賬款的平均信貸期為30日。應付賬款 為免息。

#### **27. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS**

27. 其他應付款項及應計費用

		<b>2025</b> 年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2024年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Current:	流動:		
Other payables	其他應付款項	20,539	23,699
Payroll payables	應付工資	42,589	63,813
Other tax payables	其他應付税項	6,638	15,856
Subtotal	小計	69,766	103,368
Non-current:	非流動:		
Deferred income	遞延收入	626	1,147
Total	總計	70,392	104,515

The average credit period on other payables is 90 days. Other payables are non-interest-bearing. 其他應付款項的平均信貸期為90日。其他 應付款項為免息。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### **28. CONTRACT LIABILITIES**

The Group received advance payments from customers of value-added telecommunication services. Contract liabilities that are expected to be settled within the Group's normal operating cycle are classified as current based on the Group's earliest obligation to transfer goods or services to the customers. Revenue recognised during the year ended 31 March 2025 that was included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of the reporting period amounted to RMB1,029,000 (2024: RMB845,000). The increase in contract liabilities from RMB845,000 at 1 April 2023 to RMB1,029,000 at 31 March 2024, and from RMB1,029,000 at 1 April 2024 to RMB1,867,000 at 31 March 2025, was mainly due to the increase in short-term advances received from customers in relation to provision of customer service solutions.

#### **29. CONSIDERATION PAYABLES**

In the prior year, on 15 October 2020, the Company acquired 100% of equity interests of the KingNine Group for a consideration of RMB1,012,224,000, comprising cash consideration of RMB646,149,000, as calculated using an annual discount rate of 4% on the actual cash payment amount of RMB670,000,000, and consideration shares of RMB366,075,000. During the year, the corresponding annual finance costs with respect to the aforementioned cash consideration amounted to RMB696,000 (2024: RMB3,619,000) and full payment of the remaining consideration of RMB28,734,000 has been made to the sellers of the acquisition transaction, i.e., NINEGO Corporation and FUNGHWA Ltd., in which NINEGO Corporation is owned as to 40.60% by Mr. HU Shilong and 59.40% by Ms. LIU Yingying; while FUNGHWA Ltd. is wholly-owned by Ms. ZHOU Fang. Both Mr. HU Shilong and Ms. ZHOU Fang are directors of the Company and registered shareholders of Dalian Kingwisoft Technology Co., Ltd. under the contractual agreements as detailed in note 41 to the financial statements, and NINEGO Corporation and FUNGHWA Ltd. are therefore regarded as related parties to the Group.

#### 28. 合約負債

本集團向客戶收取電信增值服務的墊款。預 期將於本集團正常經營週期內清償的合約負 債,按照本集團向客戶轉讓貨品或服務的最 早義務分類為流動。於截至2025年3月31 日止年度已確認收入(計入報告期初的合約 負債)為人民幣1,029,000元(2024年:人民 幣845,000元)。合約負債由2023年4月1日 的人民幣845,000元增加至2024年3月31 日的人民幣1,029,000元增加至2025年3 月31日的人民幣1,867,000元,主要由於就 提供客戶服務解決方案而自客戶收取的短期 墊款增加所致。

#### 29. 應付代價

於過往年度,於2020年10月15日,本公司 以代價人民幣1,012,224,000元(包括現金代 價人民幣646,149,000元(按實際現金支付 金額人民幣670,000,000元的4%的年度貼 現率計算)及代價股份人民幣366,075,000 元) 收購 King Nine 集團 100% 股權。年內, 上述現金代價的相應年度財務成本為人民幣 696,000元(2024年:人民幣3,619,000元), 而餘下代價人民幣28,734,000元已悉數支付 予收購交易的賣方(即NINEGO Corporation 及FUNGHWA Ltd.)。其中NINEGO Corporation 由胡仕龍先生及劉瑩瑩女士分別擁有 40.60%及59.40%;而FUNGHWA Ltd.由周 芳女士全資擁有。根據財務報表附註41所 詳述的合約協議,胡仕龍先生及周芳女士均 為本公司董事及大連金慧融智科技股份有限 公司的登記股東,因此NINEGO Corporation 及FUNGHWA Ltd. 被視為本集團的關聯方。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 30. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

30. 計息銀行及其他借款

		2025年	2024年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Bank borrowings repayable:	須償還的銀行借款:		
Within one year	一年內	5,000	5,000
Other borrowings repayable:	其他須償還借款:		
	一年內	21,000	102 044
Within one year		-	193,044
In the second year	於第二年	208,644	_
Subtotal	小計	229,644	193,044
	(4.2)		
Total	總計	234,644	198,044
Analysed into:	分析為:		
Current liabilities	流動負債	26,000	198,044
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	208,644	

The Group's bank borrowings are unsecured and interestbearing at a fixed rate at 3.45% (2024: 3.6%) per annum.

The Group's other borrowings are unsecured and due to related companies, details of which are as follows:

- (i) The other borrowings from an entity indirectly controlled by the Company's ultimate beneficial owner with principal amounts of RMB60,000,000 (2024: RMB60,000,000) and RMB70,000,000 (2024: RMB70,000,000) are interest-bearing at fixed rates of 12.0% and 12.0%, respectively, per annum (2024: 12.0% and 12.0%, respectively, per annum), and a principal amount of RMB27,000,000 (2024: RMB27,000,000) is interest-free (2024: interest-free). The repayment date of the principal and interest amounts of the Group's other borrowings has been extended from 31 March 2025 to 31 March 2027.
- (ii) The other borrowings from NINEGO Corporation and FUNGHWA Ltd. with an aggregate principal amount of RMB21,000,000 (2024: Nil) are interest-free and repayable at the first anniversary of the loan drawdown date.

本集團的銀行借款為無抵押及按固定年利率 3.45%(2024年:3.6%)計息。

本集團的其他借款為無抵押及應付予關連公司的借款,詳情如下:

- (i) 本金額人民幣60,000,000元(2024年:人民幣60,000,000元)及人民幣70,000,000元)
  元(2024年:人民幣70,000,000元)來
  自本公司最終實益擁有人間接控制的
  實體的其他借款分別按固定年利率
  12.0%及12.0%(2024年:年利率分別為12.0%及12.0%)計息,而本金額
  人民幣27,000,000元(2024年:人民幣
  27,000,000元)為免息(2024年:免息)。
  本集團其他借款的本金及利息金額的
  償還日期已由2025年3月31日延長至2027年3月31日。
- (ii) 來自NINEGO Corporation及FUNGHWA Ltd.的其他借款本金總額為人民幣 21,000,000元(2024年:無)為免息及 須於貸款提取日期首周年償還。



# 綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### **31. DEFERRED TAX**

The movements in gross deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year are as follows:

#### 31. 遞延税項

年內遞延税項資產及負債總額變動如下:

		Unrealised profits	Impairment of accounts and other receivables 應收賬款 及其他應收	Fair value adjustments of intangible assets arising from acquisition of subsidiaries 收購附屬 公司產生的 無形資產	Right-of-use assets	Lease liabilities	Others	Total
		未變現溢利	款項減值	公平值調整	使用權資產	租賃負債	其他	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Gross deferred tax assets/(liabilities) at 1 April 2023 Disposal of a subsidiary (note 34) Deferred tax credited/(charged) to	於2023年4月1日的遞延 税項資產/(負債)總額 出售一間附屬公司( <i>附註34)</i> 計入損益/(於損益扣除)的	4,944 _	2,544 (272)	(18,555) _	(5,975) –	5,395 -	789	(10,858) (272)
profit or loss (note 11)	遞延税項( <i>附註11</i> )	(1,464)	1,953	2,624	(2,651)	3,129	(827)	2,764
Gross deferred tax assets/(liabilities) at 31 March 2024 and 1 April 2024	於2024年3月31日及 2024年4月1日的遞延 税項資產/(負債)總額	3,480	4,225	(15,931)	(8,626)	8,524	(38)	(8,366)
Deferred tax credited to profit or loss	計入損益的遞延税項							
(note 11)	(附註11)	4,410	3,001	2,624	349	27	938	11,349
Gross deferred tax assets/(liabilities) at 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日的遞延 税項資產/(負債)總額	7,890	7,226	(13,307)	(8,277)	8,551	900	2,983



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### **31. DEFERRED TAX** (Continued)

#### 31. 遞延税項(續)

Certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset on an individual entity basis and the Group's net deferred tax assets and liabilities presented in the consolidated statement of financial position are as follows:

若干遞延税項資產及負債已按個別實體基準 抵銷,而本集團於綜合財務狀況表呈列的遞 延税項資產及負債淨額如下:

		2025年	2024年
		2025年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
			(Restated)
			(經重列)
Net deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產淨額	16,925	15,083
Net deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債淨額	(13,942)	(23,449)
			()
		2,983	(8,366)

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong of approximately RMB524,687,000 (2024: RMB502,097,000), subject to agreement by the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Department, that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. The Group also has tax losses arising in Mainland China of RMB280,387,000 (2024: RMB147,689,000) that will expire in one to five years for offsetting against future taxable profits.

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses and other deductible temporary differences as they have arisen in the Group's entities that have been lossmaking for some time, or became loss making in current year, and it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised due to the unpredictability of future profit streams.

The Group is liable for withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in Mainland China in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008. The applicable rate is 10% for the Group.

本集團於香港產生的税項虧損約為人民幣 524,687,000元(2024年:人民幣502,097,000 元),經香港税務局同意,可無限期用作抵 銷產生虧損的公司的未來應課税溢利。本集 團亦有於中國內地產生的税項虧損人民幣 280,387,000元(2024年:人民幣147,689,000 元),將於一至五年內到期以抵銷未來應課 税溢利。

本集團並無就該等虧損及其他可扣減暫時差 額確認遞延税項資產,原因為該等虧損及其 他可扣減暫時差額來自已虧損一段時間、或 於本年度出現虧損的本集團實體,且由於未 來溢利來源的不可預測性,故認為不大可能 有應課税溢利可用作抵銷税項虧損。

本集團須就該等於中國內地成立的附屬公司 自2008年1月1日起產生的盈利所分派的股 息繳納預扣税。本集團適用税率為10%。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### **31. DEFERRED TAX** (Continued)

At 31 March 2025, no deferred tax has been recognised for withholding taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings that are subject to withholding taxes of the Group's subsidiaries established in Mainland China. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, it is not probable that these subsidiaries will distribute such earnings in the foreseeable future. The aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries in Mainland China for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised totaled approximately RMB346,141,000 at 31 March 2025 (2024: RMB413,877,000) are subject to the CIT rate of 25% upon their transfers to Kingwisoft Technology Co., Ltd. via the contractual arrangements as further detailed in note 41 to the financial statements.

There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

#### 31. 遞延税項(續)

於2025年3月31日,概無就本集團於中國 內地成立附屬公司須繳納預扣税的未匯出盈 利而應付的預扣税確認遞延税項。本公司董 事認為,該等附屬公司不大可能於可見將來 分派該等盈利。於2025年3月31日,與於 中國內地附屬公司的投資有關而尚未確認遞 延税項負債的暫時差額總額合共約為人民幣 346,141,000元(2024年:人民幣447,028,000 元),其中,人民幣331,994,000元(2024年: 人民幣413,877,000元)透過合約安排轉讓予 金慧融智科技有限公司時須按25%的企業 所得税税率繳付,詳情載於財務報表附註 41。

本公司向其股東派付股息並無附帶任何所得税後果。

#### 32. 股本

		2025年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2024年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Authorised: 10,000,000,000 (2024: 10,000,000,000) ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	法定: 10,000,000,000股 (2024年:10,000,000,000股) 每股面值0.01港元的普通股	87,661	87,661
Issued and fully paid: 4,776,019,590 (2024: 4,776,019,590) ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	已發行及繳足: 4,776,019,590股 (2024年:4,776,019,590股) 每股面值0.01港元的普通股	40,442	40,442

#### **32. SHARE CAPITAL**



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### **33. RESERVES**

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 89 of the financial statements.

#### Share premium

Share premium represents the proceeds received in excess of the nominal value from share issuance, net of any directly attributable transaction costs credited to share premium.

#### **Statutory reserve**

Statutory reserve represents the amounts set aside from the retained profits by certain subsidiaries established in the PRC and is not distributable as dividend. In accordance with the relevant regulations and their articles of association, the Company's subsidiaries established in the PRC are required to allocate at least 10% of their after-tax profit according to the PRC accounting standards and regulations to legal reserves until such reserves have reached 50% of registered capital. These reserves can only be used for specific purposes and are not distributable or transferable to loans, advances, cash dividends.

#### **Revaluation reserve**

Change in fair value of equity investments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated within the revaluation reserve within equity. The Group will transfer amount from revaluation reserve to retained profits/ accumulated losses when the relevant equity instrument is derecognised.

#### 33. 儲備

本集團於本年度及過往年度之儲備金額及其 變動呈列於財務報表第89頁之綜合權益變 動表。

#### 股份溢價

股份溢價指收取自股份發行之所得款項(扣 除任何直接應佔交易成本)超出面值部分, 均計入股份溢價。

#### 法定儲備

法定儲備指於中國成立的若干附屬公司從保 留溢利中撥出的金額,且不可作為股息分 派。根據相關法規及其組織章程細則,本公 司於中國成立的附屬公司須將其按中國會計 準則及規例釐定的除税後溢利最少10%分 配至法定儲備,直至該等儲備達到註冊資本 的50%為止。該等儲備僅可用於特定用途, 不可分派或轉撥至貸款、墊款或現金股息。

#### 重估儲備

指定為按公平值計入其他全面收益的權益投 資的公平值變動於其他全面收益確認,並於 權益內的重估儲備內累計。倘相關權益工具 終止確認,本集團會將金額自重估儲備轉撥 至保留溢利/累計虧損。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 33. RESERVES (Continued)

#### **Translation reserve**

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's subsidiaries not operating in Mainland China are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e., Renminbi) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in translation reserve.

#### 34. DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY

#### Year ended 31 March 2024

On 27 February 2024, Kingwisoft Technology Co., Ltd. (the "Vendor", a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) and Hainan Zhicheng Investment Partnership (Limited Partnership) (the "Purchaser", an unrelated partnership incorporated in the PRC) entered into an equity transfer agreement (the "Agreement") pursuant to which the Vendor agreed to sell and the Purchaser agreed to buy a 51% equity interest in Chengdu ThinkMore Technology Co., Ltd. ("Chengdu ThinkMore") held by the Vendor at a cash consideration of RMB30,600,000, of which RMB15,300,000 was to be settled within 30 business days from the effective date of the Agreement and RMB15,300,000 was to be settled within one year from the effective date of the Agreement. Upon the disposal of 51% equity interest, the Group ceased to have control but has significant influence over Chengdu ThinkMore, which has since been classified as an associate of the Group (note 19).

#### 33. 儲備(續)

#### 匯兑儲備

就呈列綜合財務報表而言,本集團並非於中 國內地經營之附屬公司之資產及負債乃使用 於各報告期間結束時之適用匯率換算為本集 團之呈報貨幣(即人民幣)。收入及支出項目 乃按該期間內出現大幅波動則作別論,於此情 況下,則採用於交易當日之現行匯率。所產 生之匯兑差額(如有)乃於其他全面收益確 認,並於匯兑儲備累計。

#### 34. 出售一間附屬公司

#### 截至2024年3月31日止年度

於2024年2月27日,金慧融智科技有限公司(「賣方」,本公司全資附屬公司)與海南智程投資合夥企業(有限合夥)(「買方」,於中國註冊成立的非關聯合夥企業)訂立股權轉讓協議(「該協議」),據此,賣方同意出售及買方同意購買賣方持有的成都融智互動科技有限公司(「成都融智」)51%股權,現金代價為人民幣30,600,000元。其中人民幣15,300,000元將於該協議生效日期起計30個營業日內結算,而人民幣15,300,000元將於該協議生效日期起計一年內結算。於出售51%股權後,本集團不再對成都融智擁有控制權但具有重大影響力,成都融智自此分類為本集團的聯營公司(附註19)。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 34. DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY (Continued)

34. 出售一間附屬公司(續)

Year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

#### 截至2024年3月31日止年度(續)

		Notes 附註	2024年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Net assets disposed of:	已出售資產淨值:		
Property and equipment	物業及設備	14	1,681
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	16(a)	317
Other intangible assets	其他無形資產	18	1,982
Equity instruments at fair value through	按公平值計入其他全面收益的		
other comprehensive income	權益工具		300
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	31	272
Inventories	存貨		146
Accounts receivable	應收賬款		15,107
Prepayments, other receivables and	預付款項、其他應收款項及		
other assets	其他資產		35,279
Prepaid tax	預付税項		140
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物		166
Accounts payable	應付賬款		(732
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用		(46,631
Contract liabilities	合約負債		(1,023)
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	16(b)	(310
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(12
Subtotal	小計		6,682
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司收益	6	52,269
Total consideration	總代價		58,951
Satisfied by:	以下列方式支付:		
Cash received during the year ended	截至2024年3月31日止年度		
31 March 2024	已收現金		15,300
Cash received during the year ended	截至2025年3月31日止年度		
31 March 2025	已收現金		15,300
Fair value of retained interests	保留權益的公平值		28,351
			58,951



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

### 34. DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY (Continued)

### 34. 出售一間附屬公司(續)

#### Year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

#### 截至2024年3月31日止年度(續)

An analysis of the net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of a subsidiary is as follows:

有關出售一間附屬公司之現金及現金等價物 流入淨額分析如下:

	2025年	2024年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cash consideration received during the 年內已收現金代價		
year	15,300	15,300
Cash and bank balances disposed of 出售現金及銀行結餘	-	(166)
Net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in 出售一間附屬公司之現金及 respect of the disposal of a subsidiary 現金等價物流入淨額	15,300	15,134

#### 35. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

#### 35. 綜合現金流量表附註

(a) 主要非現金交易

#### (a) Major non-cash transactions

During the year, the Group had non-cash additions and extension to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities of RMB34,875,000 (2024: RMB54,153,000) and RMB34,875,000 (2024: RMB54,153,000), respectively, in respect of lease arrangements for buildings. 年內,本集團就樓宇租賃安排的使用權 資產及租賃負債的非現金添置及延期分 別為人民幣34,875,000元(2024年:人 民幣54,153,000元)及人民幣34,875,000 元(2024年:人民幣54,153,000元)。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 35. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

35. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

# (b) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

(b) 融資活動產生的負債變動

		Consideration payables 應付代價 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Interest- bearing bank and other borrowings 計息銀行及 其他借款 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Carrying amount at	於2023年4月1日的			
1 April 2023 Changes from financing	賬面值 融資現金流量變動	33,774	245,644	48,422
cash flows		(28,519)	(65,391)	(30,395)
Reversal of prior year's set off against contingent	撥回往年抵銷的或然 代價			
consideration		60,431	-	-
Set off against contingent	抵銷或然代價			
consideration		(41,267)	-	-
New leases	新租賃	-	-	40,662
Lease extension	租賃延期	-	-	13,491
Disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司	-	-	(310)
Interest expenses	利息開支	3,619	17,791	2,900
Lease termination	租賃終止	-	_	(7,302)
Carrying amount at 31 March 2024 and	於2024年3月31日及 2024年4月1日的	20.020	400.044	67.460
1 April 2024	販面値	28,038	198,044	67,468
Changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動	(28,734)	20,490	(28,431)
New leases	新租賃	-	-	34,875
Interest expenses	利息開支	696	16,110	2,649
Lease termination	租賃終止	-	-	(7,375)
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日	-	234,644	69,186



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 35. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

35. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

#### (c) Total cash outflow for leases (c) 租賃現金流出總額

The total cash outflow for leases included in the statement of cash flows is as follows:

計入現金流量表的租賃現金的流出總 額如下:

		<b>2025</b> 年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2024年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Within operating activities Within financing activities	經營活動範圍內 融資活動範圍內	7,495 28,431	11,103 30,395
Total	總計	35,926	41,498

#### **36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

In addition to the receivables from an associate and consideration payables in relation to a prior year's acquisition transaction set out in notes 23 and 29 to the financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties during the year:

#### (a) Loans from related companies

(i) On 31 July 2024, NINEGO Corporation, FUNGHWA Ltd. and the Company entered into a loan agreement pursuant to which NINEGO Corporation and FUNGHWA Ltd. agreed to make available a maximum loan amounting to RMB20,000,000 and RMB5,000,000, respectively, to the Company. The loans amounting to RMB25,000,000 were drawn down, of which RMB4,000,000 had been repaid during the year. The loans are unsecured, interest-free and repayable at the first anniversary of the loan drawdown date.

#### 36. 關聯方交易

除財務報表附註23及29所載應收一間聯營 公司款項及有關過往年度收購交易的應付代 價外,本集團於年內與關聯方有以下交易:

#### (a) 來自關聯公司的貸款

 (i) 於 2024年7月31日,NINEGO Corporation、FUNGHWA Ltd.與本公司訂立貸款協議,據此, NINEGO Corporation及FUNGHWA Ltd.同意分別向本公司提供最高 貸款人民幣20,000,000元及人民幣5,000,000元。已提取貸款人 民幣25,000,000元,其中人民幣 4,000,000元已於年內償還。該 等貸款為無抵押、免息及須於貸 款提取日期首周年償還。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### **36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS** (Continued)

#### (a) Loans from related companies (Continued)

On February 2025, Dalian Kingwisoft Technology (ii) Co., Ltd. and Jinhui Technology Investment (Qingdao) Co., Ltd.\* (金慧科技投資(青島)有限 公司), both of which are indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company, entered into supplemental loan agreements with Beijing Tongguan Capital Management Co., Ltd.\* (北京通冠資本管理有限公司), an entity indirectly controlled by the Company's ultimate beneficial owner, pursuant to which the repayment dates of loans due from the Group to Beijing Tongguan Capital Management Co., Ltd. with an aggregate principal amount of RMB157,000,000 and the corresponding interest payable were extended to 31 March 2027, and the annual interest rate attributable to an aggregate principal amount of RMB130,000,000 remained to be 12.0%, while another loan with a principal amount of RMB27,000,000 remained to be interest-free.

Further details of the aforementioned loans from related companies as at the end of the reporting period and the corresponding interest expenses are set out in notes 30 and 8 to the financial statements, respectively.

#### (b) Transactions with an associate

During the year, the Group purchased comprehensive marketing services from an associate and incurred cost of RMB47,541,000 (2024: Nil). The prepaid service fee amount as of the end of the reporting period was RMB12,077,000 (2024: Nil) which was included in the balance of prepayments as set out in note 23 to the financial statements. These transactions were conducted in accordance with the terms agreed between the parties involved.

During the year, the Group provided a service of setting up contact services system and centres to an associate and generated revenue of RMB1,460,000 (2024: Nil). This transaction was conducted in accordance with the terms agreed between the parties involved.

\* for identification purpose only

#### 36. 關聯方交易(續)

- (a) 來自關聯公司的貸款(續)
  - 於2025年2月,本公司之間接全 (ii) 資附屬公司大連金慧融智科技股 份有限公司及金慧科技投資(青 島)有限公司,與北京通冠資本 管理有限公司(一間由本公司最 終實益擁有人間接控制的實體) 訂立補充貸款協議。據此,本集 團結欠北京通冠資本管理有限公 司本金總額人民幣157,000,000 元及相應應付利息的貸款還款日 期延長至2027年3月31日,且 本金總額人民幣130,000,000元 的年利率維持12.0%,而另一筆 本金額為人民幣27,000,000元的 貸款仍為免息。

於報告期末,上述來自關聯公司的貸款及相應利息開支的進一步詳情,分別載於財務報表附註30及8。

#### (b) 與一間聯營公司的交易

年內,本集團向一間聯營公司購買全 面營銷服務並產生成本人民幣 47,541,000元(2024年:無)。截至報 告期末,預付服務費金額為人民幣 12,077,000元(2024年:無),已計入 財務報表附註23所載的預付款項結 餘。該等交易乃根據有關各方協定的 條款進行。

年內,本集團向一間聯營公司提供建 立聯絡服務系統及中心的服務並產生 收入人民幣1,460,000元(2024年: 無)。本次交易乃根據有關各方協定的 條款進行。



#### 31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

# (c) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

The directors and chief executives of the Company are the key management personnel of the Group. Details of their remuneration are disclosed in note 9 to the financial statements.

#### **37. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT**

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged for the years ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

The Company's directors review the capital structure on a periodical basis. As part of the review, the Company's directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the Company's directors, the Group balances its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues and share buy-backs as well as the issue of new debts or the redemption of existing debt.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is interest-bearing bank and other borrowings divided by the capital which is the total equity of the Group. The gearing ratios at the end of the reporting periods were as follows:

#### 36. 關聯方交易(續)

(c) 本集團主要管理層人員的酬金

本公司董事及最高行政人員為本集團 主要管理層人員。其薪酬之詳情披露 於財務報表附註9。

#### 37. 資本管理

本集團管理其資本以確保本集團實體能夠繼續持續經營,同時透過優化債務及權益結餘為股東提供最高回報。於截至2025年3月31日及2024年3月31日止年度,本集團的整體策略維持不變。

本公司董事定期檢討資本結構。作為審查的 一部分,本公司董事考慮了資本成本以及與 各類資本相關的風險。根據本公司董事的推 薦意見,本集團透過派付股息、發行新股及 回購股份以及發行新債或贖回現有債務等方 式平衡其整體資本結構。

本集團使用負債比率監控資本,負債比率按 計息銀行及其他借款除以資本(即本集團權 益總額)計算。於報告期末的負債比率如下:

		2025年	2024年
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings <i>(RMB'000)</i> Total equity <i>(RMB'000)</i>	計息銀行及其他借款 <i>(人民幣千元)</i> 權益總額 <i>(人民幣千元)</i>	234,644 617,649	198,044 820,691
Gearing ratio	負債比率	38.0%	24.1%



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 38. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORIES

#### 38. 按類別劃分的金融工具

於報告期末,各類金融工具的賬面值如下:

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

#### **Financial assets**

2025

#### 金融資產

2025年

		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss — mandatorily designated as such upon initial	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income — equity	Financial assets at	
		recognition 按公平值 計入損益的 金融資產一 強制於初步 確認後指定為	investments 按公平值計入 其他全面收益	amortised cost 按攤銷成本	Total
		<sup>证 認 後 指 上 為</sup> 按公平值計入	兵他主面收量 的金融資產 <b>一</b>	<sub>び運動风</sub> 本 計量的	
		損益的金融資產 <i>RMB′000</i> <i>人民幣千元</i>	權益投資 <i>RMB'000</i> <i>人民幣千元</i>	金融資產 <i>RMB'000</i> <i>人民幣千元</i>	總計 <b>RMB′000</b> 人民幣千元
Equity investments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income	指定為按公平值計入其他 全面收益的權益投資	_	_	_	_
Financial assets at fair value through	按公平值計入損益的金融				
profit or loss	資產	-	-	-	-
Accounts receivable Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables	應收賬款 列入預付款項、其他應收 款項及其他資產的金融	-	-	537,343	537,343
and other assets	資產	-	-	36,716	36,716
Restricted cash	受限制現金	-	-	11	11
Pledged deposits	質押存款	-	-	6,122	6,122
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	-	-	104,758	104,758
		-	-	684,950	684,950



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 38. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORIES (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

2024

### 38. 按類別劃分的金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

2024年

Financial assets at fair value through Financial profit or assets at fair loss — value through mandatorily other designated as comprehensive such upon income — Financial initial equity assets at recognition investments amortised cost 按公平值 計入損益的	Total
value through Financial profit or assets at fair loss	Total
profit or assets at fair loss	Total
loss — value through mandatorily other designated as comprehensive such upon income — Financial initial equity assets at recognition investments amortised cost 按公平值	Total
mandatorily other designated as comprehensive such upon income — Financial initial equity assets at recognition investments amortised cost 按公平值	Total
designated as comprehensive such upon income — Financial initial equity assets at recognition investments amortised cost 按公平值	Total
such upon income — Financial initial equity assets at recognition investments amortised cost 按公平值	Total
initial equity assets at recognition investments amortised cost 按公平值	Total
recognition investments amortised cost 按公平值	Total
按公平值	Total
計入損益的	
金融資產 —	
強制於初步 按公平值計入	
確認後指定為 其他全面收益 按攤銷成本	
按公平值計入 的金融資產 — 計量的	
損益的金融資產權益投資	總計
RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RM	IB'000
人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民	將千元
Equity investments designated 指定為按公平值計入其他	
at fair value through other 全面收益的權益投資	
comprehensive income – – – –	-
Financial assets at fair value through 按公平值計入損益的金融	
profit or loss 資產 4,812	4,812
	8,208
Financial assets included in 列入預付款項、其他應收	
prepayments, other receivables 款項及其他資產的金融	
	7,980
Restricted cash 受限制現金 – 594	594
Pledged deposits	3,157
	2,673
4,812 - 812,612 8	7,424



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

# **38. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY**

#### 38. 按類別劃分的金融工具(續)

**CATEGORIES** (Continued)

**Financial liabilities** 

#### 金融負債

	Financial liabilities at amortised cost 按攤銷成本計量的金融負債		
	2025年 <i>RMB′000</i> 人民幣千元	2024年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	
應付賬款	9,334	28,639	
計入其他應付款項及應計費用的			
金融負債	20,539	23,699	
應付代價	-	28,038	
計息銀行及其他借款			
	234,644	198,044	
租賃負債	69,186	67,468	
	計入其他應付款項及應計費用的 金融負債 應付代價 計息銀行及其他借款	<ul> <li>按攤銷成本計量</li> <li>2025年</li> <li><i>RMB'000</i></li> <li>人民幣千元</li> <li>0,334</li> <li>計入其他應付款項及應計費用的</li> <li>金融負債</li> <li>20,539</li> <li>應付代價</li> <li>計息銀行及其他借款</li> <li>234,644</li> </ul>	



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 39. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY 39. 金融工具之公平值及公平值層級 OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's financial instruments, other than those with carrying amounts that reasonably approximate to fair values, are as follows:

本集團金融工具(賬面值與公平值合理相若 者除外)的賬面值及公平值如下:

		Carrying amounts 賬面值		Fair values 公平值		
		2025年	2024年	<b>2025</b> 年	2024年	
		RMB'000	<i>RMB'000</i>	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Financial assets	金融資產					
Equity investments designated	指定為按公平值計入					
at fair value through other	其他全面收益的					
comprehensive income	權益投資	-	_	-	_	
Financial assets at fair value	按公平值計入損益的					
through profit or loss	金融資產	-	4,812	-	4,812	
Non-current portion of pledged	質押存款的非流動					
deposits	部分	2,865	-	2,646	-	
Non-current portion of deposits	按金及應收款項的					
and receivables	非流動部分	6,135	3,750	5,604	3,359	
		9,000	8,562	8,250	8,171	
Financial liabilities	金融負債					
Interest-bearing bank and	計息銀行及其他借款					
other borrowings		234,644	198,044	217,202	198,044	

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, current portion of pledged deposits, accounts receivable, current portion of financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets, accounts payable, current portion of financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals, and current portion of interest-bearing bank and other borrowings approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments. 管理層已評估現金及現金等價物、受限制現 金、質押存款的流動部分、應收賬款、計入 預付款項的金融資產流動部分、其他應收款 項及其他資產、應付賬款、計入其他應付款 項及應計費用的金融負債流動部分以及計息 銀行及其他借款的流動部分的公平值與其賬 面值相若,主要由於該等工具的到期日較短。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 39. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

The fair values of non-current portion of financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets, non-current portion of pledged deposits, and non-current portion of interest-bearing bank and other borrowings have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities.

The fair values of unlisted equity investments at 31 March 2024 had been estimated using a market approach. The key assumptions applied in the calculation using a market-based valuation technique were the comparable companies, price to sales ("P/S") multiples and discount of lack of marketability ("DLOM"). Comparable companies were actively traded in stock market and the multiples were publicly available. Also, to adjust the fair value difference between a publicly traded company and a private company, an independent valuer engaged by the Group had applied the option price model to estimate the DLOM. The directors of the Company believed that the estimated fair values resulting from the valuation techniques, which were recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position, and the related changes in fair values, which were recorded in profit or loss, were reasonable, and that they were the most appropriate values at 31 March 2024.

In the event when the Group had been negotiating with the counterparty during the year ended 31 March 2024 and subsequently entered into a formal legal contractual disposal agreement with that counterparty, the contract selling price, which was similar to the negotiating price, was deemed to be the fair value of the unlisted equity investment at 31 March 2024.

# 39. 金融工具之公平值及公平值層級

金融資產及負債的公平值乃按自願方在當前 交易(強制或清盤出售除外)中可交換該工具 的金額入賬。以下方法及假設用於估計公平 值:

計入預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產的 金融資產的非流動部分、質押存款的非流動 部分,以及計息銀行及其他借款的非流動部 分的公平值,乃根據類似條款、信貸風險及 剩餘到期日的工具的現有利率折現預期未來 現金流量計算。

非上市權益投資之公平值於2024年3月31 日已採用市場法估計。採用以市場為基礎的 估值技術計算時所應用的主要假設為可資比 較公司、市銷率(「市銷率」)倍數及缺乏市場 流通性折讓(「缺乏市場流通性折讓」)。可資 比較公司在股票市場上交易活躍,其倍數可 公開獲得。此外,為調整上市公司與私人公 司之間的公平值差異,本集團委聘的獨立估 值師已應用期權價格模型估計缺乏市場流通 性折讓。本公司董事相信,於2024年3月 31日,估值技術所得出列賬於綜合財務狀況 表的估計公平值及列賬於損益的相關公平值 變動屬合理,且為最合適的價值。

倘本集團於截至2024年3月31日止年度一 直與交易對手磋商並隨後與該交易對手訂立 正式法定合約出售協議,則與磋商價格相若 的合約售價被視為非上市股權投資於2024 年3月31日的公平值。



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued) 39. 金融工具之 (續)

#### Fair value hierarchy

The following tables illustrate the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's financial instruments:

Assets measured at fair value:

#### As at 31 March 2025

# 39. 金融工具之公平值及公平值層級

#### 公平值層級

下表列示本集團金融工具的公平值計量層 級:

按公平值計量的資產:

於2025年3月31日

		Fair valu 使用以	nt using 值計量		
		Quoted prices in active markets	Significant observable inputs	Significant unobservable inputs	
		(Level 1) 活躍 市場報價	(Level 2) 重大可觀察 輸入數據	(Level 3) 重大不可觀察 輸入數據	Total
		(第一層級) <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	(第二層級) (第二層級) <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	(第三層級) <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	總計 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Equity investments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income	指定為按公平值計入 其他全面收益的 權益投資				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值計入損益的 金融資產	-	-	-	-
		-	_	-	-



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### **39. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

39. 金融工具之公平值及公平值層級

Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

## 公平值層級(續) 於2024年3月31日

#### As at 31 March 2024

_	5	ue measurement 下數據的公平值			
-	Significant	Significant observable	Quoted prices in active		
	inputs	inputs	markets		
Total	(Level 3)	(Level 2)	(Level 1)		
	重大不可觀察	重大可觀察	活躍		
	輸入數據	輸入數據	市場報價		
總計	(第三層級)	(第二層級)	(第一層級)		
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000		
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元		
				指定為按公平值計入 其他全面收益的	Equity investments designated at fair value through other
_	_	_	_	權益投資	comprehensive income
				按公平值計入損益的	Financial assets at fair value
4,812	4,812	_		金融資產	through profit or loss
4,812	4,812	_	_		

The movements in fair value measurements within Level 3 during the year are as follows:

於年內,第三級公平值計量之變動如下:

		<b>2025</b> 年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2024年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Equity investments designated at fair value though other comprehensive income	指定為按公平值計入其他全面 收益的權益投資		
At 1 April	於4月1日	-	300
Disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司	-	(300)
At 31 March	於3月31日	-	_



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 39. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued) (續)

- . . . . .

39. 金融工具之公平值及公平值層級

Fair value hierarchy (Continued)	公半值	<b>層級</b> (續)			
		2025年 <i>RMB′000</i> 人民幣千元	2024年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元		
Financial assets at fair value though profit or loss	按公平值計入損益的金融資產				
At 1 April	於4月1日	4,812	7,116		
Total losses recognised in profit or loss	於損益確認的虧損總額	(3,729)	(1,247)		
Disposals	出售	(1,083)	-		
Reclassified to other receivable	重新分類至其他應收款項		(1,057)		
At 31 March	於3月31日	-	4,812		

During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 for both financial assets and financial liabilities (2024: Nil).

As at 31 March 2025, the Group's non-current portion of financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets, and non-current portion of pledged time deposits for which the fair value are disclosed as RMB5,604,000 and RMB2,646,000 (2024: RMB3,359,000 and Nil) are categorised within Level 2 (2024: Level 2), and the Group's non-current portion of interest-bearing bank and other borrowings for which fair values are disclosed as RMB192,330,000 (2024: RMB 198,044,000), are categorised within Level 2 (2024: Level 2).

年內,金融資產及金融負債的公平值計量並 無於第一級與第二級之間轉移,亦無轉入或 轉出第三級(2024年:無)。

於2025年3月31日,公平值分別披露為人 民幣5,604,000元及人民幣2,646,000元(2024 年:人民幣3,359,000元及零)的本集團計入 預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產的金融 資產的非流動部分以及質押定期存款的非流 動部分分類為第二級(2024年:第二級), 而公平值披露為人民幣192,330,000元(2024 年:人民幣198,044,000元)的本集團計息銀 行及其他借款的非流動部分分類為第二級 (2024年:第二級)。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's risk associated with its major financial instruments include credit risk, liquidity risk, foreign currency risk and interest rate risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner. There has been no change to the types of the Group's exposure in respect of financial instruments or the manner in which it manages and measures the risks.

#### **Credit risk**

Before accepting any new customer, the Group uses an internal credit scoring system to assess the potential customer's credit quality and defines credit limits by customer. Limits and scoring attributed to customers are reviewed twice a year. Other monitoring procedures are in place to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. The Group's major customers are mostly reputable large entities.

The Group has concentration of credit risk as 39% (2024: 36%) of the total accounts receivable was due from the Group's largest debtor and 74% (2024: 83%) of the total accounts receivable was due from the Group's top five debtors as at 31 March 2025.

At the end of each reporting period, the carrying amount of the financial assets of the Group as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position best represent their respective amounts of the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which could cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties.

#### 40. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團與其主要金融工具相關的風險包括信 貸風險、流動資金風險、外幣風險及利率風 險。以下列出如何減輕該等風險的政策。管 理層對該等風險進行管理及監控,以確保及 時有效地採取適當措施。本集團就金融工具 所承擔風險之種類或其管理及計量風險之方 式概無變動。

#### 信貸風險

在接受任何新客戶之前,本集團會採用內部 信貸評分系統評估潛在客戶的信貸質素,並 界定該客戶的信貸額度。授予客戶之信貸額 度及評分每年檢討兩次。其他監控程序已予 部署,以確保採取跟進行動收回逾期債務。 本集團的主要客戶大多數為信譽良好的大型 實體。

於2025年3月31日,由於應收賬款總額之 39%(2024年:36%)來自本集團最大債務 人及應收賬款總額之74%(2024年:83%) 來自本集團五大債務人,故本集團擁有集中 信貸風險。

於各報告期末,本集團於綜合財務狀況表呈 列的金融資產的賬面值最能表示因對手方未 能履行責任而將令本集團蒙受財務損失的最 高信貸風險之相應金額。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

#### Financial assets subject to external credit rating

Credit risk on bank balances is limited because the counterparties are reputable banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit agencies. The Group assessed 12-month ECL for bank balances by reference to information relating to probability of default and loss given default of the respective credit rating grades published by external credit rating agencies. Based on the average loss rates, the 12-month ECL for bank balances is considered to be insignificant.

#### Financial assets subject to internal credit rating

In order to minimise the credit risk for accounts receivable, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, accounts receivable are generally grouped under a provision matrix according to internal credit risk grading assessment based on shared credit risk characteristics by reference to factors, such as repayment histories and current past due exposure. In addition, the Group performs impairment assessment under expected credit loss model for each reporting period.

For financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets, the management of the Group makes periodic collective assessments as well as individual assessment on the recoverability of receivables based on historical settlement records and past experience.

#### 40. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

#### 接受外部信貸評級之金融資產

由於該等對手方為獲國際信貸機構授予高信 貸評級且信譽良好的銀行,因此銀行結餘之 信貸風險有限。本集團經參考外部信用評級 機構發佈相關信貸評級等級有關違約機率及 違約虧損的資料評估銀行結餘的12個月預 期信貸虧損。根據平均虧損率,銀行結餘的 12個月預期信貸虧損被視為不重大。

#### 接受內部信貸評級之金融資產

為盡量減低應收賬款之信貸風險,本集團管 理層已指派一支團隊負責釐定信貸額度、信 貸批核及其他監控程序,以確保採取跟進行 動收回逾期債務。此外,應收賬款一般參考 還款記錄及現時逾期風險等因素,根據基於 共享信貸風險特徵作出的內部信貸風險評級 評估於撥備矩陣下進行分組。此外,本集團 於各報告期間根據預期信貸虧損模式進行減 值評估。

就計入預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產 的金融資產而言,本集團管理層基於歷史償 付記錄及過往經驗,定期共同及個別評估應 收款項的可收回性。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

# **Financial assets subject to internal credit rating** (Continued)

The Group's internal credit risk grading assessment comprises the following categories:

#### 40. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

接受內部信貸評級之金融資產(續)

本集團的內部信貸風險評級評估包括以下 類別:

Category 類別	<b>Description</b> 説明	Accounts receivable 應收賬款	Other receivables 其他應收款項
Low risk	The counterparty has a low risk of default and does not have any past-due amounts	Lifetime ECL — not credit-impaired	12-month ECL
低風險	對手方的違約風險較低,且並無任何逾期款項	全期預期信貸虧損 一 並無信貸減值	12個月預期信貸虧損
Watch list	The counterparty frequently repays after due dates but usually settle in full	Lifetime ECL — not credit-impaired	12-month ECL
觀察名單	對手方經常於到期日後還款,惟通常悉數清償	全期預期信貸虧損 一 並無信貸減值	12個月預期信貸虧損
Doubtful	There have been significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition through information developed internally or external resources	Lifetime ECL — not credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL — not credit-impaired
存疑	透過內部編製的資料或外部來源顯示信貸風險 自初步確認以來顯著增加	全期預期信貸虧損 一 並無信貸減值	全期預期信貸虧損 一 並無信貸減值
Loss	There is evidence indicating that the asset is credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL — credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL — credit-impaired
虧損	有證據顯示資產出現信貸減值	全期預期信貸虧損 一 信貸減值	全期預期信貸虧損 一 信貸減值



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### Credit risk (Continued)

The table below details the credit risk exposures of the Group's financial assets which are subject to ECL assessment:

#### 40. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險(續)

下表詳列本集團須進行預期信貸虧損評估的 金融資產的信貸風險:

#### As at 31 March 2025

#### 於2025年3月31日

		External		Internal cro 內部信	-		
		credit rating	Low risk	Watch list	Doubtful	Loss	Total
		外部信貸評級	低風險	觀察名單	存疑	虧損	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	104,758*	-	-	-	-	104,758
Pledged deposits	質押存款	6,122*	-	-	-	-	6,122
Restricted cash	受限制現金	11*	-	-	-	-	11
Accounts receivable	應收賬款						
Gross amount	總額	-	443,287	73,041	28,386	24,294	569,008
Loss allowance	虧損撥備	-	(106)	(325)	(6,940)	(24,294)	(31,665)
		-	443,181	72,716	21,446	-	537,343
Other receivables	其他應收款項						
Gross amount	總額	-	36,744	-	-	35,712	72,456
Loss allowance	虧損撥備	-	(28)	-	-	(35,712)	(35,740)
		-	36,716	-	-	-	36,716
Total	總計	110,891	479,897	72,716	21,446	-	684,950
							• • • •
Average loss rate	平均虧損率	-	0.03%	0.44%	24.45%	100%	



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### 40. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

Credit risk (Continued)

### 信貸風險(續)

#### As at 31 March 2024

於2024年3月31日

		External	Internal credit rating 內部信貸評級				_
		credit rating	Low risk	Watch list	Doubtful	Loss	Total
		外部信貸評級	低風險	觀察名單	存疑	虧損	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	82,673*	_	-	-	_	82,673
Pledged deposits	質押存款	3,157*	-	-	-	-	3,157
Restricted cash	受限制現金	594*	-	-	-	-	594
Accounts receivable	應收賬款						
Gross amount	總額	-	491,998	172,606	15,767	339	680,710
Loss allowance	虧損撥備		(497)	(6,232)	(5,434)	(339)	(12,502)
		-	491,501	166,374	10,333	_	668,208
Other receivables	其他應收款項						
Gross amount	總額	-	54,256	-	8,230	27,130	89,616
Loss allowance	虧損撥備	-	(391)	-	(4,115)	(27,130)	(31,636)
		-	53,865	-	4,115	_	57,980
Total	總計	86,424	545,366	166,374	14,448	_	812,612
Average loss rate	平均虧損率	-	0.16%	3.61%	39.79%	100%	

\*

\* The Group's major bank balances are deposited at banks with investment grade according to The Standard & Poor's rating.

本集團的主要銀行結餘存放於標準普爾評級為投 資級別的銀行。



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### Credit risk (Continued)

The loss rates are estimated based on historical observed default rates over the expected life of the debtors, adjusted for forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort, and with reference to the ageing categories and characteristics of individual debtors. The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure relevant information about specific debtors is updated.

The following table shows a movement of ECL that has been recognised for accounts receivable under the simplified approach:

#### 40. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險(續)

虧損率乃根據債務人於預計年期內的過往已 觀察違約率估計,就毋須耗費過多成本或努 力即可獲得的前瞻性資料作出調整,並參考 個別債務人的賬齡類別及特徵。管理層會定 期檢討分組,以確保有關特定債務人的相關 資料已更新。

下表列示已根據簡化法就應收賬款予以確認 的預期信貸虧損的變動:

		Lifetime ECL (not credit impaired) 全期預期 信貸虧損	Lifetime ECL (credit impaired) 全期預期 信貸虧損	Total
		(並無信貸減值)	(信貸減值)	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 31 March 2023 and	於2023年3月31日及			
1 April 2023	2023年4月1日	6,290	339	6,629
Provision of ECL	預期信貸虧損撥備	5,953	_	5,953
Disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司	(80)		(80)
At 31 March 2024 and	於2024年3月31日及			
1 April 2024	2024年4月1日	12,163	339	12,502
Provision of ECL	預期信貸虧損撥備	19,163	-	19,163
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日	31,326	339	31,665



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### Credit risk (Continued)

The following table shows a movement of ECL that has been recognised for financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets:

#### 40. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險(續)

下表列示已就計入預付款項、其他應收款項 及其他資產的金融資產確認的預期信貸虧損 之變動:

		12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL (not credit impaired) 全期預期 信貸虧損	Lifetime ECL (credit impaired) 全期預期	Total
		<b>12</b> 個月預期	(並無信貸	信貸虧損	
		信貸虧損	減值)	(信貸減值)	總計
		RMB'000	<i>RMB'000</i>	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 31 March 2023 and	於2023年3月31日及				
1 April 2023	2023年4月1日	23	1,568	21,928	23,519
Provision of ECL	預期信貸虧損撥備	368	2,547	10,152	13,067
Disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司	_		(4,950)	(4,950)
At 31 March 2024 and	於2024年3月31日及				
1 April 2024	2024年4月1日	391	4,115	27,130	31,636
Provision/(reversal of	預期信貸虧損		.,		,
provision) of ECL	撥備/(撥備撥回)	(363)	(4,115)	8,582	4,104
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日	28	-	35,712	35,740



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments to be made on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay, is as follows:

#### As at 31 March 2025

#### 40. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 流動資金風險

為管理流動資金風險,本集團監察及維持管 理層認為充足的現金及現金等價物水平,以 為本集團營運提供資金及降低現金流量波動 影響。

於報告期末,本集團金融負債的到期情況(根 據本集團可能須付款的最早日期將作出的合 約未貼現付款得出)如下:

#### 於2025年3月31日

		Less than 1 year or	Over 1 year and less	Over	
			than 5 years	5 years	Total
		少於1年 或按要求 <i>RMB'000</i>	超過1年 及少於5年 <i>RMB'000</i>	超過5年 <i>RMB'000</i>	總計 <i>RMB'000</i>
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Accounts payable	應付賬款	9,334	-	-	9,334
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals Interest-bearing bank and	計入其他應付款項及 應計費用的金融負債 計息銀行及其他借款	20,539	-	-	20,539
other borrowings		26,149	239,844	_	265,993
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	29,043	45,544	77	74,664
		85,065	285,388	77	370,530



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### 40. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

#### As at 31 March 2024

流動資金風險(續)

#### 於2024年3月31日

		Less than	Over 1 year		
		1 year or	and less		
		on demand	than 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
		少於1年	超過1年		
		或按要求	及少於5年	超過5年	總計
		RMB'000	<i>RMB'000</i>	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Accounts payable	應付賬款	28,639	_	_	28,639
Financial liabilities included in	計入其他應付款項及				
other payables and accruals	應計費用的金融負債	23,699	-	-	23,699
Consideration payables	應付代價	28,038	-	_	28,038
Interest-bearing bank and	計息銀行及其他借款				
other borrowings		213,825	-	-	213,825
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	30,313	49,669	553	80,535
		324,514	49,669	553	374,736



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### Foreign currency risk

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk is mainly attributable to those financial assets included in cash and cash equivalents and financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals denominated in the currencies other than the functional currency of the entity to which they related. The management manages and monitors this exposure to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

#### 40. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 外幣風險

本集團面臨的外幣風險主要來自以相關實體 功能貨幣以外的貨幣計值的計入現金及現金 等價物的金融資產以及計入其他應付款項及 應計費用的金融負債。管理層管理並監控此 風險,以確保及時有效地採取適當措施。

於報告期末,本集團以外幣計值的貨幣資產 及貨幣負債的賬面值如下:

		202	2025年		4年
		Assets	Assets Liabilities		Liabilities
		資產	負債	資產	負債
		RMB'000	RMB'000	<i>RMB'000</i>	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
United States Dollars	美元	33	2	1,812	2
Hong Kong Dollars	港元	1,352	860	6,999	860
		1,385	862	8,811	862



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### Foreign currency risk (Continued)

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity at the end of the reporting period to a reasonably possible change in the functional currencies' exchange rates of respective entities, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's loss before tax arising from the monetary assets and monetary liabilities denominated in the currencies other than the functional currency of the entity to which they related.

#### 40. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 外幣風險(續)

下表列示於報告期末在所有其他變數維持不 變的情況下,以相關實體功能貨幣以外的貨 幣計值的貨幣資產及貨幣負債所產生的本集 團除税前虧損對相關實體功能貨幣匯率之合 理可能變動的敏感度。

		Increase/	2025	2024
		(decrease) in	Increase/	Increase/
		functional	(decrease) in	(decrease) in
		currencies'	loss before	loss before
		exchange rates	tax	tax
			2025年	2024年
		功能貨幣匯率	除税前虧損	除税前虧損
		上升/(下降)	增加/(減少)	增加/(減少)
		%	RMB'000	RMB'000
		%	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
United States Dollars	美元	5	(2)	(90)
	,,,,,	(5)	2	90
Hong Kong Dollars	港元	5	(25)	(307)
		(5)	25	307

#### Interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of interest rates on bank balances. The Group's interest-bearing bank and other borrowings were not at floating rate.

The directors of the Company consider the interest rate risk in relation to variable-rate bank balances is insignificant and therefore no sensitivity analysis on such risk has been prepared.

#### 利率風險

本集團的利率風險主要集中於銀行結餘產生 的利率波動。本集團的計息銀行及其他借款 並非按浮動利率計息。

本公司董事認為與浮息銀行結餘有關的利率 風險並不重大,故並無就該等風險編製敏感 度分析。



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

# 41. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY

41. 本公司的附屬公司詳情

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

於報告期末,本公司主要附屬公司之詳情如下:

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 註冊成立/註冊及 營運地點	Issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行 普通/註冊股本	Percentage attributabl Compa 本公司應 百分	e to the any 佔權益	Principal activities 主要業務
			<b>2025</b> 年	2024年	
KingNine Holdings Limited	Cayman Islands	US\$1,548	100	100	Investment holding
KingNine Holdings Limited	開曼群島	1,548美元	100	100	投資控股
ingwisoft Technology Co., Ltd.	PRC/Mainland China	US\$10,000,000	100	100	Investment holding
全慧融智科技有限公司	中國/中國內地	10,000,000美元	100	100	投資控股
Dalian Kingwisoft Technology Co., Ltd. ("DaLian Kingwisoft")	PRC/Mainland China	RMB100,000,000	100	100	Provision of back-office services
★連金慧融智科技股份有限公司 (「大連金慧」)	中國/中國內地	人民幣100,000,000元	100	100	提供後台服務
henzhen Kingwisoft Data Services Co., Ltd.*	PRC/Mainland China	RMB33,500,000	100	100	Provision of data centre services
深圳市金慧融智數據服務有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣33,500,000元	100	100	提供數據中心服務
alian Nanyou Information Technology Co., Ltd.*	PRC/Mainland China	RMB10,000,000	100	100	Provision of back-office services
< 連南郵信息技術有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣10,000,000元	100	100	提供後台服務
alian Kingwisoft Internet Service Outsourcing Co., Ltd.*	PRC/Mainland China	RMB10,000,000	100	100	Provision of back-office services
、建金慧融智網絡服務外包有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣10,000,000元	100	100	提供後台服務
uyang Kingwisoft Technology Co., Ltd.*	PRC/Mainland China	RMB10,000,000	100	100	Provision of back-office services
業陽金慧融智科技有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣10,000,000元	100	100	提供後台服務



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### **41.** PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE **41.** 本公司的附屬公司詳情(續) **COMPANY** (Continued)

Name	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 註冊成立/註冊及	Issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行	Percentage attributabl Comp 本公司應	e to the any 佔權益	Principal activities
名稱	營運地點	普通/註冊股本	百分 <b>2025</b> 年	比 2024年	主要業務
Sichuan Suixin Technology Co., Ltd.*	PRC/Mainland China	RMB10,000,000	100	100	Provision of back-office services
四川遂新科技有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣10,000,000元	100	100	提供後台服務
Kunshan Kingwisoft Information Technology Co., Ltd.*	PRC/Mainland China	RMB10,000,000	100	100	Provision of back-office services
昆山金慧信息科技有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣10,000,000元	100	100	提供後台服務
Chengdu Kingwisoft Data Services Co., Ltd.*	PRC/Mainland China	RMB10,000,000	100	100	Provision of back-office services
成都金慧融智數據服務有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣10,000,000元	100	100	提供後台服務
Pingxiang Kingwisoft Technology Co., Ltd.*	PRC/Mainland China	RMB10,000,000	100	100	Provision of back-office services
萍鄉金慧融智科技有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣10,000,000元	100	100	提供後台服務
Xiangyang Kingwisoft Internet Technology Co., Ltd.*	PRC/Mainland China	RMB10,000,000	100	100	Provision of back-office services
襄陽金慧互联網科技有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣10,000,000元	100	100	提供後台服務
Puyang Qinglv Technology Co., Ltd.*	PRC/Mainland China	RMB1,000,000	100	100	Provision of back-office services
濮陽青綠科技有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣1,000,000元	100	100	提供後台服務
Mianyang Kingwisoft Internet Service Co., Ltd.*	PRC/Mainland China	RMB10,000,000	100	100	Provision of back-office services
綿陽金慧互聯網服務有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣10,000,000元	100	100	提供後台服務
Beijing Hui Future Technology Co., Ltd.*	PRC/Mainland China	RMB10,000,000	100	100	Provision of comprehensive marketing and agency services
北京慧未來科技有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣10,000,000元	100	100	提供全面營銷及代理服務
* These are subsidiaries of DaLian	Kingwisoft.		* 該等公	司為大連金調	慧的附屬公司。



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

# 41. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

Except for KingNine Holdings Limited, the equity interests of the above principal subsidiaries are indirectly held by the Company.

The English name of the above principal subsidiaries registered in the PRC are for identification purpose only.

The subsidiaries listed in the above table are, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

#### **Contractual arrangements**

DaLian Kingwisoft and its subsidiaries (collectively the "DaLian Kingwisoft Group"), which are among the entities acquired in the acquisition transaction completed on 15 October 2020, engage in business of provision of value-added telecommunications services that is subject to restrictions imposed by relevant PRC laws on foreign investors of foreign-invested telecommunication enterprises which engage in the provision of value-added telecommunications services.

Due to such restrictions under the relevant PRC laws, and as advised by the PRC legal adviser of the Company, it was not viable for KingNine to directly hold any equity ownership in the DaLian Kingwisoft Group. Instead, KingNine, in line with common practice in industries in the PRC subject to restrictions imposed by the PRC laws on relevant foreign investors and/or foreign ownership on foreign-invested enterprises, achieves effective control over, and receives the entire economic benefits generated by the DaLian Kingwisoft Group through a series of contractual agreements entered between Kingwisoft Technology Co., Ltd. (the "WFOE"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of KingNine established as a wholly-foreign-owned enterprise in the PRC, on one hand, and each of the DaLian Kingwisoft and its registered shareholders, on the other hand (the "Contractual Arrangements").

#### 41. 本公司的附屬公司詳情(續)

除KingNine Holdings Limited外,上述主要 附屬公司之股權均由本公司間接持有。

上述於中國註冊的主要附屬公司的英文名稱 僅供識別。

本公司董事認為,上表所列附屬公司主要影響本年度業績或構成本集團資產淨值之主要 部分。而倘提供其他附屬公司詳情,董事認 為則會使資料過於冗長。

#### 合約安排

大連金慧及其附屬公司(統稱「大連金慧集 團」)為於2020年10月15日完成的收購交易 中收購的實體之一,其從事提供增值電信服 務業務,並且受有關中國法律對從事提供增 值電信服務的外商投資電信企業的外國投資 者的限制。

由於相關中國法律項下的有關限制及誠如本 公司的中國法律顧問所告知,KingNine直接 持有大連金慧集團的任何股權並不切實可 行。相反,遵循受中國法律對相關外國投資 者及/或外資企業的外資所有權施加之限制 所規限的中國行業一般慣例,KingNine透過 金慧融智科技有限公司(「外商獨資企業」, KingNine於中國成立為外商獨資企業」, KingNine於中國成立為外商獨資企業」的間接 附屬公司)與各大連金慧及其登記股東訂立 的一系列合約安排(「合約安排」)取得對大連 金慧集團的實際控制權,並獲取大連金慧集 團產生的全部經濟利益。



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

# 41. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

#### Contractual arrangements (Continued)

As a result of the Contractual Arrangements, the Group has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the DaLian Kingwisoft Group, has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the DaLian Kingwisoft Group, and is considered to have control over the DaLian Kingwisoft Group. Consequently, the DaLian Kingwisoft Group is considered to be subsidiaries of the Group and the financial statements of the DaLian Kingwisoft Group are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements from 15 October 2020.

However, there are uncertainties regarding the interpretation and application of current and future PRC laws and regulations which could affect the Company's ability to exercise control over the DaLian Kingwisoft Group, its right to receive substantially all of the economic interest generated by the DaLian Kingwisoft Group, and its ability to consolidate the financial results of the DaLian Kingwisoft Group into the Group's consolidated financial statements. The Company believes that, based on the legal opinion obtained from the Company's PRC legal adviser, the Contractual Arrangements are legally binding and enforceable and do not violate current PRC laws and regulations.

#### 41. 本公司的附屬公司詳情(續)

#### 合約安排(續)

由於合約安排,本集團有權享有參與大連金 慧集團所得的可變回報,並有能力透過其對 大連金慧集團的權力影響該等回報,因此被 視為控制大連金慧集團。因此,大連金慧集 團被視為本集團附屬公司,且大連金慧集團 的財務報表自2020年10月15日起併入本集 團綜合財務報表內。

然而,現行及未來中國法律及法規的詮釋及 應用存在不明朗因素,可能影響本公司行使 對大連金慧集團控制權的能力、本公司實質 上收取大連金慧集團產生的全部經濟利益的 權利,及本公司將大連金慧集團的財務業績 併入本集團綜合財務報表的能力。本公司認 為,基於向本公司中國法律顧問徵得的法律 意見,合約安排具有法律約束力,可強制執 行且並無違反現行中國法律及法規。



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 42. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF 42. 本公司財務狀況表 THE COMPANY

Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

本公司於報告期末之財務狀況表資料如下:

		<b>2025</b> 年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2024年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產		
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之投資	42,952	153,058
Due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	_	25
Property and equipment	物業及設備	25	38
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額	42,977	153,121
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產		
Prepayments and other receivables	預付款項及其他應收款項	349	380
Due from a subsidiary	應收一間附屬公司款項	75,556	51,701
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	1,092	3,994
Total current assets	流動資產總額	76,997	56,075
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債		
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	3,456	3,125
Consideration payables	應付代價	-	28,038
Interest-bearing bank and other	計息銀行及其他借款		
borrowings		21,000	_
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額	24,456	31,163
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值	52,541	24,912
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	總資產減流動負債	95,518	178,033
Net assets	資產淨值	95,518	178,033
EQUITY	權益		
Share capital	股本	40,442	40,442
Reserves	儲備	55,076	137,591
Total equity	權益總額	95,518	178,033



31 March 2025 2025 年 3 月 31 日

#### 42. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

A summary of the Company's reserves is as follows:

42. 本公司財務狀況表(續)

本公司儲備概要如下:

		Share premium account 股份溢價賬 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Translation reserve 匯兑儲備 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>Total</b> 總計 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
At 1 April 2023 Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	於2023年4月1日 年內虧損及全面虧損 總額	1,124,851	41,244	(734,082)	432,013
At 31 March 2024 and 1 April 2024 Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	総 総  於2024年3月31日及 2024年4月1日 年內虧損及全面虧損 總額	 1,124,851 _	41,244	(1,028,504) (82,515)	(294,422) 137,591 (82,515)
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日	1,124,851	41,244	(1,111,019)	55,076

#### **43. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

43. 批准財務報表

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 26 June 2025.

該等財務報表已於2025年6月26日獲董事 會批准及授權刊發。



# Five Years' Financial Summary 五年財務概要

A summary of the results and of the assets, liabilities and noncontrolling interests of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the published audited financial statements and restated as appropriate, is set out below. 本集團於過去五個財政年度之業績及資產、負債 及非控股權益摘要(乃摘錄自已刊發之經審核財務 報表,並經重列(如適用))載於下文。

		Year ended 31 March 截至3月31日止年度					
		2025年	2024年	2023年	2022年	2021年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
RESULTS	業績						
Revenue	收入	1,240,654	1,240,904	888,622	734,021	264,368	
Profit/(loss) before tax	除税前溢利/(虧損)	(207,063)	(199,917)	(226.056)	84,016	41,339	
Income tax credit/(expense)	际税机温利/(面預) 所得税抵免/(開支)	(207,003) 3,680	(199,917) (5,030)	(236,956) 739	(12,886)	(10,648	
			(3,030)		(12,000)	(10,010	
Profit/(loss) for the year from	年內持續經營的業務	(202,202)			74 400	20.004	
continuing operations Profit/(loss) for the year from	溢利/(虧損) 年內已終止經營的業務	(203,383)	(204,947)	(236,217)	71,130	30,691	
discontinued operations	溢利/(虧損)	-	_	_	5,825	(3,815	
Profit/(loss) for the year	年內溢利/(虧損)	(203,383)	(204,947)	(236,217)	76,955	26,876	
Attributable to:	以下人士應佔:						
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	(207,729)	(197,382)	(230,329)	80,350	26,153	
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	4,346	(7,565)	(5,888)	(3,395)	723	
		(202.202)			76.055		
		(203,383)	(204,947)	(236,217)	76,955	26,876	



# Five Years' Financial Summary 五年財務概要

		As at 31 March 於3月31日					
		2025年	2024年	2023年	2022年	2021年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債						
Total assets	總資產	1,029,081	1,278,285	1,498,220	1,579,053	1,415,441	
Total liabilities	總負債	(411,432)	(457,594)	(472,943)	(488,177)	(399,810)	
		617,649	820,691	1,025,277	1,090,876	1,015,631	
Equity attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人應佔權益						
the Company		609,213	816,601	1,013,610	1,070,742	999,904	
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	8,436	4,090	11,667	20,134	15,727	
		617,649	820,691	1,075,277	1,090,876	1,015,631	

### KINGWISOFT TECHNOLOGY GROUP COMPANY LIMITED 金慧科技集團股份有限公司 2024/2025 ANNUAL REPORT 年報

